TISCO Financial Group Public Company Limited and its subsidiaries
Report and consolidated and separate financial statements
31 December 2024

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Shareholders of TISCO Financial Group Public Company Limited

Opinion

I have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of TISCO Financial Group Public Company Limited and its subsidiaries (the Group), which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2024, and the related consolidated statements of comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including material accounting policy information, and have also audited the separate financial statements of TISCO Financial Group Public Company Limited for the same period (collectively "the financial statements").

In my opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of TISCO Financial Group Public Company Limited and its subsidiaries and of TISCO Financial Group Public Company Limited as at 31 December 2024, their financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Thai Financial Reporting Standards and the Bank of Thailand's regulations.

Basis for Opinion

I conducted my audit in accordance with Thai Standards on Auditing. My responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of my report. I am independent of the Group in accordance with the Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants including Independence Standards issued by the Federation of Accounting Professions (Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants) that are relevant to my audit of the financial statements, and I have fulfilled my other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in my professional judgement, were of most significance in my audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of my audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming my opinion thereon, and I do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

I have fulfilled the responsibilities described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of my report, including in relation to these matters. Accordingly, my audit included the performance of procedures designed to respond to my assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements. The results of my audit procedures, including the procedures performed to address the matters below, provide the basis for my audit opinion on the accompanying financial statements as a whole.

Key audit matters and how audit procedures respond to each matter are described below.

Allowance for expected credit loss on loans to customers

As discussed in Note 3.8 to the financial statements, as at 31 December 2024, the Group had total loans to customers of Baht 234,085 million (accounting for 83% of total assets) and allowance for expected credit loss of Baht 8,486 million, which are material to the financial statements. The method used for calculation of allowance for expected credit loss requires complex calculation modelling, involving the use of significant management judgement and estimates in the model development, the identification of criteria for a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, the probability of default, the loss given default, the exposure at default, the calculation of allowance for expected credit loss, the selection of future economic variables to be incorporated into the model and the management overlay adjustment to the allowance for expected credit loss due to limitations of the model. Because of the materiality and the extent of judgement and estimates as mentioned above, I addressed the adequacy of the allowance for expected credit loss of loans to customers as a key audit matter.

I gained an understanding of, assessed and tested, on a sampling basis, the effectiveness of internal controls relevant to the processes of loan origination, loan collection, and the calculation of allowance for expected credit loss on loans to customers, including evaluating and assessing the governance process over the model development by examining the model development documentation. I assessed the methods and assumptions applied in the calculation of the Group's allowance for expected credit loss. I tested, on a sampling basis, the accuracy and completeness of the data used in model development, and the rules and criteria applied by the Group in the assessment of significant increase in credit risk. I assessed the probability of default, the loss given default, and the exposure at default. Furthermore, I assessed the assumptions of macroeconomic factors and the weighted probabilities of different scenarios, as well as the methods for incorporating the management overlay to address the model limitations. In addition, I compared the Group's accounting policies with financial reporting standards and the regulations of the Bank of Thailand, and evaluated the adequacy of the disclosures.

Moreover, I examined the allowance for expected credit loss by testing, on a sampling basis, the classification of loans to customers based on changes in credit risk since initial recognition, and recalculating, on a sampling basis, the allowance for expected credit loss as at the end of the accounting period, including testing the completeness of data used in the calculation of allowance for expected credit loss.

Recognition of interest income on loans to customers

For the year 2024, the Group recognised interest income on loans to customers amounting to Baht 17,899 million (accounting for 93% of total income), which is considered main income of the Group. The Group recognises interest income using the effective interest rate method, which involves use of management judgement and estimates in the estimation of future cash inflows throughout the expected life of financial instruments, taking into account any discounts or premiums on acquisition, fees and costs that are an integral part of the effective interest rate. In addition, interest income is generated from various types of loans provided to a large number of customers with a high volume of transactions, and each type of loan is subject to different recognition conditions. I therefore focused my audit on whether interest income on loans to customers is recognised according to relevant financial reporting standards.

I gained an understanding of, assessed and tested, on a sampling basis, the effectiveness of internal controls relating to the processes of loan origination, interest income recognition and loan collection, by inquiring of management to gain an understanding, assessing the methods applied by the management in estimating future cash inflows and the expected life of financial instruments in the determination of effective interest rate, as well as testing, on a sampling basis, the accuracy of data and calculation. In addition, I applied a sampling method in selecting loan agreements to test whether the recording of loans as well as the income recognition complies with the conditions stipulated in the contracts and is adjusted in line with the effective interest rate according to the income recognition policy, and in accordance with Thai Financial Reporting Standards and the regulations of the Bank of Thailand. I also performed analytical procedures on interest income and tested, on a sampling basis, significant adjustments made through journal vouchers.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in annual report of the Group, but does not include the financial statements and my auditor's report thereon. The annual report of the Group is expected to be made available to me after the date of this auditor's report.

My opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and I do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with my audit of the financial statements, my responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or my knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

When I read the annual report of the Group, if I conclude that there is a material misstatement therein, I am required to communicate the matter to those charged with governance for correction of the misstatement.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Thai Financial Reporting Standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

My objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Thai Standards on Auditing will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Thai Standards on Auditing, I exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. I also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether
 due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and
 obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion.
 The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for
 one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions,
 misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of
 expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.

- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If I conclude that a material uncertainty exists, I am required to draw attention in my auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify my opinion. My conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of my auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the
 entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated
 financial statements. I am responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of
 the group audit. I remain solely responsible for my audit opinion.

I communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that I identify during my audit.

I also provide those charged with governance with a statement that I have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on my independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.



From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, I determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. I describe these matters in my auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, I determine that a matter should not be communicated in my report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

I am responsible for the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report.

Saranya Pludsri

Jaranya Adni

Certified Public Accountant (Thailand) No. 6768

EY Office Limited

Bangkok: 25 February 2025

TISCO Financial Group Public Company Limited and its subsidiaries Statement of financial position

As at 31 December 2024

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

		Consol	idated	Separate		
		financial st	tatements	financial statements		
	Note	2024	2023	2024	2023	
Assets						
Cash		909,670	918,261	70	70	
Interbank and money market items - net	3.3, 3.10	39,774,474	48,489,698	39,567	564,182	
Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss	3.4	2,559,440	2,081,768	779,698	547,174	
Derivatives assets	3.5	55,782	-	-	-	
Investments - net	3.6, 3.10	4,495,376	3,313,593	188,183	220,282	
Investments in subsidiaries and joint venture - net	3.7	913,823	891,492	20,069,381	20,069,314	
Loans to customers and accrued interest receivables	3.8, 3.10					
Loans to customers		244,307,746	247,384,985	5,960,000	4,960,000	
Accrued interest receivables and undue interest income		1,884,552	1,928,548	-	-	
Total loans to customers and accrued interest receivables		246,192,298	249,313,533	5,960,000	4,960,000	
Less: Deferred revenue		(12,107,738)	(12,569,801)	-	-	
Less: Allowance for expected credit loss	3.9	(8,486,346)	(9,915,969)	(7,748)	(6,448)	
Total loans to customers and accrued interest receivables - ne	et	225,598,214	226,827,763	5,952,252	4,953,552	
Properties foreclosed - net	3.11	16,992	25,823	-	-	
Investment properties	3.12	22,924	23,576	979,626	933,908	
Premises and equipment - net	3.13	3,144,255	3,178,878	775,528	871,700	
Right-of-use assets - net	3.14	1,068,179	1,069,591	11,867	608	
Intangible assets - net	3.15	62,191	79,113	35,471	44,666	
Deferred tax assets	3.31	852,050	868,619	93,997	144,954	
Securities and derivatives business receivables - net		448,153	496,785	-	-	
Dividend receivables from subsidiaries	3.33	-	-	3,768,183	4,244,763	
Other assets	3.16	1,955,418	2,459,293	252,287	278,750	
Total assets	•	281,876,941	290,724,253	32,946,110	32,873,923	
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TISCO Financial Group Public Company Limited and its subsidiaries

Statement of financial position (continued)

As at 31 December 2024

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

		Consol	idated	Separate financial statements		
		financial st	atements			
	Note	2024	2023	2024	2023	
Liabilities and equity						
Liabilities						
Deposits	3.17	206,536,868	208,644,672	-	-	
Interbank and money market items	3.18	10,664,818	8,506,337	4,240,000	-	
Liabilities payable on demand		239,179	237,434	-	-	
Derivatives liabilities	3.5	-	28,690	-	-	
Debts issued and borrowings	3.19	8,076,122	17,286,122	5,300,000	9,410,000	
Lease liabilities	3.20	1,012,244	1,009,370	12,018	614	
Provisions	3.21	2,360,670	1,987,155	337,478	305,596	
Securities and derivatives business payables - net		233,356	913,204	-	-	
Accrued interest payable		1,744,326	1,405,306	13,623	40,154	
Income tax payable		584,541	764,094	1,559	-	
Other liabilities	3.22	7,379,891	7,493,887	1,143,637	1,283,672	
Total liabilities		238,832,015	248,276,271	11,048,315	11,040,036	

TISCO Financial Group Public Company Limited and its subsidiaries

Statement of financial position (continued)

As at 31 December 2024

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

				Separate		
		financial st	atements	financial statements		
	Note	2024	2023	2024	2023	
Equity						
Share capital						
Registered						
33,858 preference shares of Baht 10 each		339	339	339	339	
800,669,437 ordinary shares of Baht 10 each		8,006,694	8,006,694	8,006,694	8,006,694	
		8,007,033	8,007,033	8,007,033	8,007,033	
Issued and paid-up						
9,859 preference shares of Baht 10 each		99	99	99	99	
800,645,624 ordinary shares of Baht 10 each	8,006,456 8,006,456		8,006,456	8,006,456		
		8,006,555	8,006,555	8,006,555	8,006,555	
Share premium						
Share premium on preference shares		-	-	87	87	
Share premium on ordinary shares		1,018,408	1,018,408	7,031,436	7,031,436	
		1,018,408	1,018,408	7,031,523	7,031,523	
Other components of equity	3.24	2,025,171	2,020,769	378,270	400,783	
Retained earnings						
Appropriated - statutory reserve		801,000	801,000	801,000	801,000	
Unappropriated		31,190,811	30,598,138	5,680,447	5,594,026	
Equity attributable to equity holders of the Company		43,041,945	42,444,870	21,897,795	21,833,887	
Non-controlling interest of the subsidiaries		2,981	3,112	-	-	
Total equity		43,044,926	42,447,982	21,897,795	21,833,887	
Total liabilities and equity		281,876,941	290,724,253	32,946,110	32,873,923	
		-	-	<u> </u>	-	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

(Group Chief Executive)

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TISCO Financial Group Public Company Limited and its subsidiaries Statement of comprehensive income

For the year ended 31 December 2024

(Unit: Thousand Baht, except earnings per share expressed in Baht)

Profit or loss: Inama (2) 2024 2020 2024 2020 2024 2020 2024 2020 2024 2020 2024 2020			Consolid	dated	Separate financial statements		
Profit or loss: Interest income 3.25 19,013,590 17,781,166 185,205 134,104 Interest income 3.26 (6,443,734) (4,208,394) (206,909) (160,087) Net interest income 13,569,856 13,572,772 (21,704) (25,983) Fee and service income 5,408,741 5,310,857 - - Fee and service income 327 4,971,453 (443,708) (15,970) (19,317) Net fee and service income 328 314,346 (29,164) 125,572 (40,759) Net gain (loss) on financial instruments measured at fair value through profit or loss 3.28 314,346 (29,164) 125,572 (40,759) Net gain on investments 3.29 2,922 5,357 - - - Share of profit from investments accounted for underquity method 3.7 33,830 28,894 - - - - 6,63,090 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - <th></th> <th></th> <th>financial sta</th> <th>tements</th>			financial sta	tements			
Interest income 3.25 19.013,590 17,781,166 185,205 134,104 Interest expenses 3.26 (5,443,734) (4,208,394) (200,909) (160,087) Net interest income 13,569,856 13,572,772 (21,704) (25,983) Fee and service income 5,408,741 5,310,857 5 5 Fee and service expenses 4,937,453 4,807,487 (15,970) (19,317) Net fee and service income 3.27 4,937,453 4,867,487 (15,970) (19,317) Net gain (loss) on financial instruments measured at a fair value through profit or loss 3.28 314,346 (29,164) 125,572 (40,759) Net gain on investments 3.29 2,922 5,357 5 (40,759) Net gain on investments accounted for 3.72 33,830 28,894 5 6,163,009 Penalty fee income from loans 3.73 399,849 89,875 5,612,827 6,163,009 Penalty fee income from loans 3.38 318,246 319,248 319,24		Note	2024	2023	2024	2023	
Net interest income	Profit or loss:						
Net interest income 13,669,856 13,572,772 (21,704) (25,983) Fee and service income 5,408,741 5,310,857 - - Fee and service income 327 4,971,453 4,867,487 (15,970) (19,317) Net fee and service income 327 4,971,453 4,867,487 (15,970) (19,317) Net gain (loss) on financial instruments measured at fair value through profit or loss 3.28 314,346 (29,164) 125,572 (40,759) Net gain on investments 3.29 2,922 5,357 - - - Share of profit from investments accounted for under equity method 3.72 33,830 28,894 - - - Dividend income 3.7 99,849 89,875 5,612,827 6,163,009 Penalty fee income from loans 138,806 135,414 - - - Intercompany supporting fee income 3.33 - 8,9875 5,612,827 6,163,009 Total operating income 95,361 119,288 85,689 104,764 </td <td>Interest income</td> <td>3.25</td> <td>19,013,590</td> <td>17,781,166</td> <td>185,205</td> <td>134,104</td>	Interest income	3.25	19,013,590	17,781,166	185,205	134,104	
Fee and service income 5,408,741 5,310,857 - - Fee and service expenses (437,288) (443,370) (15,970) (19,317) Net fee and service income 3,27 4,971,453 4,867,487 (15,970) (19,317) Net gain (loss) on financial instruments measured at fair value through profit or loss 3,28 314,346 (29,164) 125,572 (40,759) Net gain on investments 3,28 314,346 (29,164) 125,572 (40,759) Share of profit from investments accounted for under equity method 3,72 33,830 28,894 - - - - Dividen income 3,7 99,849 89,875 5,612,827 6,163,009 -	Interest expenses	3.26	(5,443,734)	(4,208,394)	(206,909)	(160,087)	
Fee and service expenses (437,288) (443,370) (15,970) (19,317) Net fee and service income 3.27 4,971,453 4,867,487 (15,970) (19,317) Net gain (loss) on financial instruments measured at fair value through profit or loss 3.28 314,346 (29,164) 125,572 (40,759) Net gain on investments 3.29 2,922 5,357 Share of profit from investments accounted for under equity method 3.72 33,830 28,894	Net interest income	•	13,569,856	13,572,772	(21,704)	(25,983)	
Net fee and service income 3.27 4.971,453 4.867,487 (15,970) (19,317) Net gain (loss) on financial instruments measured at fair value through profit or loss 3.28 314,346 (29,164) 125,572 (40,759) Net gain on investments 3.29 2,922 5,357 - - Share of profit from investments accounted for under equity method 3.7 33,830 28,894 - - Dividend income 3.7 99,849 89,875 5,612,827 6,163,009 Penalty fee income from loans 138,806 135,414 - - - Intercompany supporting fee income 3.33 - - 2,448,047 2,361,821 Other operating income 95,361 119,288 85,689 104,764 Total operating expenses 6,209,683 6,383,588 869,460 820,517 Directors' remuneration 2,8664 24,934 28,664 24,934 Premises and equipment expenses 1,623,109 1,598,411 848,730 819,473 Taxes and duties	Fee and service income	•	5,408,741	5,310,857	-	-	
Net gain (loss) on financial instruments measured at fair value through profit or loss 3.28 314,346 (29,164) 125,572 (40,759) Net gain on investments 3.29 2,922 5,357 - - Share of profit from investments accounted for under equity method 3.72 33,830 28,894 - - Dividend income 3.7 99,849 89,875 5,612,827 6,163,009 Penalty fee income from loans 138,806 135,414 - - - Intercompany supporting fee income 3.33 - - 2,448,047 2,361,821 Other operating income 95,361 119,288 85,689 104,764 Total operating income 19,226,423 18,789,923 8,234,461 8,543,535 Employee expenses 6,209,683 6,383,588 869,460 820,517 Directors' remuneration 28,664 24,934 28,664 24,934 Premises and equipment expenses 1,623,109 1,598,411 848,730 819,473 Taxes and duties 995,877	Fee and service expenses		(437,288)	(443,370)	(15,970)	(19,317)	
fair value through profit or loss 3.28 314,346 (29,164) 125,572 (40,759) Net gain on investments 3.29 2,922 5,357 - - Share of profit from investments accounted for under equity method 3.72 33,830 28,894 - - Dividend income 3.7 99,849 89,875 5,612,827 6,163,009 Penalty fee income from loans 138,806 135,414 - - - Intercompany supporting fee income 3.33 95,361 119,288 85,689 104,764 Other operating income 95,361 119,288 85,689 104,764 Total operating income 19,226,423 18,789,923 8,234,461 8,543,535 Operating expenses 6,209,683 6,383,588 869,460 820,517 Directors' remuneration 28,664 24,934 28,664 24,934 Premises and equipment expenses 1,623,109 1,598,411 848,730 819,473 Taxes and duties 995,870 980,982 60,804	Net fee and service income	3.27	4,971,453	4,867,487	(15,970)	(19,317)	
Net gain on investments 3.29 2,922 5,357 - - Share of profit from investments accounted for under equity method 3.72 33,830 28,894 - - Dividend income 3.7 99,849 89,875 5,612,827 6,163,009 Penalty fee income from loans 138,806 135,414 - - Intercompany supporting fee income 3.33 - - 2,448,047 2,361,821 Other operating income 95,361 119,288 85,689 104,764 Total operating income 19,226,423 18,789,923 8,234,461 8,543,535 Operating expenses 6,209,683 6,383,588 869,460 820,517 Directors' remuneration 28,664 24,934 28,664 24,934 Premises and equipment expenses 1,623,109 1,598,411 848,730 819,473 Taxes and duties 995,870 980,982 60,804 53,472 Other operating expenses 9,255,542 9,340,444 1,810,102 1,722,912 <td< td=""><td>Net gain (loss) on financial instruments measured at</td><td></td><td>_</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>	Net gain (loss) on financial instruments measured at		_				
Share of profit from investments accounted for under equity method 3.7.2 33,830 28,894 - - Dividend income 3.7 99,849 89,875 5,612,827 6,163,009 Penalty fee income from loans 138,806 135,414 - - - Intercompany supporting fee income 3.33 - - 2,448,047 2,361,821 Other operating income 95,361 119,288 85,689 104,764 Total operating income 19,226,423 18,789,923 8,234,461 8,543,535 Operating expenses 6,209,683 6,383,588 869,460 820,517 Directors' remuneration 28,664 24,934 28,664 24,934 Premises and equipment expenses 1,623,109 1,598,411 848,730 819,473 Taxes and duties 398,216 352,529 2,444 4,516 Other operating expenses 995,870 980,982 60,804 53,472 Total operating expenses 9,255,542 9,340,444 1,810,102 1,722,912	fair value through profit or loss	3.28	314,346	(29,164)	125,572	(40,759)	
under equity method 3.7.2 33,830 28,894 - - Dividend income 3.7 99,849 89,875 5,612,827 6,163,009 Penalty fee income from loans 138,806 135,414 - - - Intercompany supporting fee income 3.33 - - - 2,448,047 2,361,821 Other operating income 95,361 119,288 85,689 104,764 Total operating income 19,226,423 18,789,923 8,234,461 8,543,535 Operating expenses 6,209,683 6,383,588 869,460 820,517 Directors' remuneration 28,664 24,934 28,664 24,934 Premises and equipment expenses 1,623,109 1,598,411 848,730 819,473 Taxes and duties 398,216 352,529 2,444 4,516 Other operating expenses 995,870 980,982 60,804 53,472 Total operating expenses 9,255,542 9,340,444 1,810,102 1,722,912 Expected credit	Net gain on investments	3.29	2,922	5,357	-	-	
Dividend income 3.7 99,849 89,875 5,612,827 6,163,009 Penalty fee income from loans 138,806 135,414 - - Intercompany supporting fee income 3.33 - - 2,448,047 2,361,821 Other operating income 95,361 119,288 85,689 104,764 Total operating income 19,226,423 18,789,923 8,234,461 8,543,535 Operating expenses 8 6,209,683 6,383,588 869,460 820,517 Directors' remuneration 28,664 24,934 28,664 24,934 Premises and equipment expenses 1,623,109 1,598,411 848,730 819,473 Taxes and duties 398,216 352,529 2,444 4,516 Other operating expenses 995,870 980,982 60,804 53,472 Total operating expenses 9,255,542 9,340,444 1,810,102 1,722,912 Expected credit loss (reversal) 3.30 1,375,507 359,482 (59,442) 4,136 Profit fr	Share of profit from investments accounted for						
Penalty fee income from loans 138,806 135,414 -	under equity method	3.7.2	33,830	28,894	-	-	
Intercompany supporting fee income 3.33 - - 2,448,047 2,361,821 Other operating income 95,361 119,288 85,689 104,764 Total operating income 19,226,423 18,789,923 8,234,461 8,543,535 Operating expenses 85,299,683 6,383,588 869,460 820,517 Directors' remuneration 28,664 24,934 28,664 24,934 Premises and equipment expenses 1,623,109 1,598,411 848,730 819,473 Taxes and duties 398,216 352,529 2,444 4,516 Other operating expenses 995,870 980,982 60,804 53,472 Total operating expenses 9,255,542 9,340,444 1,810,102 1,722,912 Expected credit loss (reversal) 3.30 1,375,507 359,482 (59,442) 4,136 Profit from operations before income tax expenses 8,595,374 9,089,997 6,483,801 6,816,487 Income tax expenses 3.31 1,693,676 1,788,395 177,262 132,343 <	Dividend income	3.7	99,849	89,875	5,612,827	6,163,009	
Other operating income 95,361 119,288 85,689 104,764 Total operating income 19,226,423 18,789,923 8,234,461 8,543,535 Operating expenses 85,209,683 6,383,588 869,460 820,517 Directors' remuneration 28,664 24,934 28,664 24,934 Premises and equipment expenses 1,623,109 1,598,411 848,730 819,473 Taxes and duties 398,216 352,529 2,444 4,516 Other operating expenses 995,870 980,982 60,804 53,472 Total operating expenses 9,255,542 9,340,444 1,810,102 1,722,912 Expected credit loss (reversal) 3.30 1,375,507 359,482 (59,442) 4,136 Profit from operations before income tax expenses 8,595,374 9,089,997 6,483,801 6,816,487 Income tax expenses 3.31 1,693,676 1,788,395 177,262 132,343	Penalty fee income from loans		138,806	135,414	-	-	
Total operating income 19,226,423 18,789,923 8,234,461 8,543,535 Operating expenses Employee expenses 6,209,683 6,383,588 869,460 820,517 Directors' remuneration 28,664 24,934 28,664 24,934 Premises and equipment expenses 1,623,109 1,598,411 848,730 819,473 Taxes and duties 398,216 352,529 2,444 4,516 Other operating expenses 995,870 980,982 60,804 53,472 Total operating expenses 9,255,542 9,340,444 1,810,102 1,722,912 Expected credit loss (reversal) 3.30 1,375,507 359,482 (59,442) 4,136 Profit from operations before income tax expenses 8,595,374 9,089,997 6,483,801 6,816,487 Income tax expenses 3.31 1,693,676 1,788,395 177,262 132,343	Intercompany supporting fee income	3.33	-	-	2,448,047	2,361,821	
Operating expenses Employee expenses 6,209,683 6,383,588 869,460 820,517 Directors' remuneration 28,664 24,934 28,664 24,934 Premises and equipment expenses 1,623,109 1,598,411 848,730 819,473 Taxes and duties 398,216 352,529 2,444 4,516 Other operating expenses 995,870 980,982 60,804 53,472 Total operating expenses 9,255,542 9,340,444 1,810,102 1,722,912 Expected credit loss (reversal) 3.30 1,375,507 359,482 (59,442) 4,136 Profit from operations before income tax expenses 8,595,374 9,089,997 6,483,801 6,816,487 Income tax expenses 3.31 1,693,676 1,788,395 177,262 132,343	Other operating income		95,361	119,288	85,689	104,764	
Employee expenses 6,209,683 6,383,588 869,460 820,517 Directors' remuneration 28,664 24,934 28,664 24,934 Premises and equipment expenses 1,623,109 1,598,411 848,730 819,473 Taxes and duties 398,216 352,529 2,444 4,516 Other operating expenses 995,870 980,982 60,804 53,472 Total operating expenses 9,255,542 9,340,444 1,810,102 1,722,912 Expected credit loss (reversal) 3.30 1,375,507 359,482 (59,442) 4,136 Profit from operations before income tax expenses 8,595,374 9,089,997 6,483,801 6,816,487 Income tax expenses 3.31 1,693,676 1,788,395 177,262 132,343	Total operating income		19,226,423	18,789,923	8,234,461	8,543,535	
Directors' remuneration 28,664 24,934 28,664 24,934 Premises and equipment expenses 1,623,109 1,598,411 848,730 819,473 Taxes and duties 398,216 352,529 2,444 4,516 Other operating expenses 995,870 980,982 60,804 53,472 Total operating expenses 9,255,542 9,340,444 1,810,102 1,722,912 Expected credit loss (reversal) 3.30 1,375,507 359,482 (59,442) 4,136 Profit from operations before income tax expenses 8,595,374 9,089,997 6,483,801 6,816,487 Income tax expenses 3.31 1,693,676 1,788,395 177,262 132,343	Operating expenses		_				
Premises and equipment expenses 1,623,109 1,598,411 848,730 819,473 Taxes and duties 398,216 352,529 2,444 4,516 Other operating expenses 995,870 980,982 60,804 53,472 Total operating expenses 9,255,542 9,340,444 1,810,102 1,722,912 Expected credit loss (reversal) 3.30 1,375,507 359,482 (59,442) 4,136 Profit from operations before income tax expenses 8,595,374 9,089,997 6,483,801 6,816,487 Income tax expenses 3.31 1,693,676 1,788,395 177,262 132,343	Employee expenses		6,209,683	6,383,588	869,460	820,517	
Taxes and duties 398,216 352,529 2,444 4,516 Other operating expenses 995,870 980,982 60,804 53,472 Total operating expenses 9,255,542 9,340,444 1,810,102 1,722,912 Expected credit loss (reversal) 3.30 1,375,507 359,482 (59,442) 4,136 Profit from operations before income tax expenses 8,595,374 9,089,997 6,483,801 6,816,487 Income tax expenses 3.31 1,693,676 1,788,395 177,262 132,343	Directors' remuneration		28,664	24,934	28,664	24,934	
Other operating expenses 995,870 980,982 60,804 53,472 Total operating expenses 9,255,542 9,340,444 1,810,102 1,722,912 Expected credit loss (reversal) 3.30 1,375,507 359,482 (59,442) 4,136 Profit from operations before income tax expenses 8,595,374 9,089,997 6,483,801 6,816,487 Income tax expenses 3.31 1,693,676 1,788,395 177,262 132,343	Premises and equipment expenses		1,623,109	1,598,411	848,730	819,473	
Total operating expenses 9,255,542 9,340,444 1,810,102 1,722,912 Expected credit loss (reversal) 3.30 1,375,507 359,482 (59,442) 4,136 Profit from operations before income tax expenses 8,595,374 9,089,997 6,483,801 6,816,487 Income tax expenses 3.31 1,693,676 1,788,395 177,262 132,343	Taxes and duties		398,216	352,529	2,444	4,516	
Expected credit loss (reversal) 3.30 1,375,507 359,482 (59,442) 4,136 Profit from operations before income tax expenses 8,595,374 9,089,997 6,483,801 6,816,487 Income tax expenses 3.31 1,693,676 1,788,395 177,262 132,343	Other operating expenses		995,870	980,982	60,804	53,472	
Profit from operations before income tax expenses 8,595,374 9,089,997 6,483,801 6,816,487 Income tax expenses 3.31 1,693,676 1,788,395 177,262 132,343	Total operating expenses		9,255,542	9,340,444	1,810,102	1,722,912	
Income tax expenses 3.31 1,693,676 1,788,395 177,262 132,343	Expected credit loss (reversal)	3.30	1,375,507	359,482	(59,442)	4,136	
	Profit from operations before income tax expenses	•	8,595,374	9,089,997	6,483,801	6,816,487	
Profit for the year 6,901,698 7,301,602 6,306,539 6,684,144	Income tax expenses	3.31	1,693,676	1,788,395	177,262	132,343	
	Profit for the year		6,901,698	7,301,602	6,306,539	6,684,144	

TISCO Financial Group Public Company Limited and its subsidiaries Statement of comprehensive income (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2024

(Unit: Thousand Baht, except earnings per share expressed in Baht)

		Consolid	ated	Separate financial statements		
		financial stat	tements			
	Note	2024	2023	2024	2023	
Other comprehensive income:					_	
Other comprehensive income to be reclassified						
to profit or loss in subsequent periods						
Gain on valuation of investments in debt instruments						
measured at fair value through other comprehensive income	3.24	17,801	18,160	6,087	18,011	
Share of other comprehensive income of joint venture -						
Cash flow hedges of joint venture (loss)	3.7.2	(2,280)	(990)	-	-	
Income tax effects	3.31	(3,560)	(3,632)	(1,218)	(3,602)	
Other comprehensive income to be reclassified	_					
to profit or loss in subsequent periods - net of income tax	_	11,961	13,538	4,869	14,409	
Other comprehensive income not to be reclassified	_				_	
to profit or loss in subsequent periods						
Changes in surplus on revaluation of assets	3.24	(146)	224,732	(31,903)	100,346	
Actuarial loss	3.21	(143,523)	(39,172)	(24,209)	(1,389)	
Income tax effects	3.31	28,720	(37,349)	11,222	(19,791)	
Other comprehensive income not to be reclassified	_				_	
to profit or loss in subsequent periods - net of income tax (loss)	-	(114,949)	148,211	(44,890)	79,166	
Other comprehensive income for the year (loss)	-	(102,988)	161,749	(40,021)	93,575	
Total other comprehensive income for the year	=	6,798,710	7,463,351	6,266,518	6,777,719	
Profits attributable to						
Equity holders of the Company	3.32	6,901,275	7,301,113	6,306,539	6,684,144	
Non-controlling interests of the subsidiaries	_	423	489			
	=	6,901,698	7,301,602			
Total comprehensive income attributable to						
Equity holders of the Company		6,798,287	7,462,862	6,266,518	6,777,719	
Non-controlling interests of the subsidiaries		423	489		<u></u>	
	=	6,798,710	7,463,351			
Earnings per share of equity holders of the Company						
Basic earnings per share (Baht per share)	3.32	8.62	9.12	7.88	8.35	

TISCO Financial Group Public Company Limited and its subsidiaries Statement of cash flows

For the year ended 31 December 2024

Consolidated Separate financial statements financial statements 2024 2023 2024 2023 Cash flows from operating activities Profit from operations before income tax 8,595,374 9,089,997 6,483,801 6,816,487 Adjustments to reconcile profit from operations before income tax to net cash provided by (paid from) operating activities Depreciation and amortisation 605,442 568,445 84,323 89,377 (59,442)Expected credit loss (reversal) 3,380,454 2,074,351 4,136 Other provisions 1,755 40,698 Share of profit from investments accounted for under equity method (33,830)(28,894)Reversal of allowance for impairment of properties foreclosed (36)(108)(632)11,077 12,216 (Gain) loss on disposal of investments in securities Unrealised (gain) loss on foreign exchange transactions and trading derivatives 433 (52,620)219,485 7,514 (Gain) loss on financial instruments measured at fair value (365,845)through profit or loss (33,373)(126,216)21,171 Gain on disposal of properties foreclosed (16,750)(24,248)(146)836 (4,708)(Gain) loss on changes in fair value of investment properties (24,717)(Gain) loss on disposal/write-off of equipment, vehicles and intangible assets 259 (2,625)(136)(2,494)284,059 23,286 Employee benefit expenses 239,841 29,865 (Increase) decrease in accrued income 22,569 (8,377)18,988 (40,928)Increase (decrease) in accrued expenses (326,274)351,599 (133,091)(155,167)25,983 Net interest income (13,569,856)(13,572,772) 21,704 Dividend income (99,849)(89,875)(5,612,827)(6,163,009)Cash received on interest income 18,954,070 17,374,616 185,225 131,106 Cash paid on interest expenses (4,085,158)(2,369,951)(233,110)(134,452)Cash received on dividend income 99,849 89,875 6,089,407 7,205,245 Cash received on income tax 2,472 (1,827,165)(1,950,711)(114,274)(73,912)Cash paid on income tax Profit from operating activities before changes in operating assets and liabilities 11,537,196 12,010,832 6,629,942 7,741,842 Operating assets (increase) decrease Interbank and money market items 8,707,827 (537,198)(8,198,910)524,862 Loans to customers (2,276,005)(19,807,171) (1,000,000)(670,000)Securities and derivatives business receivables 48,632 114,599 Receivables from clearing house 412,047 228,611 Properties foreclosed 8,867 (19,165)Other assets 104,588 255,417 -603 12,484

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

TISCO Financial Group Public Company Limited and its subsidiaries Statement of cash flows (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2024

(Unit: Thousand Baht) Consolidated Separate financial statements financial statements 2023 2024 2023 2024 Operating liabilities increase (decrease) Deposits (2,107,804)20,378,863 Interbank and money market items 2,158,481 2,310,878 4,240,000 (550,000)Liabilities payable on demand 1,745 (19,274)Securities and derivatives business payables (679,848)(333,355)Short-term debts issued and borrowings (4,010,000)1,529,203 (4,110,000)1,530,000 213,005 Payables to clearing house (16)Provision for long-term employee benefits (92,689)(60,042)(22,194)(7,014)Other liabilities (826,462)(725,010)(6,947)(79)Net cash flows from operating activities 13,199,580 7,665,460 6,255,060 7,520,035 Cash flows from investing activities Cash paid for purchase of investments in securities (13,709,855)(11,116,711) 12,492,792 366,919 Cash received from disposal of investments in securities 11,920,377 Cash paid for purchase of building improvements, equipment and vehicles (207,260)(390,520)(42,315)(79,656)Cash paid for purchase of intangible assets (7,871)(3,618)(10,615)(13,689)Cash received from disposal of building improvements, equipment and vehicles 733 4,455 136 2,950 (68)(70)Cash paid for acquisition of investments in subsidiaries 403,912 Net cash flows from (used in) investing activities (1,434,205)(50,118)286,525 Cash flows from financing activities Cash paid for redemption of long-term debentures (5,200,000)(293)Cash paid on lease liabilities (370,893)(349,910)(1,869)Dividend paid (6,203,073)(7,806,267)(7,806,267)(6,203,073)Net cash flows used in financing activities (11,773,966)(8,156,177)(6,204,942)(7,806,560)Net decrease in cash (8,591)(86,805)Cash at beginning of the year 918,261 1,005,066 70 70 70 Cash at end of the year 909,670 918,261 70 Supplemental cash flows information Non-cash transactions Right-of-use assets 339,472 629,482 12,943 566

1,086,454

1,155,254

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

Transfer-in of properties foreclosed in settlement of loans to customers

TISCO Financial Group Public Company Limited and its subsidiaries Statement of changes in equity

For the year ended 31 December 2024

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

						Consolidated fina	ancial statements						
	Equity attributable to equity holders of the Company												
	Other components of equity												
				Surplus on			Adjustment from						
				changes in value			business						
				of investments			combination					Equity	
				measured at		Share of other	of entities under				Total equity	attributable	
				fair value through	Surplus on	comprehensive	common control				attributable to	to non-controlling	
	Issued an	nd paid-up	Share premium on	other comprehensive	revaluation	income of	under holding		Retained	d earnings	equity holders of	interests of	
	Preference shares	Ordinary shares	ordinary shares	income	of assets	joint venture (loss)	restructuring plan	Total	Appropriated	Unappropriated	the Company	the subsidiaries	Total
Balance as at 1 January 2023	99	8,006,456	1,018,408	1,071	1,149,837	833	679,266	1,831,007	801,000	31,130,416	42,787,386	3,237	42,790,623
Dividend paid (Note 4)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(7,806,267)	(7,806,267)	-	(7,806,267)
Profit for the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7,301,113	7,301,113	489	7,301,602
Other comprehensive income for the year (loss)	-	-	-	14,528	179,785	(990)	-	193,323	-	(31,574)	161,749	-	161,749
Total comprehensive income for the year (loss)	-	-	-	14,528	179,785	(990)	-	193,323	-	7,269,539	7,462,862	489	7,463,351
Transfer surplus on revaluation of assets													
to retained earnings	-	-	-	-	(3,561)	-	-	(3,561)	-	4,450	889	-	889
Decrease in non-controlling interests of the subsidiaries					-		<u> </u>	-				(614)	(614)
Balance as at 31 December 2023	99	8,006,456	1,018,408	15,599	1,326,061	(157)	679,266	2,020,769	801,000	30,598,138	42,444,870	3,112	42,447,982
Balance as at 1 January 2024	99	8,006,456	1,018,408	15,599	1,326,061	(157)	679,266	2,020,769	801,000	30,598,138	42,444,870	3,112	42,447,982
Dividend paid (Note 4)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(6,203,073)	(6,203,073)	-	(6,203,073)
Profit for the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6,901,275	6,901,275	423	6,901,698
Other comprehensive income for the year (loss)	-	-	-	14,241	(117)	(2,280)	-	11,844	-	(114,832)	(102,988)	-	(102,988)
Total comprehensive income for the year (loss)	-	-	-	14,241	(117)	(2,280)	-	11,844	-	6,786,443	6,798,287	423	6,798,710
Transfer surplus on revaluation of assets													
to retained earnings	-	-	-	-	(7,442)	-	-	(7,442)	-	9,303	1,861	-	1,861
Decrease in non-controlling interests of the subsidiaries		-		<u>-</u>	-			-				(554)	(554)
Balance as at 31 December 2024	99	8,006,456	1,018,408	29,840	1,318,502	(2,437)	679,266	2,025,171	801,000	31,190,811	43,041,945	2,981	43,044,926

TISCO Financial Group Public Company Limited and its subsidiaries Statement of changes in equity (continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2024

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

Separate financial statements Other components of equity Surplus on changes in value of investments Share premium Issued and paid-up measured at Surplus on Preference Ordinary Preference Ordinary fair value through other Retained earnings revaluation of shares shares shares shares comprehensive income assets Total Appropriated Unappropriated Total 801,000 Balance as at 1 January 2023 99 8,006,456 87 7,031,436 2,457 304,313 306,770 6,716,419 22,862,267 Dividend paid (Note 4) (7,806,267)(7,806,267)Profit for the year 6,684,144 6,684,144 Other comprehensive income for the year (loss) 14,409 80,276 94,685 (1,110)93,575 14,409 80,276 94,685 6,683,034 6,777,719 Total comprehensive income for the year Transfer surplus on revaluation of assets to retained earnings (672)(672)840 99 87 Balance as at 31 December 2023 8,006,456 7,031,436 16,866 383,917 400,783 801,000 5,594,026 21,833,887 99 87 Balance as at 1 January 2024 8,006,456 7,031,436 16,866 383,917 400,783 801,000 5,594,026 21,833,887 Dividend paid (Note 4) (6,203,073)(6,203,073)Profit for the year 6,306,539 6,306,539 (25,523)Other comprehensive income for the year (loss) 4,869 (20,654)(19,367)(40,021)(25,523)6,287,172 6,266,518 Total comprehensive income for the year (loss) 4,869 (20,654)Transfer surplus on revaluation of assets to retained earnings (1,859)(1,859)2,322 463 87 99 8,006,456 7,031,436 21,735 356,535 5,680,447 21,897,795 Balance as at 31 December 2024 378,270 801,000

TISCO Financial Group Public Company Limited and its subsidiaries

Notes to financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2024

1. Basis for preparation and presentation of financial statements and accounting policies

1.1 Basis for preparation of financial statements

The financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2024 have been prepared in accordance with Thai Financial Reporting Standards enunciated under the Accounting Profession Act B.E. 2547, and with reference to the regulations stipulated by the Bank of Thailand ("BOT"). The presentation of the financial statements has been made in compliance with the BOT's Notification No. Sor Nor Sor. 21/2561 regarding "Preparation and Announcement of Financial Statements of Commercial Banks and Parent Companies of Financial Holding Groups", dated 31 October 2018.

The financial statements in Thai language are the official statutory financial statements of the Company. The financial statements in English language have been translated from the Thai language financial statements.

The financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis except where otherwise disclosed in the accounting policies.

1.2 Basis of consolidation

- a) The consolidated financial statements of TISCO Group include the financial statements of TISCO Financial Group Public Company Limited ("the Company") and its subsidiary companies ("the subsidiaries") (collectively as "the Group") as mentioned in Note 3.1 to the financial statements.
- b) The Company is deemed to have control over an investee or subsidiaries if it has rights, or is exposed, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee, and it has the ability to direct the activities that affect the amount of its returns.
- c) Subsidiaries are fully consolidated, from the date on which the Company obtains control, and continue to be consolidated until the date when such control ceases.
- d) The financial statements of the subsidiaries are prepared for the same reporting period and using the same significant accounting policies as the Company.
- e) Material balances and transactions between the Group have been eliminated from the consolidated financial statements.

f) Non-controlling interests represent the portion of profit or loss and net assets of the subsidiaries that are not held by the Company and are presented separately in the consolidated profit or loss and within equity in the consolidated statement of financial position.

1.3 Separate financial statements

The separate financial statements present investments in subsidiaries and joint venture under the cost method.

1.4 New financial reporting standards

1.4.1 Financial reporting standards that became effective in the current year

During the year 2024, the Group has adopted the revised financial reporting standards which are effective for fiscal years beginning on or after 1 January 2024. These financial reporting standards were aimed at alignment with the corresponding International Financial Reporting Standards with most of the changes directed towards clarifying accounting treatment and providing accounting guidance for users of the standards.

The adoption of these financial reporting standards does not have any significant impact on the Group's financial statements.

1.4.2 Financial reporting standards that will become effective for fiscal years beginning on or after 1 January 2025

The Federation of Accounting Professions issued a number of revised financial reporting standards, which are effective for fiscal years beginning on or after 1 January 2025. These financial reporting standards were aimed at alignment with the corresponding International Financial Reporting Standards with most of the changes directed towards clarifying accounting treatment and providing accounting guidance for users of the standards.

The management of the Group believes that the adoption of these amendments will not have any significant impact on the Group's financial statements.

1.5 Accounting policies

1.5.1 Revenue and expenses recognition

a) Interest income and discounts on loans

The Group recognises interest on loans on an accrual basis, using the effective interest rate method, applied to the outstanding principal amount. The effective interest rate is the discount rate that estimates future cash flows over the expected life of the financial instrument to the net carrying amount of the financial asset. The effective interest rate is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition, fees and costs that are an integral part of the effective interest rate.

For hire purchase receivables, fee income, commissions and direct expenses incurred at the initiation of hire purchase are recognised over time using the effective interest rate method, and are presented as deductions from interest income on hire purchase over the contract term in order to reflect the effective rate of return of the contract.

Deferred revenue on hire purchase is stated net of commissions and direct expenses incurred at the initiation of hire purchase.

For loans to customers that are later credit-impaired, the Group recognises interest income using the effective interest rate method applied to the net carrying value of the loan (the loan amount net of allowance for expected credit loss). Subsequently, if the financial asset is no longer credit-impaired, the Group reverts to calculating interest income on a gross carrying amount.

b) Gain (loss) on financial instruments measured at fair value through profit or loss

Gain (loss) on financial instruments measured at fair value through profit or loss consists of gain (loss) on trading and foreign exchange transactions, gain (loss) on changes in fair value of derivatives and financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss, and gain (loss) on sales of financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss and derivatives, which the Group recognises as income or expenses on the transaction date.

c) Interest and dividend on investments in securities

Interest on investments is recognised as income on an accrual basis. Dividend on investments is recognised as income when the right to receive the dividend is established.

d) Brokerage fees

Brokerage fees on securities and derivatives trading are recognised as income on the transaction date.

e) Fee and service income

Fee and service income is recognised as income on an accrual basis except fee income that is an integral part of the effective interest rate.

f) Incentive fee income on fund management

The subsidiary operating an asset management business recognises incentive fee income, which arises when the annual returns of funds that the subsidiary is managing exceeds the threshold for the performance of the fund, as revenue when it is certain that the income has occurred.

g) Interest expenses

Interest expenses are recognised on an accrual basis using the effective interest rate method.

h) Fee and service expenses and other operating expenses

Fee and service expenses and other operating expenses are recognised on an accrual basis.

1.5.2 Securities purchased under resale agreements according to private repurchase transactions

The subsidiary operating a banking business has purchased securities under resale agreements according to private repurchase transactions, which stipulate definite dates, terms and prices. Amounts paid for the securities purchased under resale agreements are presented under the caption of "Interbank and money market items - net" in the statement of financial position, and the securities purchased are used as collateral.

Under securities purchased under resale agreements according to private repurchase transactions, the subsidiary obtains securities under resale agreements as collateral securities on terms which permit it to repledge or resell the securities to others.

1.5.3 Financial assets

Financial assets - Debt instruments

The Group classifies its financial assets - debt instruments as subsequently measured at amortised cost or fair value in accordance with the Group's business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual cash flows characteristics of the financial assets, based on the facts and circumstances as of the date these financial reporting standards were initially adopted or the acquisition date. Classifications are as follows:

a) Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss

Investments in debt instruments held within a business model whose objective is not to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows, or the contractual terms of the financial assets represent contractual cash flows that are not solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding. The Group recognises these as financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss. These financial assets are initially recognised at fair value.

After initial recognition, unrealised gain or loss on changes in fair value is recognised in profit or loss.

At the end of reporting period, investments in debt instruments measured at fair value through profit or loss are presented in the statement of financial position at fair value.

b) Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income

Investments in debt instruments whose both of the following conditions are met: the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets; and the contractual terms of the financial assets represent contractual cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding. The Group recognises these as financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income. These financial assets are initially recognised at fair value.

After initial recognition, unrealised gain or loss on changes in fair value is presented as a separate item in other comprehensive income until disposal. Gain or loss on disposal of the instruments are recognised in profit or loss. Expected credit loss and interest income calculated using the effective interest rate method are recognised in profit or loss.

At the end of reporting period, investments in debt instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income are presented in the statement of financial position at fair value.

c) Financial assets measured at amortised cost

Investments in debt instruments whose both of the following conditions are met: the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows; and the contractual terms of the financial assets represent contractual cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding. The Group recognises these as financial assets measured at amortised cost. These financial assets are initially recognised at fair value.

At the end of reporting period, investments in debt instruments measured at amortised cost are presented in the statement of financial position net of allowance for expected credit loss (if any).

Financial assets - Equity instruments

All investments in equity instruments are measured at fair value in the statement of financial position. The Group classifies investments in equity instruments as financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss.

After initial recognition, unrealised gain or loss on subsequent changes in fair value of investments is recognised in profit or loss. Dividends on these investments are recognised in profit or loss.

At the end of reporting period, investments in equity instruments measured at fair value through profit or loss are presented in the statement of financial position at fair value.

Recognition

Purchases and sales of investments are recognised on the settlement date. The weighted average method is used for computation of investment cost.

Changes in classification of investments in debt instruments

When there are changes in the Group's business model for management of financial assets, the Group has to reclassify investments in debt instruments and adjust the value of these investments to their fair value on the reclassification date. Differences between the book value and fair value of investments on the reclassification date are recorded in profit or loss or other comprehensive income, depending on the classification of the investments.

1.5.4 Classification and measurement of financial liabilities

The Group classifies and measures its financial liabilities at amortised cost, except for derivatives liabilities which are measured at fair value through profit or loss.

1.5.5 Investments in receivables purchased or transferred in

The Group classifies investments in receivables purchased or transferred in as financial assets measured at amortised cost which are initially recognised at acquisition cost. At the end of reporting period, these investments in receivables are presented in the statement of financial position at amortised cost net of allowance for expected credit loss (if any).

1.5.6 Investments in subsidiaries and joint venture

Investments in joint venture are accounted for in the consolidated financial statements using the equity method.

Investments in subsidiaries and joint venture are accounted for in the separate financial statements using the cost method.

1.5.7 Loans to customers

Loans to customers are stated at the principal balance, excluding accrued interest receivables. Unrecognised deferred revenue/discounts on loans to customers are presented as deductions from loans to customers.

Hire purchase receivables are stated at outstanding balance, net of deferred revenue. Deferred revenue is stated net of commissions and direct expenses incurred at the initiation of hire purchase.

1.5.8 Allowance for expected credit loss on financial assets

The Group applies the General Approach to calculate allowance for expected credit loss on its financial assets, such as deposits at financial institutions, investments in debt instruments measured at amortised cost, investments in debt instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income, loans to customers and accrued interest receivables, securities and derivatives business receivables, receivables from clearing house, and committed credit lines.

The Group classifies financial assets into three groups (Three-stage approach) in order to measure the allowance for expected credit loss, with the classification of the financial assets determined on the basis of the change in credit quality since the initial transaction date, as follows:

Group 1: Financial assets with no significant increase in credit risk (Performing)

For financial assets with no significant increase in credit risk since the initial recognition date, the Group recognises allowance for expected credit loss at an amount equal to 12-month expected credit loss. For financial assets with maturity of less than 12 months, the Group uses a probability of default that corresponds to remaining terms of the contract.

Group 2: Financial assets with significant increase in credit risk (Under-performing)

For financial assets with significant increase in credit risk since the initial recognition date but that are not credit-impaired, the Group recognises the allowance for expected credit loss at an amount equal to expected credit loss over the expected lifetime of the financial asset.

Group 3: Financial assets that are credit-impaired (Non-performing)

Financial assets are assessed as credit-impaired when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of those financial assets occur. The Group recognises the allowance for expected credit loss at the amount equal to expected credit loss over the expected lifetime of the financial assets.

At the end of each reporting period, the Group assesses whether the credit risk of financial assets has increased significantly since the initial recognition date, by comparing the risk of expected default on the financial assets as at reporting date with the risk of default as at the initial recognition date. The Group uses internal quantitative and qualitative bases and forward-looking information as a basis for assessing a decrease in credit quality, such as debtors overdue for more than 30 days or credit rating. Evaluations of whether credit risk has increased significantly since the initial recognition date may be conducted individually or collectively for groups of financial assets.

Loans to customers are considered to be credit-impaired when one or more events occur affecting the estimated future contractual cash flows of the counterparties. Evidence that financial assets are credit-impaired includes being overdue for more than 90 days or indications that debtors are facing significant financial difficulties, breaches of contract, the legal status, renegotiation of terms of repayment or debt restructuring.

In subsequent periods, if the credit quality of financial assets improves and it is assessed that there is no longer significant increase in credit risk from the initial recognition date that was assessed in the previous period, the Group will change from recognising expected credit loss over the expected lifetime to recognising the 12-month expected credit loss.

When the terms of repayment of a loan to customer are renegotiated or the terms of the contractual cash flow are modified because the debtors are in financial difficulty, the loan is considered to be a financial asset with a significant increase in credit risk or credit-impaired, unless there is evidence that the risk that contractual cash flows will not be recoverable has decreased significantly and there are no other indicators of impairment.

Expected credit loss is the probability-weighted estimate of expected credit loss over the lifetime of a financial instrument, taking into account the present value of all cash flows that are expected not to be recoverable. This is determined with reference to historical loss experience data grouped by asset on the basis of shared credit risk characteristics, taking into account type of loan, type of collateral, months on books, and other relevant factors, adjusted for current observable data, as well as forward-looking information that is supportable and reasonable, provided it can be shown to be statistically related. It also involves the appropriate exercise of judgement to estimate the amount of expected credit loss, using current macroeconomic data. The Group determines both current and future economic scenarios, and probability-weights each scenario (base scenario, upturn scenario, downturn scenario and stress scenario) for the purpose of calculating expected credit loss. Use of forwardlooking data increases the degree of judgement required in evaluating how relevant macroeconomic changes affect expected credit loss. However, the Group has established a process to review and monitor the methodologies, assumptions and forward-looking macroeconomics scenarios on a regular basis. In addition, expected credit loss also includes a management overlay.

For financial assets that are credit-impaired upon initial acquisition (investments in receivables purchased or transferred in), the Group measures allowance for expected credit loss at an amount equal to the outstanding receivable balance because it does not expect to receive cash flows from these receivables.

The measurement of expected credit loss on loan commitments is the present value difference between the contractual cash flows that are due to the Group if the commitment is drawn down and the cash flows that the Group expects to receive. The measurement of expected credit loss for financial guarantees is based on the expected payments to reimburse the holder less any amounts that the Group expects to recover.

The increase (decrease) in an allowance for expected credit loss is recognised as an expense in profit or loss in the statement of comprehensive income. The Group has a policy to write off receivables when they are identified as bad debts.

The Group considers using the Simplified Approach to determine allowance for expected credit loss over a lifetime for accrued fee and service income and other receivables.

1.5.9 Financial assets with modifications of terms/Debt restructuring

When a financial asset's terms of repayment are renegotiated or modified, or debt is restructured, or an existing financial asset is replaced with a new financial asset because the debtor is having financial difficulties, the Group assesses whether to derecognise the financial asset and measures the expected credit loss, as follows:

- If the modification of terms does not result in derecognition of the financial asset, the Group calculates the gross book value of the new financial asset based on the present value of the new or modified cash flows, discounted using the original effective interest rate of the financial asset, and recognises a gain or loss on modification of terms in profit or loss.
- If the modification of terms results in derecognition of the financial asset, the fair value of the new financial asset is the latest cash flows of the original financial asset as at the date of derecognition. The difference between the book value and the fair value of the financial asset is recognised in profit or loss.

If the debt restructuring does not meet the criteria for derecognition as of the restructuring date, the debtor continues to be classified as a financial asset with a significant increase in credit risk (Stage 2) until the debtor has been able to make payment in accordance with the debt restructuring agreement for 3 consecutive months or installments, whichever is the longer period; or continues to be classified as a financial asset that is credit-impaired (Stage 3) until the debtor has been able to make payment in accordance with the debt restructuring agreement for 3 consecutive months or installments, whichever is the longer period, before being able to be reclassified as a financial asset with a significant increase in credit risk (Stage 2), and if the debtor is able to make payment for additional 9 consecutive months or installments, it can be reclassified as a financial asset with no significant increase in credit risk (Stage 1).

If the debt restructuring results in a derecognition, the new financial asset is considered a financial asset with no significant increase in credit risk (Performing or Stage 1).

1.5.10 Securities and derivatives business receivables

Securities and derivatives business receivables comprise the net balance of securities business receivables and derivatives business receivables, after deducting allowance for expected credit loss. Securities business receivables comprise the receivable balances of cash accounts, securities borrowing and lending receivables, guaranteed deposit receivables and other receivables such as securities receivables that are subject to legal proceeding, undergoing restructuring or settling in installments.

1.5.11 Receivables from/Payables to clearing house

Receivables from/payables to clearing house comprise the net balance of amount receivable from/payable to Thailand Clearing House in respect of settlements for securities trades and derivatives instruments including cash pledged with Thailand Clearing House as collateral for derivatives trading, and the net balance of amount receivable from/payable to overseas securities companies in respect of securities trades settled through overseas securities companies.

1.5.12 Recognition and derecognition of customers' deposits

Cash which customers have placed with a subsidiary operating a securities business in cash accounts for securities trading and derivatives trading is recorded as an asset of the subsidiary for the customers' position for internal control purposes. At the financial statement of financial position date, the subsidiary does not present those amounts as its assets and liabilities but presents only those assets which belong to the subsidiary.

1.5.13 Borrowing and lending of securities

A subsidiary operating a securities business is engaged in securities borrowing and lending transactions, whereby the subsidiary acts as an agent through agreements made with borrowers and lenders of securities.

The subsidiary records its obligations to return borrowed securities which it has lent as "Securities borrowing payables" and securities lent to customers are recorded as "Securities borrowing receivables" in the statement of financial position. At the end of the reporting period, the balances of securities borrowing payables and securities borrowing receivables are adjusted based on the latest offer price quoted on the Stock Exchange of Thailand on the last working day of the year. Gain or loss arising from such adjustments is included in profit or loss. The subsidiary records cash paid or received as collateral for securities borrowing and lending as "Guarantee deposit receivables" or "Guarantee deposit payables". Fees from borrowing and lending are recognised on an accrual basis over the lending term.

1.5.14 Properties foreclosed

Properties foreclosed represents assets transferred in respect of receivables on which the debtors have defaulted or restructured receivables.

At the end of reporting period, the value of properties foreclosed is stated at the lower of cost or net realisable value. Net realisable value is determined at the market value or the appraisal value less estimated selling expenses. In addition, the subsidiary operating a banking business is required to record additional allowance for impairment of properties foreclosed in accordance with the notifications of the BOT.

The Group recognises loss on impairment in profit or loss. Gain or loss from disposal of properties foreclosed is recognised in profit or loss in the statement of comprehensive income upon disposal.

1.5.15 Investment properties

Investment properties are measured initially at cost, including transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment properties are stated at fair value. Any gain or loss arising from changes in the fair value is recognised in profit or loss when incurred.

The difference between the net disposal proceed and the carrying amount of the asset is recognised in profit or loss in the year in which the asset is derecognised.

1.5.16 Premises and equipment/Depreciation

Land is stated at cost. Buildings, office condominiums and equipment are stated at cost or revalued amount less accumulated depreciation and allowance for loss on impairment of assets (if any).

Office condominiums are initially recorded at cost on the acquisition date, subsequently revalued by an independent professional appraiser, and then recorded at revalued amount. Revaluations are made with sufficient regularity to ensure that the carrying amount does not differ materially from fair value at the end of reporting period.

Differences arising from the revaluation are dealt with in the financial statements as follows:

- When an asset's carrying amount is increased as a result of the revaluation of the Group's assets, the increase is credited directly to other comprehensive income and the cumulative increase is recognised in equity under the heading of "Surplus on revaluation of assets". However, the revaluation increase is recognised as income to the extent that it reverses the revaluation decrease in respect of the same asset previously recognised as an expense.
- When an asset's carrying amount is decreased as a result of the revaluation of the Group's assets, the decrease is recognised in profit or loss. However, the revaluation decrease is charged to other comprehensive income to the extent that it does not exceed the amount already held in "Surplus on revaluation of assets" in respect of the same asset.

The surplus on revaluation of assets is amortised to retained earnings on a straight-line basis over the remaining life of the related assets. The revaluation surplus which is transferred to retained earnings is the difference between the depreciation calculated on book value of the revalued assets and the depreciation calculated on original cost of the assets. The revaluation surplus can neither be offset against deficit nor used for dividend payment.

Depreciation of buildings, office condominiums and equipment is calculated by reference to their cost or revalued amount on the straight-line basis (except for the depreciation of communications equipment, which is calculated using the sum-of-the-year-digits method over estimated useful lives of 3 years) over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings - 20 years
Office condominiums - 25 years
Office improvements - 5, 15 years
Furniture, fixtures and equipment - 5 years
Motor vehicles - 6 years

Depreciation attributed to the original cost portion and the revaluation portion is included in determining income.

No depreciation is provided on land and assets under installation.

An item of land, buildings and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on disposal of an asset is included in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised. Remaining surplus on revaluation of assets as at the date of derecognition is directly transferred to retained earnings.

1.5.17 Leases

At inception of contract, the Group assesses whether a contract is, or contains, a lease. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

At the commencement date of the lease, the Group recognises right-of-use assets representing the right to use underlying assets and lease liabilities based on lease payments. The Group applies a single recognition and measurement approach for all leases except for short-term leases and leases of low-value assets.

Right-of-use assets

Right-of-use assets are measured at cost, less accumulated depreciation, accumulated impairment loss, and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities. The cost of right-of-use assets includes the amount of lease liabilities initially recognised, initial direct costs incurred, and lease payments made at the commencement date of the lease less any lease incentives received.

Depreciation of right-of-use assets are calculated by reference to their costs, on the straightline basis over the shorter of the estimated useful lives and the lease term, as follows:

Land and buildings

1 - 20 years

Lease liabilities

Lease liabilities are measured at the present value of the lease payments to be made over the lease term. The lease payments include fixed payments less any lease incentives receivable, variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, amounts expected to be payable under residual value guarantees, and payments of penalties for terminating the lease if the lease term reflects the Group exercising an option to terminate. Variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or a rate are recognised as expenses in the year in which the event or condition that triggers the payment occurs.

The Group discounts the present value of the lease payments by the Group's incremental borrowing rate. After the commencement date, the amount of lease liabilities is increased to reflect the accretion of interest and reduced for the lease payments made. In addition, the carrying amount of lease liabilities is remeasured if there is a change in the lease term, a change in the lease payments, or a change in the assessment of an option to purchase the underlying asset.

Short-term leases and leases of low-value assets

A lease that has a lease term of less than or equal to 12 months from commencement date or a lease of low-value assets is recognised as expenses on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

1.5.18 Intangible assets

The Group initially recognises intangible assets at cost. Following the initial recognition, the intangible assets are carried at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment loss (if any).

The Group amortises intangible assets with finite lives on a straight-line basis over the economic useful life and tests for impairment whenever there is an indication that the intangible assets may be impaired. The Group reviews the amortisation period and the amortisation method of such intangible assets at least at each financial year end. The amortisation expense is charged to profit or loss.

Intangible assets with finite lives are computer software that the Group amortises over the following estimated useful lives:

The license agreements with specified

number of years of usage

The license agreements with no specified

number of years of usage

No license agreements

 according to the period of license agreement

- 5 years

- 5 years

1.5.19 Income tax

Income tax represents the sum of corporate income tax currently payable and deferred tax.

Current income tax

Current income tax is provided in the accounts at the amount expected to be paid to the taxation authorities, based on taxable profits determined in accordance with tax legislation.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax assets/liabilities are recognised for temporary differences between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts as at the end of reporting period. They will be realised as tax income or tax expenses when the income is realised, or the expenses provided for are actually incurred and considered deductible for income tax purposes.

The Group recognises deferred tax assets for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which such deductible deferred tax assets can be utilised. The Group recognises deferred tax liabilities for all taxable temporary differences.

The Group records deferred tax directly to equity if the tax relates to items that are recorded directly to equity.

At the end of each reporting period, the Group reviews and reduces the carrying amount of deferred tax assets to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax assets to be utilised.

1.5.20 Impairment of non-financial assets

At the end of each reporting period, the Group assesses whether there is an indication that a non-financial asset may be impaired. If any indication exists, an impairment loss is recognised when the recoverable amount of an asset, which is the higher of the asset's fair value less costs to sell and its value in use, is less than the carrying amount. Fair value less costs to sell reflects the amount that the Group could obtain from the disposal of the asset on the statement of financial position in an arm's length transaction between knowledgeable, willing parties, after deducting the costs of disposal. In determining value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset.

An impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss. However, in cases where assets were previously revalued and the revaluation was taken to equity, a part of such impairment is recognised in equity up to the amount of the previous revaluation.

In the assessment of asset impairment, if there is any indication that a previously recognised impairment loss may no longer exist or may have decreased, the Group estimates the asset's recoverable amount. The previously recognised impairment loss is reversed only if there has been a change in the assumptions used to determine the asset's recoverable amount since the last impairment loss was recognised. The increased carrying amount of the asset attributable to a reversal of an impairment loss shall not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. Such reversal is recognised immediately in profit or loss in the statement of comprehensive income.

1.5.21 Derecognition of financial assets and financial liabilities

Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the financial assets have expired or when the Group has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership. If the Group neither transfers nor retains substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of such financial assets, and retains control of such financial assets, the Group continues to recognise the financial assets to the extent of its continuing involvement. Financial liabilities are derecognised when they are extinguished e.g. when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expired.

1.5.22 Foreign currencies

The consolidated and separate financial statements are presented in Baht, which is also the Company's functional currency.

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into Baht at the exchange rates ruling on the transaction date. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into Baht at the reference rates announced by the BOT at the end of each reporting period.

Gain or loss on exchange is included in determining income.

1.5.23 Employee benefits

a) Short-term employee benefits

The Group records salaries, wages, bonuses and contributions to the social security fund as expenses when incurred.

Apart from the annual bonus portion of bonus expenses which is remuneration for employees' annual performance that is paid in cash, the Group also has another portion of bonus expenses which is paid in cash with reference to the Company's share price. The Group records this portion of expenses and related accrued bonus over the service period of those employees, counting from the grant date. It is recorded based on the average daily share price from the grant date to the end of reporting period, and any increase or decrease in the expenses according to changes in the share price is recognised in order to reflect the fair value of accrued bonus liability at the end of each reporting period, until the bonuses are settled.

b) Post-employment benefits and other long-term employee benefits

Defined contribution plans

The Group and its employees have jointly established a provident fund. The fund is monthly contributed by the employees and by the Group. The fund's assets are held in a separate trust fund and the Group's contributions are recognised as expenses when incurred.

Defined benefit plans and other long-term employee benefits

The Group has obligations in respect of the severance payments it must make to employees upon retirement under labor law and other employee benefit plans. The Group treats these severance payment obligations as a defined benefit plan. In addition, the Group provides other long-term employee benefit plans, namely long service awards.

The obligation under the defined benefit plan is determined by the Group based on actuarial techniques.

Actuarial gain or loss arising from post-employment benefits is recognised immediately in other comprehensive income.

Actuarial gain or loss arising from other long-term benefits is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

1.5.24 Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present obligation as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resource embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

1.5.25 Derivatives

Derivatives are initially recognised at fair value on the trade date and are classified as trading. Derivatives are subsequently remeasured at fair value. Subsequent changes are recognised as net gain (loss) on financial instruments measured at fair value through profit or loss. Derivatives are carried as financial assets when the fair value is positive and as financial liabilities when the fair value is negative.

The fair value of derivatives is based on the market price, or a formula which is generally accepted in cases where there is no market price.

1.5.26 Fair value measurement

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between buyer and seller (market participants) at the measurement date. The Group applies a quoted market price in an active market to measure its assets and liabilities that are required to be measured at fair value by relevant financial reporting standards. Except in case of no active market of an identical asset or liability or when a quoted market price is not available, the Group measures fair value using valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and maximises the use of relevant observable inputs related to assets and liabilities that are required to be measured at fair value.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy into three levels based on categories of input to be used in fair value measurement as follows:

- Level 1 Use of quoted market prices in an observable active market for such assets or liabilities.
- Level 2 Use of other observable inputs for such assets or liabilities, whether directly or indirectly.
- Level 3 Use of unobservable inputs such as estimates of future cash flows.

At the end of each reporting period, the Group determines whether transfers have occurred between levels within the fair value hierarchy for assets and liabilities held at the end of the reporting period that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis.

1.5.27 Financial instruments

a) Financial risk management

The Group has financial risks associated with financial instruments and has financial risk management policy as described in Note 3.37 to the financial statements.

b) Fair value of financial instruments

In determining the fair value of financial instruments, the estimated fair value will be adjusted by allowance for expected credit loss with respective risk. For financial instruments with duration of one year or less, the book value represents a reasonable estimate of fair value. For financial instruments with duration of greater than one year, fair value is determined based on the quoted market prices, where available, or otherwise based on present value of contractual cash flows, discounted using the rate used for financial instruments with similar features.

The methods used by the Group in estimating the fair value of financial instruments are as follows:

For financial assets and liabilities which have short-term maturities or carry interest at rates approximating the market rate, including cash, interbank and money market items (assets), securities and derivatives business receivables, receivables from clearing house, fee and service receivables, other receivables, deposits, interbank and money market items (liabilities), liabilities payable on demand, securities and derivatives business payables, payables to clearing house, and accrued insurance premium, the carrying amounts in the statement of financial position approximate their fair value.

- For investments in marketable equity securities, their fair value is stated based on the latest bid price at the end of last working day of the year as quoted by the Stock Exchange of Thailand. For investments in non-marketable equity securities, the discounted future cash flows and/or the book value of the investees and/or other generally accepted valuation methods are applied in the calculation.
- Government and state enterprise securities and private debt securities are stated at fair value which is determined using yield rates quoted by the Thai Bond Market Association.
- Unit trusts are stated at fair value based on their net asset value at the end of reporting period.
- Loans to customers and accrued interest receivables, except for hire purchase receivables and other retail loans, are presented at fair value which is estimated from balance of loans to customers and accrued interest receivables as stated in the financial statements less allowance for expected credit loss, since most loans to customers carry interest at floating rates. Fair value of hire purchase receivables and other retail loans is calculated from the present value of future cash inflows, discounted by the current interest rate for new loans, less allowance for expected credit loss.
- The fair value of debts issued and borrowings is estimated by discounting expected future cash outflows by the current market interest rates of the borrowings with similar terms and conditions.
- For derivatives, their fair value is determined by using a discounted future cash flow model and a valuation model technique. Most of the inputs used for the valuation are observable in the relevant market, such as spot rates of foreign currencies, yield curves of the respective currencies and interest rate yield curves. The Group has considered the counterparty's credit risk when determining the fair value of derivatives.

1.5.28 Significant accounting judgements and estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with financial reporting standards requires management to make subjective judgements and estimates regarding matters that are inherently uncertain. These judgements and estimates affect reported amounts and disclosures; and actual results could differ from these estimates. Significant judgements and estimates are as follows:

Recognition or derecognition of assets and liabilities

In considering whether to recognise or to derecognise assets and liabilities, the management is required to make judgement on whether significant risks and rewards of those assets or liabilities have been transferred, based on their best knowledge of the current events and arrangements.

Allowance for expected credit loss on financial assets

The management is required to use judgement in estimating the allowance for expected credit loss on financial assets. The estimation relies on a complex model, a dataset of assumptions, model development and assessments related to the increase in credit risk, as well as the selection of forward-looking information, which involves a large number of variables. Therefore, actual results could differ from these estimates.

Fair value of financial instruments

In determining the fair value of financial instruments recognised in the statement of financial position that are not actively traded and for which quoted market prices are not readily available, the management exercises judgement, using a variety of valuation techniques and models. The input to these models is taken from observable markets, and includes consideration of credit risk of both the Group and the counterparty, liquidity, correlation and longer-term volatility of financial instruments. Change in assumptions about these factors could affect the fair value recognised in the statement of financial position and disclosures of fair value hierarchy.

Investment properties

The Group presents investment properties at the fair value estimated by an internal appraiser of the Group, and recognises changes in the fair value in profit or loss. The appraiser valued the investment properties using the market approach. The key assumptions used in estimating the fair value are described in Note 3.12 to the financial statements.

Premises and equipment/Depreciation

In determining depreciation of buildings and equipment, the management is required to make estimates of the useful life and residual value of buildings and equipment and to review estimated useful life and residual value when there are any changes.

The Group measures office condominiums at revalued amounts. Such amounts are determined by the independent professional appraiser using the market approach. The valuation involves certain assumptions and estimates as described in Note 3.13 to the financial statements.

In addition, the management is required to review land, buildings and equipment for impairment on a periodical basis and record impairment loss when it is determined that their recoverable amount is lower than the carrying amount. This requires judgements regarding forecast of future revenues and expenses relating to the assets subject to the review.

Leases

In determining the lease terms, the management is required to use judgement to assess whether the Group is reasonably certain to exercise options to extend the terms of leases or to cancel the leases, taking into account all relevant facts and circumstances that create economic incentives for the Group to exercise or not to exercise such options.

In addition, the management is required to exercise judgement in estimating the incremental borrowing rate to discount lease liabilities. The incremental borrowing rate is the rate of interest that the Group would have to pay to borrow over a similar term, and with a similar security, the funds necessary to obtain an asset of a similar value to the right-of-use asset in a similar economic environment.

Deferred tax assets

Deferred tax assets are recognised for deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised. Significant management judgement is required to determine the amount of deferred tax assets that can be recognised, based upon the likely timing and level of estimated future taxable profits.

Post-employment benefits under defined benefit plans and other long-term employee benefits

The obligation under the defined benefit plans and other long-term employee benefit plans is determined based on actuarial techniques. Such determination is made based on various assumptions, including discount rate, future salary increase rate, mortality rate, and staff turnover rate.

Litigation

The Group has contingent liabilities as a result of litigation. The management has used judgement to assess of the results of the litigation. In case the management believes that there will be no loss, no provisions are recognised at the end of the reporting period.

2. General information

2.1 The Company's information

TISCO Financial Group Public Company Limited ("the Company") is a holding company and is the parent company of TISCO Group. Its registered address is 48/49 TISCO Tower, 21st Floor, North Sathorn Road, Silom, Bangrak, Bangkok.

2.2 Statutory reserve

Pursuant to Section 116 of the Public Limited Companies Act B.E. 2535, the Company is required to set aside to a statutory reserve at least 5 percent of its net profit after deducting accumulated deficit brought forward (if any), until such reserve reaches 10 percent of its registered share capital. The statutory reserve is not available for dividend distribution. At present, the statutory reserve has fully been set aside.

2.3 Directors' remuneration

Directors' remuneration represents the benefits paid to the Group's directors in accordance with Section 90 of the Public Limited Companies Act, exclusive of salaries and related benefits payable to directors who hold executive positions.

2.4 Related party transactions

Related parties comprise individuals or enterprises that control, or are controlled by, the Company, whether directly or indirectly, or which are under common control with the Company. They also include associated companies and individuals or enterprises which directly or indirectly own a voting interest in the Company that gives them significant influence over the Company, key management personnel, directors and officers with authority in the planning and direction of the Company's operations.

The Company has significant business transactions with related parties. These transactions have been concluded on commercial terms and bases agreed upon in the ordinary course of business between the Company and those related parties, which are in reference to the terms and prices as charged to other customers.

3. Supplemental information

3.1 Consolidated financial statements

A list of subsidiaries included in the consolidated financial statements as at 31 December 2024 and 2023 is provided below.

		Country of	Percentage held by the 0	Company
Company's name	Nature of business	incorporation	as at 31 De	ecember
		_	2024	2023
Subsidiaries directly held by the Company				
TISCO Bank Public Company Limited	Banking	Thailand	99.99	99.99
TISCO Securities Co., Ltd.	Securities business	Thailand	99.99	99.99
TISCO Asset Management Co., Ltd.	Asset management	Thailand	99.99	99.99
Hi-Way Co., Ltd.	Hire purchase and	Thailand	99.99	99.99
	retail Ioan			
TISCO Information Technology Co., Ltd.	Services	Thailand	99.99	99.99
TISCO Insurance Solution Co., Ltd.	Insurance broker	Thailand	99.99	99.99
Primus Leasing Co., Ltd. (In the process of liquidation)	Hire purchase	Thailand	99.99	99.99
TISCO Learning Center Co., Ltd.	Services	Thailand	99.99	99.99
All-Ways Co., Ltd.	Services	Thailand	99.99	99.99

3.2 Classification of financial assets and financial liabilities

The Group has a classification of significant financial assets and financial liabilities as follows:

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

(Unit: Percent)

Consolidated financial statements Financial Financial instruments measured at fair value fair value through other instruments through through through other instruments through comprehensive measured at profit or loss income amortised cost Total Financial assets Cash 909,670 909,670 Interbank and money market items - 39,774,474 39,774,474		As at 31 December 2024				
Financial instruments measured at measured at fair value Financial instruments measured at fair value Financial fair value through other instruments through comprehensive measured at profit or loss income amortised cost Total Financial assets Cash 909,670 909,670			Consolidated fina	ancial statements		
instruments measured at measured at fair value Financial fair value through other instruments through comprehensive measured at profit or loss income amortised cost Total Financial assets Cash 909,670 909,670			Financial			
measured at fair value Financial through other instruments through comprehensive measured at profit or loss income amortised cost Total Financial assets Cash 909,670 909,670		Financial	instruments			
fair value through other comprehensive measured at profit or loss income measured at amortised cost Total Financial assets Cash 909,670 909,670		instruments	measured at			
through comprehensive measured at profit or loss income measured at amortised cost Total Financial assets Cash 909,670 909,670		measured at	fair value	Financial		
Financial assets Cash - - 909,670 909,670		fair value	through other	instruments		
Financial assets Cash - - 909,670 909,670		through	comprehensive	measured at		
Cash - 909,670 909,670		profit or loss	income	amortised cost	Total	
	Financial assets					
Interbank and money market items - 39,774,474 39,774,474	Cash	-	-	909,670	909,670	
	Interbank and money market items	-	-	39,774,474	39,774,474	
Financial assets measured at fair value	Financial assets measured at fair value					
through profit or loss 2,559,440 - 2,559,440	through profit or loss	2,559,440	-	-	2,559,440	
Derivatives assets 55,782 - 55,782	Derivatives assets	55,782	-	-	55,782	
Investments - 4,495,376 - 4,495,376	Investments	-	4,495,376	-	4,495,376	
Loans to customers and accrued interest	Loans to customers and accrued interest					
receivables 225,598,214 225,598,214	receivables	-	-	225,598,214	225,598,214	
Securities and derivatives business	Securities and derivatives business					
receivables - net - 448,153 448,153	receivables - net	-	-	448,153	448,153	
Other assets - receivables from clearing house - 335 335	Other assets - receivables from clearing house	-	-	335	335	
Other assets - fee and service receivables - 491,116 491,116	Other assets - fee and service receivables	-	-	491,116	491,116	
Other assets - other receivables 604,990 604,990	Other assets - other receivables	-	-	604,990	604,990	

As at 31 December 2024

	Consolidated financial statements					
		Financial				
	Financial	instruments				
	instruments	measured at				
	measured at	fair value	Financial			
	fair value	through other	instruments			
	through	comprehensive	measured at			
	profit or loss	income	amortised cost	Total		
Financial liabilities						
Deposits	-	-	206,536,868	206,536,868		
Interbank and money market items	-	-	10,664,818	10,664,818		
Liabilities payable on demand	-	-	239,179	239,179		
Debts issued and borrowings	-	-	8,076,122	8,076,122		
Lease liabilities	-	-	1,012,244	1,012,244		
Securities and derivatives business payables - net	-	-	233,356	233,356		
Accrued interest payable	-	-	1,744,326	1,744,326		
Other liabilities - payables to clearing house	-	-	213,175	213,175		
Other liabilities - accrued insurance premium	-	-	432,946	432,946		

As at 31	Decemb	er 2023
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	Consolidated fina	ancial statements		
	Financial			
Financial	instruments			
instruments	measured at			
measured at	fair value	Financial		
fair value	through other	instruments		
through	comprehensive	measured at		
profit or loss	income	amortised cost	Total	
-	-	918,261	918,261	
-	-	48,489,698	48,489,698	
2,081,768	-	-	2,081,768	
-	3,313,593	-	3,313,593	
-	-	226,827,763	226,827,763	
-	-	496,785	496,785	
-	-	412,382	412,382	
-	-	482,739	482,739	
-	-	677,553	677,553	
	instruments measured at fair value through profit or loss	Financial instruments instruments measured at fair value fair value through profit or loss Financial instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income	Financial instruments instruments measured at fair value Financial instruments measured at fair value through other through profit or loss through other comprehensive measured at amortised cost - - 918,261 - - 48,489,698 2,081,768 - - - 3,313,593 - - - 226,827,763 - - 496,785 - - 412,382 - - 482,739	

As at 31 December 2023

	Consolidated financial statements					
		Financial				
	Financial	instruments				
	instruments	measured at				
	measured at	fair value	Financial			
	fair value	through other	instruments			
	through	comprehensive	measured at			
	profit or loss	income	amortised cost	Total		
Financial liabilities						
Deposits	-	-	208,644,672	208,644,672		
Interbank and money market items	-	-	8,506,337	8,506,337		
Liabilities payable on demand	-	-	237,434	237,434		
Derivatives liabilities	28,690	-	-	28,690		
Debts issued and borrowings	-	-	17,286,122	17,286,122		
Lease liabilities	-	-	1,009,370	1,009,370		
Securities and derivatives business payables - net	-	-	913,204	913,204		
Accrued interest payable	-	-	1,405,306	1,405,306		
Other liabilities - payables to clearing house	-	-	170	170		
Other liabilities - accrued insurance premium	-	-	460,268	460,268		

		Separate financial statements					
		Financial					
	Financial	instruments					
	instruments	measured at					
	measured at	fair value	Financial				
	fair value	through other	instruments				
	through	comprehensive	measured at				
	profit or loss	income	amortised cost	Total			
Financial assets							
Cash	-	-	70	70			
Interbank and money market items	-	-	39,567	39,567			
Financial assets measured at fair value							
through profit or loss	779,698	-	-	779,698			
Investments	-	188,183	-	188,183			
Loans to customers and accrued interest							
receivables	-	-	5,952,252	5,952,252			
Other assets - fee and service receivables	-	-	141,988	141,988			
Financial liabilities							
Interbank and money market items	-	-	4,240,000	4,240,000			
Debts issued and borrowings	-	-	5,300,000	5,300,000			
Lease liabilities	-	-	12,018	12,018			
Accrued interest payable	-	-	13,623	13,623			

As at 31 December 2023

	Separate financial statements					
		Financial				
	Financial	instruments				
	instruments	measured at				
	measured at	fair value	Financial			
	fair value	through other	instruments			
	through	comprehensive	measured at			
	profit or loss	income	amortised cost	Total		
Financial assets						
Cash	-	-	70	70		
Interbank and money market items	-	-	564,182	564,182		
Financial assets measured at fair value						
through profit or loss	547,174	-	-	547,174		
Investments	-	220,282	-	220,282		
Loans to customers and accrued interest						
receivables	-	-	4,953,552	4,953,552		
Other assets - fee and service receivables	-	-	160,976	160,976		
Financial liabilities						
Debts issued and borrowings	-	-	9,410,000	9,410,000		
Lease liabilities	-	-	614	614		
Accrued interest payable	-	=	40,154	40,154		

3.3 Interbank and money market items (assets)

	Consolidated financial statements as at 31 December					
	2024				2023	
	At call	Term	Total	At call	Term	Total
<u>Domestic</u>						
Bank of Thailand and						
Financial Institutions						
Development Fund	1,623,853	=	1,623,853	2,385,614	=	2,385,614
Commercial banks	331,753	20,419,967	20,751,720	421,055	24,944,564	25,365,619
Specialised Financial						
Institutions	283,316	17,096,115	17,379,431	220,889	20,490,702	20,711,591
Total	2,238,922	37,516,082	39,755,004	3,027,558	45,435,266	48,462,824
Add: Accrued interest						
receivables	1,446	18,688	20,134	893	26,781	27,674
Less: Allowance for						
expected credit loss	(710)	(105)	(815)	(848)	(105)	(953)
Total domestic	2,239,658	37,534,665	39,774,323	3,027,603	45,461,942	48,489,545
<u>Foreign</u>						
Hong Kong Dollars	151		151	153		153
Total foreign	151		151	153		153
Total domestic and foreign	2,239,809	37,534,665	39,774,474	3,027,756	45,461,942	48,489,698

Congrete	financial	statements as	ot 21	Docombor
Separate	iinanciai	statements as	ausi	December

		2024			2023	
	At call	Term	Total	At call	Term	Total
<u>Domestic</u>						
Commercial banks	39,591		39,591	564,453	<u>-</u>	564,453
Total	39,591	-	39,591	564,453	-	564,453
Add: Accrued interest						
receivables	1	-	1	20	-	20
Less: Allowance for						
expected credit loss	(25)	<u> </u>	(25)	(291)		(291)
Total domestic	39,567		39,567	564,182	-	564,182

As at 31 December 2024 and 2023, cash at banks of a subsidiary amounting to Baht 10 million is pledged to secure a bank overdraft facility.

The subsidiary operating a banking business entered into securities purchases under resale agreements according to private repurchase transactions. Securities received under resale agreements are used as collateral. Details of transactions are as follows:

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

Securities purchased under resale agreements according to private repurchase transactions

as at 31 December

	2024	2023
Commercial banks	19,500,000	24,200,000
Specialised Financial Institutions	16,700,000	20,100,000

Fair value of securities received as collateral is as follows:

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

Fair value of securities received as collateral

as at 31 December

	2024	2023
Commercial banks	19,640,800	24,751,200
Specialised Financial Institutions	16,647,500	20,435,800

In addition, as at 31 December 2024 and 2023, interbank and money market items include insurance premiums received by the Group from the insured, amounting to Baht 324 million and Baht 326 million, respectively, that the Group has to remit to insurance companies. The Group cannot use, exploit, or deduct any expenses from these premiums, as specified in the broker appointment contract.

3.4 Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss

3.4.1 Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss classified by type of investments

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

	20	24	20:	23
Investments	Cost	Fair value	Cost	Fair value
Others				
Domestic marketable equity instruments	347,124	397,022	355,747	419,749
Foreign marketable equity instruments	293,082	202,967	293,082	154,466
Domestic non-marketable equity instruments	362,790	1,418,826	231,289	1,060,734
Other securities - domestic unit trusts	54,856	53,455	54,856	54,111
Other securities - foreign unit trusts	302,826	487,170	302,826	392,708
	1,360,678	2,559,440	1,237,800	2,081,768
Add: Allowance for changes in value	1,198,762		843,968	
Total	2,559,440		2,081,768	

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

Separate financial statements as at 31 December

	20	24	202	23
Investments	Cost	Fair value	Cost	Fair value
Others				
Foreign marketable equity instruments	293,082	202,967	293,082	154,466
Domestic non-marketable equity instruments	117,360	89,561	-	-
Other securities - foreign unit trusts	302,826	487,170	302,826	392,708
	713,268	779,698	595,908	547,174
Add (less): Allowance for changes in value	66,430	_	(48,734)	
Total	779,698		547,174	

3.4.2 Investments in non-marketable equity instruments include investments in which the subsidiary operating a banking business holds not less than 10 percent of the equity of the investees, as follows:

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

	Consolidated financial statements as at 31 December					
		2024		2023		
	Fair value of	Unpaid	Percentage	Fair value of	Unpaid	Percentage
Securities' name	investments	amount	of holding	investments	amount	of holding
			(%)			(%)
Services:						
Jiji Press (Thailand) Co., Ltd.	1,751	300	10	1,418	300	10
Trading import and export:						
Juki (Thailand) Co., Ltd.	2,384	-	10	8,678	-	10
PDTL Trading Co., Ltd.	-	-	10	-	-	10
Wattana Inter-Trade Co., Ltd.	13,349	-	10	16,360	-	10
Real estate:						
UMI Property Co., Ltd.	1,365	-	10	1,355	-	10
Industrial:						
Siam Art Ceramic Co., Ltd.	7,816	-	10	7,588	-	10

3.4.3 Investments in companies with weak financial positions and poor operating results

As at 31 December 2024 and 2023, investments in securities of the Group include investments in securities issued by companies with weak financial positions and poor operating results as follows:

			(Unit:	Thousand Baht)
	Consolida	ted financial stater	ments as at 31 [December
	20	24	20	23
	Cost	Fair value	Cost	Fair value
Companies with weak financial positions				
and poor operating results	140,770	100,352	9,270	-
			(Unit:	Thousand Baht)
	Separat	e financial stateme	ents as at 31 De	cember
	20	24	20	23
	Cost	Fair value	Cost	Fair value
Companies with weak financial positions				
and poor operating results	117,360	89,561	-	-

3.5 Derivatives assets/derivatives liabilities

The subsidiary operating a banking business entered into foreign exchange contracts to manage the risk associated with financial assets, as follows:

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

	Consolidated financial statements as at 31 December							
		2024			2023			
	Fair value		Notional	Fair value		Notional		
Type of risks	Assets	Liabilities	amount	Assets	Liabilities	amount		
Exchange rate	55,782		2,771,366		28,690	2,386,981		
Total	55,782		2,771,366		28,690	2,386,981		

All counterparties of these derivatives transactions are financial institutions.

3.6 Investments

3.6.1 Investments classified by type of investments

As at 31 December 2024 and 2023, investments classified by type of investments are as follows:

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

	Consolidated financial statements as at 31 December					
	202	4	2023			
	Amortised cost Fair value		Amortised cost	Fair value		
Investments in debt instruments						
measured at fair value through						
other comprehensive income						
Government and state enterprise securities	4,279,947	4,284,520	3,071,111	3,066,771		
Private sector debt securities	319,814	210,856	423,121	246,822		
	4,599,761	4,495,376	3,494,232	3,313,593		
Less: Allowance for changes in value	(104,385)		(180,639)			
Total	4,495,376		3,313,593			
Allowance for expected credit loss	140,680		199,921			
Investments in debt instruments						
measured at amortised cost						
Investments in receivables	8,685		8,724			
Less: Allowance for expected credit loss	(8,685)		(8,724)			
Total						
Total investments	4,495,376		3,313,593			

Separate financial statements as at 31 December 2024 2023 Amortised cost Fair value Amortised cost Fair value Investments in debt instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income Private sector debt instruments 280,604 188,183 371,662 220,282 188,183 220,282 280,604 371,662 Less: Allowance for changes in value (92,421)(151,380)Total investments 188,183 220,282 172,461 Allowance for expected credit loss 119,590

3.6.2 Investments subject to restrictions

(Unit: Million Baht)

Consolidated financial statements

Type of investments	2024	2023	Type of restrictions
Government debt securities	1	1	Pledge for electricity usage

3.6.3 Investments in companies with weak financial positions and poor operating results

As at 31 December 2024 and 2023, investments in securities of the Group include investments in securities issued by companies with weak financial positions and poor operating results as follows:

					(Unit: 1	nousand Bant)
_	Consolidated financial statements as at 31 December					
_		2024			2023	
			Allowance			Allowance
			for expected			for expected
_	Cost	Fair value	credit loss	Cost	Fair value	credit loss
Companies having problems with				_		
debt repayment or in default	319,814	210,856	140,680	423,121	246,822	199,921
					(Unit: T	nousand Baht)
		Separate	financial statem	ents as at 31	December	
		2024			2023	
			Allowance			Allowance
			for expected			for expected
	Cost	Fair value	credit loss	Cost	Fair value	credit loss
Companies having problems with						

3.7 Investments in subsidiaries and joint venture

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

	Consolidated finance	cial statements	Separate financial statements		
	as at 31 De	cember	as at 31 D	ecember	
	2024	2024 2023		2023	
Investments in subsidiaries	-	-	19,996,136	19,996,069	
Investments in joint venture	913,823	891,492	73,245	73,245	
	913,823	891,492	20,069,381	20,069,314	

3.7.1 Investments in subsidiaries

	Separate financial statements							
	Investment value -		nt value -	Dividend received				
	Type of	Percentage	of holding	cost met	hod as at	for the yea	ars ended	
Company's name	investments	as at 31 E	December	31 Dec	cember	31 Dec	December	
		2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023	
		(%)	(%)					
Subsidiaries directly held by the Cor	<u>mpany</u>							
TISCO Bank Public Company Limited	Ordinary shares	99.99	99.99	17,641,448	17,641,380	3,980,686	4,422,981	
TISCO Securities Co., Ltd.	Ordinary shares	99.99	99.99	1,075,065	1,075,065	100,000	60,000	
TISCO Asset Management Co., Ltd.	Ordinary shares	99.99	99.99	110,075	110,075	709,996	649,996	
Hi-Way Co., Ltd.	Preference shares	99.99	99.99	2,866	2,866	490	1,154	
	Ordinary shares	99.99	99.99	770,053	770,053	272,510	538,845	
TISCO Information Technology Co., Ltd.	Ordinary shares	99.99	99.99	22,117	22,117	161,995	114,997	
TISCO Insurance Solution Co., Ltd.	Ordinary shares	99.99	99.99	136,655	136,655	309,989	289,990	
Primus Leasing Co., Ltd	Ordinary shares	99.99	99.99	141,521	141,521	-	-	
TISCO Learning Center Co., Ltd.	Ordinary shares	99.99	99.99	5,000	5,000	29,998	64,996	
All-Ways Co., Ltd.	Ordinary shares	99.99	99.99	200,000	200,000	27,000		
				20,104,800	20,104,732	5,592,664	6,142,959	
Less: Allowance for impairment				(108,664)	(108,663)			
Investments in subsidiaries - net				19,996,136	19,996,069			

3.7.2 Investments in joint venture

a) Details of investments in joint venture

Investments in joint venture (TISCO Tokyo Leasing Co., Ltd., which is engaged in leasing business) represent investments in ordinary shares of an entity which is jointly controlled by the Company and another company, as detailed below.

(Unit:	T	housand	Baht)
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		Cor	nsolidated finar	ncial stateme	ents			
					Carrying a	mounts		
	Shareholding percentage as at 31 December		Cos	st	based on equ	equity method		
Jointly controlled entity			as at 31 December		as at 31 December			
	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023		
	(%)	(%)						
TISCO Tokyo Leasing Co., Ltd.	49.00	49.00	73,245	73,245	913,823	891,492		

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

		Separate financia	al statements	ments			
	Shareholding p	percentage	Cost as at 31 December				
Jointly controlled entity	as at 31 De	cember					
	2024	2023	2024	2023			
	(%)	(%)					
TISCO Tokyo Leasing Co., Ltd.	49.00	49.00	73,245	73,245			

b) Share of comprehensive income and dividend received

During the years, the Company recognised its share of comprehensive income from investments in joint venture in the consolidated financial statements and recognised dividend income in the separate financial statements as follows:

					(Unit: The	ousand Baht)
		Consolidated				rate
		financial statements				atements
		Share of other				
		comprehensive				
	Share of	Share of profit income (loss)			Dividend	received
	for the yea	rs ended	for the years ended		for the years ended	
Jointly controlled entity	31 Dece	31 December 31 December		31 December		
	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023
TISCO Tokyo Leasing Co., Ltd.	33,830	28,894	(2,280)	(990)	9,219	9,219

c) Summary of significant financial information of joint venture

Condensed financial information of the joint venture is presented as follows:

Summarised information on financial position

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

	As at 31 December		
	2024	2023	
Total assets	4,549,035	4,813,300	
Total liabilities	(2,316,126)	(2,626,628)	
Non-controlling interests of the subsidiary	(367,965)	(367,300)	
Net assets	1,864,944	1,819,372	
The Company's shareholding proportion	49%	49%	
Carrying value of joint venture based on equity method	913,823	891,492	

Summarised information on comprehensive income

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

	For the years ended 31 December		
	2024	2023	
Total revenues	219,702	239,880	
Total expenses	(107,668)	(140,840)	
Profit before income tax	112,034	99,040	
Income tax expenses	(22,702)	(20,116)	
Non-controlling interests of the subsidiary	(20,292)	(19,956)	
Profit for the year	69,040	58,968	
Other comprehensive income (loss)	(4,653)	(2,021)	
Total comprehensive income	64,387	56,947	

d) Commitments and contingent liabilities of the joint venture

	As at 31 De	cember
	2024	2023
Cross currency and interest rate swap agreements	400,000	400,000

3.8 Loans to customers and accrued interest receivables

3.8.1 Classified by type of loans to customers

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

Consolidated financial statements

	as at 31 December		
	2024	2023	
Loans to customers			
Overdrafts	364	364	
Loans	130,414,489	126,278,453	
Hire purchase receivables	113,892,893	121,106,168	
Less: Deferred revenue	(12,107,738)	(12,569,801)	
Total loans to customers	232,200,008	234,815,184	
Add: Accrued interest receivables and undue interest income	1,884,552	1,928,548	
Total loans to customers and accrued interest receivables	234,084,560	236,743,732	
Less: Allowance for expected credit loss	(8,486,346)	(9,915,969)	
Loans to customers and accrued interest receivables - net	225,598,214	226,827,763	

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

Separate financial statements

	as at 31 December		
	2024	2023	
Loans to customers			
Loans	5,960,000	4,960,000	
Less: Allowance for expected credit loss	(7,748)	(6,448)	
Loans to customers and accrued interest receivables - net	5,952,252	4,953,552	

3.8.2 Classified by residency of debtors

	Consolidated finance	Consolidated financial statements as at 31 December		statements
	as at 31 Dec			ember
	2024	2023	2024	2023
Loans to customers net of				
deferred revenue				
- Domestic	221,562,408	224,621,735	5,960,000	4,960,000
- Foreign	10,637,600	10,193,449	<u>-</u>	-
Total	232,200,008	234,815,184	5,960,000	4,960,000

3.8.3 Classified by loan classification

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

	Consolidated financial statements as at 31 December		Separate financia	l statements
			as at 31 Dec	cember
	2024	2023	2024	2023
Loans to customers and accrued				
interest receivables				
Loans of the subsidiary				
operating a banking business	229,510,334	229,389,817	-	-
Loans of other subsidiaries	8,814,226	7,353,915	-	-
Loans of the Company	5,960,000	4,960,000	5,960,000	4,960,000
Less: Elimination	(10,200,000)	(4,960,000)	<u> </u>	-
Total	234,084,560	236,743,732	5,960,000	4,960,000

3.8.3.1 Classified by loan classification of the subsidiary operating a banking business

	As at 31 December						
	202	24	2023				
	Loans to		Loans to				
	customers and	Allowance for	customers and	Allowance for			
	accrued interest	expected	accrued interest	expected			
	receivables	receivables credit loss		credit loss			
Financial assets with no significant							
increase in credit risk							
(Performing)	206,764,698	3,175,927	205,550,730	4,947,414			
Financial assets with significant							
increase in credit risk							
(Under-performing)	17,915,338	2,557,338	19,244,767	2,505,788			
Financial assets that are credit-							
impaired (Non-performing)	4,830,298	1,731,628	4,594,320	1,444,283			
Total	229,510,334	7,464,893	229,389,817	8,897,485			

3.8.3.2 Classified by loan classification of other subsidiaries

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

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	202	24	2023			
	Loans to		Loans to			
	customers and	Allowance for	customers and	Allowance for		
	accrued interest	expected	accrued interest	expected		
	receivables	credit loss	receivables	credit loss		
Financial assets with no significant						
increase in credit risk						
(Performing)	6,757,360	276,509	5,232,002	252,594		
Financial assets with significant						
increase in credit risk						
(Under-performing)	1,128,115	273,228	1,193,369	291,912		
Financial assets that are credit-						
impaired (Non-performing)	928,751	492,800	928,544	473,978		
Total	8,814,226	1,042,537	7,353,915	1,018,484		

3.8.3.3 Classified by loan classification of the Company

As at 31	December
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	202	24	2023		
	Loans to		Loans to		
	customers and	Allowance for	customers and	Allowance for	
	accrued interest	expected	accrued interest	expected	
	receivables	credit loss	receivables	credit loss	
Financial assets with no significant					
increase in credit risk					
(Performing)	5,960,000	7,748	4,960,000	6,448	
Financial assets with significant					
increase in credit risk					
(Under-performing)	-	-	-	-	
Financial assets that are credit-					
impaired (Non-performing)					
Total	5,960,000	7,748	4,960,000	6,448	

Classified by loan classification and type of debtors 3.8.4

As at 31 December 2024 and 2023, loans to customers of the subsidiary operating a banking business classified by loan classification and type of debtors are as follows:

(Unit: Million Baht)

As at 31	Docom	hor	202/

	Hire pu	ırchase	Loan against	auto license					
	receivables		receiv	receivables		Other loans		Total	
	Loans to		Loans to		Loans to		Loans to		
	customers		customers		customers		customers		
	and	Allowance	and	Allowance	and	Allowance	and	Allowance	
	accrued	for	accrued	for	accrued	for	accrued	for	
	interest	expected	interest	expected	interest	expected	interest	expected	
	receivables	credit loss	receivables	credit loss	receivables	credit loss	receivables	credit loss	
Financial assets with no significant									
increase in credit risk									
(Performing)	85,370	1,409	29,144	678	92,251	1,089	206,765	3,176	
Financial assets with significant									
increase in credit risk									
(Under-performing)	9,051	1,158	6,821	844	2,043	555	17,915	2,557	
Financial assets that are credit-									
impaired (Non-performing)	2,294	762	1,739	718	797	252	4,830	1,732	
Total	96,715	3,329	37,704	2,240	95,091	1,896	229,510	7,465	

(Unit: Million Baht)

As at 31 December 2023

	Hire purchase receivables		Loan against auto license receivables		Other loans		Total	
	Loans to		Loans to		Loans to		Loans to	
	customers		customers		customers		customers	
	and	Allowance	and	Allowance	and	Allowance	and	Allowance
	accrued	for	accrued	for	accrued	for	accrued	for
	interest	expected	interest	expected	interest	expected	interest	expected
	receivables	credit loss	receivables	credit loss	receivables	credit loss	receivables	credit loss
Financial assets with no significant							·	
increase in credit risk								
(Performing)	91,549	2,006	28,877	891	85,125	2,050	205,551	4,947
Financial assets with significant								
increase in credit risk								
(Under-performing)	10,417	1,260	6,232	597	2,596	649	19,245	2,506
Financial assets that are credit-								
impaired (Non-performing)	2,431	767	1,434	460	729	217	4,594	1,444
Total	104,397	4,033	36,543	1,948	88,450	2,916	229,390	8,897

3.8.5 Hire purchase receivables

As at 31 December 2024, receivables of the subsidiaries under hire purchase agreements amount to Baht 103,145 million (2023: Baht 109,875 million) and mostly comprise hire purchase agreements for cars. The terms of the agreements are generally between 1 to 8 years, and under most agreements interest is charged at a fixed rate as specified in agreements.

(Unit: Million Baht)

_	Consolidated financial statements as at 31 December 2024							
_	Amounts of installments due under the long-term lease agreements							
		Over 1 year		Financial				
	Not over	but not over		assets that are				
_	1 year	5 years	Over 5 years	credit-impaired	Total			
Gross investment in the agreements	38,518	69,101	2,930	3,344	113,893			
Less: Deferred revenue (1)	(4,740)	(6,076)	(125)	(519)	(11,460)			
Present value of minimum lease								
payment from agreements	33,778	63,025	2,805	2,825	102,433			
Accrued interest receivables	565			147	712			
Total	34,343	63,025	2,805	2,972	103,145			
Allowance for expected credit loss				_	(4,047)			
Net hire purchase receivables					99,098			

⁽¹⁾ Net of deferred commissions and direct expenses incurred at the initiation of hire purchase.

(Unit: Million Baht)

	Consolidated financial statements as at 31 December 2023							
	Amounts of installments due under the long-term lease agreements							
		Over 1 year		Financial				
	Not over	but not over		assets that are				
	1 year	5 years	Over 5 years	credit-impaired	Total			
Gross investment in the agreements	39,460	74,662	3,402	3,582	121,106			
Less: Deferred revenue (1)	(4,860)	(6,426)	(142)	(594)	(12,022)			
Present value of minimum lease								
payment from agreements	34,600	68,236	3,260	2,988	109,084			
Accrued interest receivables	623			168	791			
Total	35,223	68,236	3,260	3,156	109,875			
Allowance for expected credit loss				<u>-</u>	(4,775)			
Net hire purchase receivables				-	105,100			

⁽¹⁾ Net of deferred commissions and direct expenses incurred at the initiation of hire purchase.

3.8.6 Troubled debt restructuring of the subsidiary operating a banking business

As at 31 December 2024 and 2023, the subsidiary operating a banking business has outstanding balances with troubled debt restructuring debtors as follows:

As at 31 December 2024 2023 Number Outstanding Number Outstanding of debtors balances of debtors balances (Million Baht) (Million Baht) 1,014 863 925 865

3.9 Allowance for expected credit loss

Balances of restructured debts

As at 31 December 2024 and 2023, the Group has allowance for expected credit loss classified by type of financial assets as follows:

	Consolidated financial statements						
	For the year ended 31 December 2024						
	Financial assets						
	with no	Financial assets		Financial assets			
	significant	with significant	Financial assets	applying			
	increase in	increase in	that are	a simplified			
	credit risk	credit risk	credit-impaired	approach	Total		
Interbank and money market items (assets)							
Balance - beginning of year	953	-	-	-	953		
Changes from revaluation of allowance for credit loss	(138)				(138)		
Balance - end of year	815				815		
Investments in debt instruments measured at							
fair value through other comprehensive income							
Balance - beginning of year	-	-	199,921	-	199,921		
Changes from revaluation of allowance for credit loss			(59,241)		(59,241)		
Balance - end of year			140,680		140,680		
Investments in debt instruments measured at							
amortised cost							
Balance - beginning of year	-	-	8,724	-	8,724		
Changes from revaluation of allowance for credit loss			(39)		(39)		
Balance - end of year			8,685		8,685		

Consolidated financial statements

	For the year ended 31 December 2024					
	Financial assets					
	with no	Financial assets		Financial assets		
	significant	with significant	Financial assets	applying		
	increase in	increase in	that are	a simplified		
	credit risk	credit risk	credit-impaired	approach	Total	
Loans to customers and accrued interest						
receivables						
Balance - beginning of year	5,200,008	2,797,700	1,918,261	-	9,915,969	
Changes from transfers among stages	(100,134)	(508,788)	608,922	-	-	
Changes from revaluation of allowance for credit loss	(2,308,732)	234,448	4,349,055	-	2,274,771	
New financial assets purchased or acquired	1,391,303	682,769	365,128	-	2,439,200	
Derecognition	(751,093)	(375,563)	(175,049)	-	(1,301,705)	
Write-off			(4,841,889)		(4,841,889)	
Balance - end of year	3,431,352	2,830,566	2,224,428		8,486,346	
Other assets - accrued interest receivables on						
investments						
Balance - beginning of year	-	-	8,521	-	8,521	
Changes from revaluation of allowance for credit loss			(8,521)		(8,521)	
Balance - end of year	-	-	-	-	-	
Other assets - other receivables						
Balance - beginning of year	-	-	-	30,448	30,448	
Changes from revaluation of allowance for credit loss	-	-	-	9,934	9,934	
New financial assets purchased or acquired	-	-	-	8,022	8,022	
Derecognition	-	-	-	(4,546)	(4,546)	
Write-off	-	-	-	(11,910)	(11,910)	
Balance - end of year	-	-	-	31,948	31,948	

Consolidated financial statements

	For the year ended 31 December 2023					
	Financial assets	<u> </u>				
	with no	Financial assets		Financial assets		
	significant	with significant	Financial assets	applying		
	increase in	increase in	that are	a simplified		
	credit risk	credit risk	credit-impaired	approach	Total	
14.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.	ordan non	ordan nak	- Creat Impaired	арргоаст	Total	
Interbank and money market items (assets)						
Balance - beginning of year	735	-	-	-	735	
Changes from revaluation of allowance for credit loss	218	-		-	218	
Balance - end of year	953	-		-	953	
Investments in debt instruments measured at						
fair value through other comprehensive income						
Balance - beginning of year	-	-	199,921	-	199,921	
Changes from revaluation of allowance for credit loss	-	-	-	-	-	
Balance - end of year			199,921		199,921	
Investments in debt instruments measured at						
amortised cost						
Balance - beginning of year	-	-	8,896	-	8,896	
Changes from revaluation of allowance for credit loss	-	-	(172)	-	(172)	
Balance - end of year			8,724		8,724	
Zalance on a cryotal						
Loans to customers and accrued interest receivables						
Balance - beginning of year	6,989,062	3,069,670	1,786,000	_	11,844,732	
Changes from transfers among stages	(92,757)	(502,446)	595,203	-	11,044,732	
Changes from revaluation of allowance for credit loss			3,381,156	-	508,841	
-	(2,749,972)	(122,343)		-		
New financial assets purchased or acquired	2,030,361	778,264	350,361	-	3,158,986	
Derecognition Write off	(976,686)	(425,445)	(194,471)	-	(1,596,602)	
Write-off	-	-	(3,999,988)		(3,999,988)	
Balance - end of year	5,200,008	2,797,700	1,918,261		9,915,969	
Other assets - accrued interest receivables on						
investments						
Balance - beginning of year	-	-	5,173	-	5,173	
Changes from revaluation of allowance for credit loss			3,348		3,348	
Balance - end of year			8,521		8,521	
Other assets - other receivables						
Balance - beginning of year	-	-	-	21,345	21,345	
Changes from revaluation of allowance for credit loss	-	-	-	8,201	8,201	
New financial assets purchased or acquired	-	-	-	9,707	9,707	
Derecognition	-	-	-	(2,934)	(2,934)	
Write-off	-	-	-	(5,871)	(5,871)	
Balance - end of year		-		30,448	30,448	
				=======================================		

Separate financial statements

	For the year ended 31 December 2024						
	Financial assets with no significant increase in	Financial assets with significant increase in	Financial assets that are				
	credit risk	credit risk	credit-impaired	Total			
Interbank and money market items							
(assets)							
Balance - beginning of year	291	-	-	291			
Changes from revaluation of allowance							
for credit loss	(266)			(266)			
Balance - end of year	25	-		25			
Investments in debt instruments							
measured at fair value through							
other comprehensive income							
Balance - beginning of year	-	-	172,461	172,461			
Changes from revaluation of allowance							
for credit loss		-	(52,871)	(52,871)			
Balance - end of year	-	-	119,590	119,590			
Loans to customers and accrued							
interest receivables							
Balance - beginning of year	6,448	-	-	6,448			
Changes from revaluation of allowance							
for credit loss	1,300		<u> </u>	1,300			
Balance - end of year	7,748	-		7,748			
Other assets - accrued interest							
receivables on investments							
Balance - beginning of year	-	-	7,605	7,605			
Changes from revaluation of allowance							
for credit loss			(7,605)	(7,605)			
Balance - end of year				-			

•		
Separate	financial	statements

	For the year ended 31 December 2023							
	Financial assets with no significant increase in credit risk	Financial assets with significant increase in credit risk	Financial assets that are credit-impaired	Total				
Interbank and money market items								
(assets)								
Balance - beginning of year	14	-	-	14				
Changes from revaluation of allowance								
for credit loss	277		<u> </u>	277				
Balance - end of year	291			291				
Investments in debt instruments								
measured at fair value through								
other comprehensive income								
Balance - beginning of year	-	-	172,461	172,461				
Changes from revaluation of allowance								
for credit loss	-			-				
Balance - end of year		-	172,461	172,461				
Loans to customers and accrued								
interest receivables								
Balance - beginning of year	5,577	-	-	5,577				
Changes from revaluation of allowance								
for credit loss	871		<u> </u>	871				
Balance - end of year	6,448	-		6,448				
Other assets - accrued interest								
receivables on investments								
Balance - beginning of year	-	-	4,617	4,617				
Changes from revaluation of allowance								
for credit loss			2,988	2,988				
Balance - end of year	-	-	7,605	7,605				
	-							

3.10 Classification of assets

Financial assets with no significant increase in credit risk (Performing)

Financial assets with significant increase in credit risk

(Under-performing)

Financial assets that are

credit-impaired (Non-performing)

Total

3.10.1 Classification of assets under the BOT's guidelines

As at 31 December 2024 and 2023, classification of financial assets is as follows:

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

Consolidated financial statements as at 31 December 2024
Financial accets

	Financia	al assets		
	Debt			
	instruments			
	measured at		Loans	
	fair value	Debt	to customers	
Interbank and	through other	instruments	and accrued	
money market	comprehensive	measured at	interest	
items	income	amortised cost	receivables	Total
39,775,289	4,284,520	-	209,282,058	253,341,867
-	-	-	19,043,453	19,043,453
-	210,856	8,685	5,759,049	5,978,590
39,775,289	4,495,376	8,685	234,084,560	278,363,910

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

Consolidated financial statements as at 31 December 2023

		Financial assets						
		Debt						
		instruments						
		measured at		Loans				
		fair value	Debt	to customers				
	Interbank and	through other	instruments	and accrued				
	money market	comprehensive	measured at	interest				
	items	income	amortised cost	receivables	Total			
Financial assets with no significant								
increase in credit risk (Performing)	48,490,651	3,066,771	-	210,782,732	262,340,154			
Financial assets with significant								
increase in credit risk								
(Under-performing)	-	-	-	20,438,136	20,438,136			
Financial assets that are								
credit-impaired (Non-performing)		246,822	8,724	5,522,864	5,778,410			
Total	48,490,651	3,313,593	8,724	236,743,732	288,556,700			

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

Separate financial statements as at 31 December 2024

		Debt		
		instruments		
		measured at	Loans	
		fair value	to customers	
	Interbank and	through other	and accrued	
	money market	comprehensive	interest	
	items	income	receivables	Total
Financial assets with no significant increase in credit risk				
(Performing)	39,592	-	5,960,000	5,999,592
Financial assets with significant increase in credit risk				
(Under-performing)	-	-	-	-
Financial assets that are credit-impaired				
(Non-performing)		188,183		188,183
Total	39,592	188,183	5,960,000	6,187,775

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

Separate financial statements as at 31 December 2023

		Financial assets		
		Debt		
		instruments		
		measured at	Loans	
		fair value	to customers	
	Interbank and	through other	and accrued	
	money market	comprehensive	interest	
	items	income	receivables	Total
Financial assets with no significant increase in credit risk				
(Performing)	564,473	-	4,960,000	5,524,473
Financial assets with significant increase in credit risk				
(Under-performing)	-	-	-	-
Financial assets that are credit-impaired				
(Non-performing)		220,282		220,282
Total	564,473	220,282	4,960,000	5,744,755

3.10.2 Credit-impaired loans to customers

The Group has credit-impaired loans in accordance with the BOT's criteria which consist of non-performing loans to customers, excluding interbank and money market items and accrued interest receivables, as follows:

(Unit: Million Baht)
Consolidated financial statements

	as at 31 December		
	2024	2023	
Non-performing loans to customers	5,464	5,223	
Total loans to customers	232,200	234,815	
Percentage of non-performing loans to customers	2.35	2.22	

3.10.3 Loans to customers with weak financial position and poor operating results of the subsidiary operating a banking business

			Loans to	customers			Allowance f	or expected
	and accrued interest						credit loss	s provided
	Number o	of debtors	receiv	/ables	Collater	al value	in the a	ccounts
	as at 31 [December	as at 31 l	December	as at 31 [December	as at 31	December
	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023
			(Million	(Million	(Million	(Million	(Million	(Million
			Baht)	Baht)	Baht)	Baht)	Baht)	Baht)
Non-listed companies								
with similar operating								
results and financial								
positions to listed								
companies vulnerable								
to delisting from								
the SET	9	10	970	1,113	664	826	376	386

3.11 Properties foreclosed

	For the years ended 31 December		
	2024	2023	
Assets from debt settlement - Movable assets			
Balance - beginning of year	25,867	6,702	
Additions	1,086,454	1,155,254	
Disposals	(1,095,321)	(1,136,089)	
Balance - end of year	17,000	25,867	
Less: Allowance for impairment			
Balance - beginning of year	44	152	
Increase	377	137	
Decrease	(413)	(245)	
Balance - end of year	8	44	
Total properties foreclosed - net	16,992	25,823	

3.12 Investment properties

The book value of investment properties as at 31 December 2024 and 2023 is as follows:

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

	Consolidated financial statements		Separate financial statements	
	as at 31 De	ecember	as at 31 December	
	2024 2023		2024	2023
Book value - beginning of year	23,576	27,058	933,908	910,728
Transfers from premises and				
equipment	-	-	41,010	-
Gain (loss) on changes in fair value	(652)	(3,482)	4,708	23,180
Book value - end of year	22,924	23,576	979,626	933,908

Investment properties of the Group are office condominiums for rent and are stated at fair value. The fair value of investment properties is calculated using the asset appraisal method based on the market approach, with reference to market data of the similar and comparable assets. These valuations were made by in-house appraisers of TISCO Group who have professional experience and are capable of the asset appraisal, and were based on the asset valuation standards and code of professional ethics in Thailand.

As of the appraisal date, key assumptions that are unobservable inputs used in the valuation are summarised below.

	Consolidated	Result to fair value
	financial statements	whereas an increase in
	as of the appraisal date	assumption value
Estimated office condominium price rate (Baht/Sq.m.)	18,000 and 143,852	Increase in fair value
	Separate	Result to fair value
	financial statements	whereas an increase in
	as of the appraisal date	assumption value
Estimated office condominium price rate (Baht/Sq.m.)	85,272 - 106,590	Increase in fair value

The Group has rented part of its office condominiums under operating leases with a lease term of 3 years (Separate financial statements: 3 years), and has future minimum rental fee as at 31 December 2024 and 2023 as follows:

			(Uı	nit: Thousand Baht)	
	Consolidated financial statements		Separate financial statements		
	as at 31 December		as at 31 December		
	2024	2024 2023		2023	
Not over 1 year	610	356	77,840	74,433	
Over 1 year but not over					
3 years	965	-	78,975	148,867	
Total	1,575	356	156,815	223,300	

During the years ended 31 December 2024 and 2023, the Group has rental income of Baht 1 million and Baht 1 million, respectively (Separate financial statements: Baht 77 million and Baht 74 million, respectively).

3.13 Premises and equipment

	Consolidated financial statements						
	Revaluation						
	basis		Cost basis				
				Furniture,			
	Office			fixtures,			
	condominiums		Buildings and	computers			
	and building		building	and	Motor		
	improvements	Land	improvements	equipment	vehicles	Total	
Cost:							
As at 1 January 2023	2,492,838	17,509	898,680	1,148,699	173,674	4,731,400	
Additions/transfers-in	10,331	-	226,005	137,059	19,883	393,278	
Disposals/write-offs/transfers-out	-	-	(39,465)	(76,557)	(14,934)	(130,956)	
Transfer accumulated							
depreciation to deduct cost	(164,925)	-	-	-	-	(164,925)	
Surplus on revaluation	224,732	-				224,732	
As at 31 December 2023	2,562,976	17,509	1,085,220	1,209,201	178,623	5,053,529	
Additions/transfers-in	1,359	-	130,914	67,746	7,815	207,834	
Disposals/write-offs/transfers-out	(316)	-	(8,459)	(87,026)	(683)	(96,484)	
As at 31 December 2024	2,564,019	17,509	1,207,675	1,189,921	185,755	5,164,879	
Accumulated depreciation:							
As at 1 January 2023	131,253	-	733,460	977,706	102,707	1,945,126	
Depreciation for the year	33,672	-	86,368	82,692	20,844	223,576	
Transfer accumulated							
depreciation to deduct cost	(164,925)	-	-	-	-	(164,925)	
Depreciation on disposals/							
write-offs/ transfers-out			(38,559)	(75,633)	(14,934)	(129,126)	
As at 31 December 2023	-	-	781,269	984,765	108,617	1,874,651	
Depreciation for the year	28,655	=	107,686	83,936	20,872	241,149	
Depreciation on disposals/							
write-offs/ transfers-out		-	(8,354)	(86,144)	(678)	(95,176)	
As at 31 December 2024	28,655		880,601	982,557	128,811	2,020,624	
Net book value:							
As at 31 December 2023	2,562,976	17,509	303,951	224,436	70,006	3,178,878	
As at 31 December 2024	2,535,364	17,509	327,074	207,364	56,944	3,144,255	
Depreciation for the years ended	31 December:						
2023						223,576	
2024						241,149	

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

Separate	fina	ancia	l sta	atem	ents

	Revaluation basis	Cost basis			
	Office				
	condominiums and	Furniture, fixtures,			
	building	computers and			
	improvements	equipment	Motor vehicles	Total	
Cost:					
As at 1 January 2023	678,478	522,336	94,375	1,295,189	
Additions/transfers-in	6,253	63,060	11,880	81,193	
Disposals/write-offs/transfers-out	-	(10,298)	(10,194)	(20,492)	
Transfer accumulated depreciation					
to deduct cost	(57,912)	-	-	(57,912)	
Surplus on revaluation	100,346			100,346	
As at 31 December 2023	727,165	575,098	96,061	1,398,324	
Additions/transfers-in	855	41,408	368	42,631	
Disposals/write-offs/transfers-out	(41,458)	(15,906)	-	(57,364)	
Surplus on revaluation	(33,522)		<u>-</u>	(33,522)	
As at 31 December 2024	653,040	600,600	96,429	1,350,069	
Accumulated depreciation:					
As at 1 January 2023	45,674	433,064	58,370	537,108	
Depreciation for the year	12,238	44,328	10,898	67,464	
Transfer accumulated depreciation					
to deduct cost	(57,912)	-	-	(57,912)	
Depreciation on disposals/					
write-offs/transfers-out		(9,842)	(10,194)	(20,036)	
As at 31 December 2023	-	467,550	59,074	526,624	
Depreciation for the year	8,615	46,710	10,248	65,573	
Depreciation on disposals/					
write-offs/transfers-out	(1,750)	(15,906)	- -	(17,656)	
As at 31 December 2024	6,865	498,354	69,322	574,541	
Net book value:					
As at 31 December 2023	727,165	107,548	36,987	871,700	
As at 31 December 2024	646,175	102,246	27,107	775,528	
Depreciation for the years ended 31 I	December:				
2023			=	67,464	
2024			_	65,573	

As at 31 December 2024 and 2023, the Group has buildings and equipment which have been fully depreciated but are still in use with the gross carrying amount, before deducting accumulated depreciation and allowance for loss on impairment, of approximately Baht 1,573 million and Baht 1,459 million, respectively (Separate financial statements: Baht 456 million and Baht 415 million, respectively).

The Group arranged for an independent professional appraiser to appraise the value of the office condominiums in 2023, using the market approach.

Had the office condominiums been carried in the financial statements based on cost model, their net book value as at 31 December 2024 and 2023 would have been as follows:

			(Unit: ⁻	Thousand Baht)
	Consolidated finan	cial statements	Separate financi	al statements
	as at 31 December		as at 31 December	
	2024	2023	2024	2023
Office condominiums - net				
of accumulated depreciation	884,618	905,400	219,138	264,281

As of the appraisal date, key assumptions that are unobservable inputs used in the valuation are summarised below.

	As of the ap		
			Result to fair value
	Consolidated	Separate	whereas an increase
	financial statements	financial statements	in assumption value
Estimated office condominium price			
rate (Baht/Sq.m.)	85,272 - 186,533	90,602 - 106,590	Increase in fair value

3.14 Right-of-use assets

Movements of right-of-use assets for the years ended 31 December 2024 and 2023 are as follows:

			(Unit: ⁻	Thousand Baht)	
	Consolidated fina	ncial statements	Separate financial statements		
	For the years end	ed 31 December	For the years ended 31 December		
	2024	2024	2023		
Book value - beginning of year	1,069,591	753,866	608	321	
Additions	321,811	575,744	12,943	566	
Contract amendment	17,661	53,738	-	-	
Contract termination	(4,128)	(3,067)	-	-	
Depreciation for the year	(336,756)	(310,690)	(1,684)	(279)	
Book value - end of year	1,068,179	1,069,591	11,867	608	

3.15 Intangible assets

Amortisation for the year

Book value - end of year

The book value of intangible assets - computer software as at 31 December 2024 and 2023 is presented as follows:

			(Unit: Thousand Bah			
	Consolidated financial statements		Separate financial statements			
	as at 31 December		as at 31 December			
	2024	2023	2024	2023		
Cost	1,733,470	1,722,855	642,980	635,109		
Less: Accumulated amortisation	(1,671,279)	(1,643,742)	(607,509)	(590,443)		
Net book value	62,191	79,113	35,471	44,666		

A reconciliation of the net book value of intangible assets for the years ended 31 December 2024 and 2023 is presented as follows:

(Unit: Thousand Baht) Consolidated financial statements Separate financial statements For the years ended 31 December For the years ended 31 December 2024 2023 2024 2023 Book value - beginning of year 79,113 99,603 44,666 62,682 Acquisitions of computer software 10,615 13,689 3,618 7,871 (27,537)(34,179)(17,066)(21,634)

79,113

35,471

As at 31 December 2024 and 2023, the Group has computer software which has been fully amortised but is still in use with the gross carrying amount, before deducting accumulated amortisation, of approximately Baht 1,575 million and Baht 1,548 million, respectively (Separate financial statements: Baht 556 million and Baht 545 million, respectively).

62,191

44,666

3.16 Other assets

(Unit: Thousand Baht) Consolidated financial statements Separate financial statements as at 31 December as at 31 December

	as at 31 December		as at 51 De	CEITIDEI
	2024	2023	2024	2023
Receivables from clearing house	335	412,382	-	-
Value added tax - net	305,055	302,754	4,773	6,655
Accrued interest receivables	7,071	3,889	-	-
Fee and service receivables	491,116	482,739	141,988	160,976
Refundable income tax and				
prepaid income tax	38,047	40,520	30,243	30,243
Deposits	97,324	93,233	90	90
Other receivables	604,990	677,553	-	-
Other assets	411,480	446,223	75,193	80,786
Total other assets	1,955,418	2,459,293	252,287	278,750

Deposits 3.17

3.17.1 Classified by type of deposits

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

Consolidated financial statements as at 31 December

	2024	2023
Deposits		
Current accounts	1,793,022	1,529,426
Saving accounts	26,922,557	28,987,686
Fixed accounts		
- not over 6 months	11,815,210	16,285,410
- over 6 months but not over 1 year	54,004,216	20,426,149
- over 1 year	8,789,082	27,431,254
Certificates of deposits/negotiable certificates of deposits	103,212,781	113,984,747
Total	206,536,868	208,644,672

3.17.2 As at 31 December 2024 and 2023, all outstanding deposits are deposits from domestic depositors and are in Baht.

3.18 Interbank and money market items (liabilities)

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

	Consolidated financial statements as at 31 December					
	2024					
	At call	Term	Total	At call	Term	Total
<u>Domestic</u>						
Bank of Thailand	-	8,246,354	8,246,354	-	7,319,046	7,319,046
Commercial banks	62,242	1,200,000	1,262,242	141,011	600,000	741,011
Specialised Financial Institutions	-	392,339	392,339	1,181	97,021	98,202
Other financial institutions	714,844	49,039	763,883	290,247	57,831	348,078
Total	777,086	9,887,732	10,664,818	432,439	8,073,898	8,506,337
					(Unit: TI	nousand Baht)
	-	Separate	financial staten	nents as at 31 I	December	
		2024			2023	
	At call	Term	Total	At call	Term	Total
<u>Domestic</u>						
Commercial banks	4,240,000		4,240,000			

As at 31 December 2024, interbank and money market items in the separate financial statements represent borrowings from a subsidiary amounting to Baht 4,240 million (2023: no outstanding balance) which matured at call and beared interest at a fixed rate per annum. Interest payment on which was made on a monthly basis.

4,240,000

4,240,000

3.19 Debts issued and borrowings

Total

(Unit: Thousand Baht) Consolidated financial statements Separate financial statements as at 31 December as at 31 December 2024 2024 2023 2023 **Domestic borrowings** Subordinated unsecured debentures 2,640,000 5,040,000 Unsubordinated unsecured debentures 5,400,000 12,210,000 5,300,000 9,410,000 Bills of exchange 36,122 36,122 9,410,000 Total 8,076,122 17,286,122 5,300,000

3.19.1 Subordinated unsecured debentures

As at 31 December 2024 and 2023, the subsidiary operating a banking business has long-term subordinated unsecured debentures with an early redemption right in accordance with the BOT's regulations as follows:

Issued	Un	its		Balance		Maturity	
year	as at 31 E	December	Face value	as at 31 [December	in the year	Interest rate
	2024	2023	(Baht per unit)	2024	2023		
	(Million	(Million		(Million	(Million		
	units)	units)		Baht)	Baht)		
2019	-	1.20	1,000	-	1,200	2029	4.00 percent per annum
2019	-	1.20	1,000	-	1,200	2029	4.00 percent per annum
2020	1.25	1.25	1,000	1,250	1,250	2030	3.50 percent per annum
2020	0.69	0.69	1,000	690	690	2030	3.15 percent per annum
2021	0.70	0.70	1,000	700	700	2031	3.25 percent per annum
Total				2,640	5,040		

3.19.2 Unsubordinated unsecured debentures

As at 31 December 2024 and 2023, the Group has short-term and long-term unsubordinated unsecured debentures as follows:

				Balance as at 31 December					
Issued	Type of	Unit	s ⁽¹⁾	Conso	lidated	Sepa	rate	Maturity	
year	debentures	as at 31 D	ecember	financial s	tatements	financial st	atements	in the year	Interest rate
		2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023		
		(Million	(Million	(Million	(Million	(Million	(Million		
		units)	units)	Baht)	Baht)	Baht)	Baht)		
2023	Short-term	-	9.41	-	9,410	-	9,410	2024	2.75 percent per
	debenture								annum
2024	Short-term	5.30	-	5,300	-	5,300	-	2025	2.45 - 2.715 percent
	debenture								per annum
2024	Short-term	0.10	-	100	-	-	-	2025	2.50 percent per
	debenture								annum
2022	Long-term	-	2.80	-	2,800	-	-	2024	1.25 percent
	debenture								per annum
Total				5,400	12,210	5,300	9,410		

⁽¹⁾ Face value per unit of debentures is Baht 1,000.

3.19.3 Bills of exchange

Bills of exchange comprise bills of exchange that mature at call and bear interest at a fixed rate of 2.50 percent per annum.

3.20 Lease liabilities

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

	Consolidated finan	icial statements	Separate financial statements as at 31 December		
	as at 31 De	ecember			
	2024	2023	2024	2023	
Balance - beginning of year	1,105,519	766,730	639	338	
Increase during the year	341,032	615,331	14,491	594	
Contract amendment	30,857	76,680	-	-	
Paid during the year	(370,893)	(349,910)	(1,869)	(293)	
Terminated during the year	(4,627)	(3,312)		-	
Balance - end of year	1,101,888	1,105,519	13,261	639	
Less: Deferred interest expenses	(89,644)	(96,149)	(1,243)	(25)	
Lease liabilities - net	1,012,244	1,009,370	12,018	614	
Current portion	(221,849)	(198,791)	(2,241)	(277)	
Lease liabilities - net of current					
portion	790,395	810,579	9,777	337	

The Group had total cash outflows on leases during the years ended 31 December 2024 and 2023 of Baht 389 million and Baht 367 million, respectively (Separate financial statements: Baht 3 million and Baht 2 million, respectively).

Expenses relating to leases that are recognised in profit or loss for the years ended 31 December 2024 and 2023 are as follows:

(Unit: Million Baht)

	Consolidated finan	cial statements	Separate financial statements		
	For the years ende	d 31 December	For the years ended 31 December		
	2024	2023	2024	2023	
Depreciation expenses of right-of-use					
assets	337	311	2	-	
Interest expenses on lease liabilities	39	33	-	-	
Expenses relating to variable lease					
payments	18	17	1	2	
Total	394	361	3	2	

Provisions 3.21

Allowance for expected credit loss on loan commitments and

Provision for long-term employee

financial guarantees

benefits

Other provisions

Total provisions

Consolidated financial statements Separate financial statements as at 31 December as at 31 December 2024 2023 2023 61,643 24,776

337,478

337,478

3.21.1 Allowance for expected credit loss on loan commitments and financial guarantees

2,256,574

2,360,670

42,453

2024

As at 31 December 2024 and 2023, allowance for expected credit loss on loan commitments and financial guarantees by classification is as follows:

1,921,681

1,987,155

40,698

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

305,596

305,596

	Consolidated financial statements as at 31 December				
	20	24	2023		
	Loan		Loan		
	commitments	Allowance for	commitments	Allowance for	
	and financial	expected	and financial	expected	
	guarantees	credit loss	guarantees	credit loss	
Financial assets with no significant					
increase in credit risk					
(Performing)	8,332,419	61,482	2,750,106	24,683	
Financial assets with significant					
increase in credit risk					
(Under-performing)	2,442	61	1,933	93	
Financial assets that are credit-					
impaired (Non-performing)	268	100			
Total	8,335,129	61,643	2,752,039	24,776	

Changes in allowance for expected credit loss on loan commitments and financial guarantees are as follows:

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

	Consolidated f	Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2024					
	Financial assets	Financial assets					
	with no significant	with significant	Financial assets				
	increase in	increase in	that are				
	credit risk	credit risk	credit-impaired	Total			
Balance - beginning of year	24,683	93	-	24,776			
Changes from revaluation of							
allowance for credit loss/new							
financial assets/derecognition	36,799	(32)	100	36,867			
Balance - end of year	61,482	61	100	61,643			

			(61	iit. Triousaria Barit)		
	Consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2023					
	Financial assets	Financial assets				
	with no significant	with significant	Financial assets			
	increase in	increase in	that are			
	credit risk	credit risk	credit-impaired	Total		
Balance - beginning of year	8,745	792	19	9,556		
Changes from revaluation of						
allowance for credit loss/new						
financial assets/derecognition	15,938	(699)	(19)	15,220		
Balance - end of year	24,683	93	-	24,776		

3.21.2 Provision for long-term employee benefits

Provision for long-term employee benefits, which is compensations on employees' retirement and other long-term benefits, is as follows:

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

	Consolidated fina	ncial statements	Separate financial statements		
	For the years end	ed 31 December	For the years ended 31 December		
	2024	2023	2024	2023	
Defined post-employment benefit					
obligation at beginning of year	1,551,102	1,409,306	279,384	262,861	
Current service cost	107,473	100,101	14,835	14,291	
Interest cost	42,183	37,460	6,319	5,706	
Past service cost	32,707	-	3,239	-	
Benefits paid during the year	(64,314)	(34,937)	(18,651)	(4,863)	
Included in other comprehensive					
income:					
Actuarial (gain) loss arising from					
Demographic assumptions					
changes	131,649	42,292	20,769	11,176	
Financial assumptions changes	(97,804)	(136,663)	(11,369)	(27,021)	
Other assumptions changes	109,678	133,543	14,809	17,234	
Defined post-employment benefit					
obligation at end of year	1,812,674	1,551,102	309,335	279,384	
Other long-term benefits	443,900	370,579	28,143	26,212	
Total provision for long-term					
employee benefits at end of year	2,256,574	1,921,681	337,478	305,596	

Long-term employee benefit expenses included in the profit or loss for the years ended 31 December 2024 and 2023 are as follows:

	Consolidated finan	cial statements	Separate financial statements For the years ended 31 December		
	For the years ende	d 31 December			
	2024	2023	2024	2023	
Current service cost	143,975	129,869	17,023	16,292	
Interest cost	51,955	45,261	6,968	6,287	
Past service cost	32,707	-	3,239	-	
Actuarial loss	55,422	64,711	2,635	707	
Total employee benefit expenses	284,059	239,841	29,865	23,286	

As at 31 December 2024 and 2023, the Group expects to pay long-term employee benefits during the next year of Baht 305 million and Baht 256 million, respectively (Separate financial statements: Baht 121 million and Baht 102 million, respectively).

As at 31 December 2024 and 2023, the weighted average duration of the liabilities for long-term employee benefits is 14 years and 15 years, respectively (Separate financial statements: 10 years and 10 years, respectively).

Significant actuarial assumptions as at the assessment date are summarised below.

(Unit: Percent per annum)

	Consolidated fina	ancial statements	Separate financial statements		
	As at 31 l	As at 31 December		December	
	2024	2024 2023		2023	
Discount rate	1.00 - 3.35	1.00 - 4.34	1.00 - 3.26	1.00 - 4.18	
Average salary increase rate	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	
Turnover rate	0.72 - 7.08	0.79 - 7.69	0.72 - 7.08	0.79 - 7.69	

The results of sensitivity analysis for significant assumptions that affect the increase (decrease) in the present value of the employee benefit obligation as at 31 December 2024 and 2023 are summarised below.

Turnover rate

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

	Consolidated financial statements as at 31 December				
	20)24	20)23	
	Increase 0.25%	Decrease 0.25%	Increase 0.25%	Decrease 0.25%	
Discount rate	(43,553)	45,345	(37,038)	38,548	
Average salary increase rate	43,361	(41,879)	37,741	(36,458)	

5,353

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

4,611

(4,611)

Sanarata	financial	statements a	ac at 21	Docombor

	20	2024)23
	Increase 0.25%	Increase 0.25% Decrease 0.25%		Decrease 0.25%
Discount rate	(4,194)	4,349	(3,848)	3,983
Average salary increase rate	4,147	(4,023)	3,895	(3,783)
Turnover rate	(855)	855	(776)	776

(5,353)

3.22 Other liabilities

(Unit: Thousand Baht) Consolidated financial statements Separate financial statements as at 31 December as at 31 December 2024 2024 2023 2023 213,175 170 Payables to clearing house Withholding income tax and other tax payables 550,829 527,338 93,197 100,184 Accrued insurance premium 432,946 460,268 Deferred income 1,497,250 1,349,620 Accrued expenses 3,425,252 1,183,377 3,751,526 1,050,286 Suspense creditors 587,113 874,927 Other liabilities 673,326 530,038 154 111 Total other liabilities 7,379,891 7.493.887 1,143,637 1,283,672

The above accrued expenses include accrued bonus expenses which are remunerations paid to employees and management based on annual performance. These accrued bonus expenses include costs of annual bonus that are determined with reference to the Company's share price, paid to employees whose performance impacts the Company's operating results, as an incentive to work effectively and to build loyalty to the Company. This vested bonus is continuously set aside for payment five years later. It is paid in cash and partly determined based on the average daily price of the Company's shares over the period of five years from grant date to settlement date. As of 31 December 2024 and 2023, the Group has accrued bonus under this scheme amounting to Baht 288 million and Baht 340 million, respectively (Separate financial statements: Baht 134 million and Baht 163 million, respectively) and recognised expenses in profit or loss during the years ended 31 December 2024 and 2023 amounting to Baht 121 million and Baht 131 million, respectively (Separate financial statements: Baht 54 million and Baht 66 million, respectively).

As at 31 December 2024 and 2023, there were no outstanding balances of advances received from Electronic Funds Transfer transactions of the subsidiary operating a banking business included in the above other liabilities. However, the subsidiary maintained an asset amounting to Baht 10 million to reserve for advances received through such transactions, presented under interbank and money market items (assets) in the statement of financial position as at 31 December 2024 and 2023.

3.23 Capital funds

The primary objectives of the Group's capital management are to maintain its ability to continue as a going concern and to maintain capital adequacy ratio in accordance with the regulations of the BOT.

The Group maintains capital adequacy ratio in compliance with Basel III principles by implementing capital to risk assets requirement based on Internal Ratings-Based Approach (IRB) for hire purchase receivables, loan against auto license receivables, corporate lending and SME business loans that are qualified to the specified requirements, and for equity exposure and other assets. For such loans that are not qualified to the requirements and other loans, the Standardized Approach (SA) is implemented to maintain capital adequacy ratio.

Regarding Capital funds as at 31 December 2024 and 2023, the Financial Business Group has allocated the additional reserve from loan classification as part of regulatory capital funds. Such reserve has been allocated to Tier 1 capital and Tier 2 capital based on method under the BOT's regulations.

Capital funds of the Financial Business Group (under Basel III principles) are as follows:

	As at 31 D	ecember
	2024	2023
Common Equity Tier I capital		
Issued and paid-up share capital	8,006,456	8,006,456
Premium on share capital	1,018,408	1,018,408
Statutory reserve	801,000	801,000
Net profits after appropriation	24,898,280	22,846,309
Other components of equity	1,841,618	1,840,984
Less: Deductions from Common Equity Tier I items	(1,013,703)	(1,076,237)
Total Common Equity Tier I capital	35,552,059	33,436,920
Financial Instrument Tier I capital		
Issued and paid-up share capital - non-cumulative		
preference shares	99	99
Total Tier I capital	35,552,158	33,437,019
Tier II capital		
Long-term subordinated debentures	2,640,000	5,040,000
Surplus of provision	421,468	865,644
Reserve for loans classified as normal	363,474	707,162
Total Tier II capital	3,424,942	6,612,806
Total capital funds	38,977,100	40,049,825

As at 31 December

	20)24	20	23	
	Financial		Financial		
	Business		Business		
Capital fund ratios	Group	Requirement	Group	Requirement	
Common Equity Tier I capital to risk assets	17.00	7.00	16.29	7.00	
Tier I capital to risk assets	17.00	8.50	16.29	8.50	
Total capital to risk assets	18.63	11.00	19.51	11.00	

Capital funds of TISCO Bank (under Basel III principles) are as follows:

	As at 31 December		
	2024	2023	
Common Equity Tier I capital			
Issued and fully paid-up share capital	9,215,676	9,215,676	
Premium on share capital	2,543,024	2,543,024	
Statutory reserve	984,000	984,000	
Net profits after appropriation	22,649,873	22,153,406	
Other components of equity	304,257	297,377	
Less: Deductions from Common Equity Tier I items	(360,082)	(376,687)	
Total Common Equity Tier I capital	35,336,748	34,816,796	
Financial Instrument Tier I capital			
Issued and fully paid-up share capital - non-cumulative			
preference shares	1	1	
Total Tier I capital	35,336,749	34,816,797	
Tier II Capital			
Long-term subordinated debentures	2,640,000	5,040,000	
Surplus of provision	439,756	841,867	
Reserve for loans classified as normal	291,898	542,519	
Total Tier II capital	3,371,654	6,424,386	
Total capital funds	38,708,403	41,241,183	

(Unit: Percent)

As at 31 December

	20	24	20	23
Capital fund ratios	TISCO Bank	Requirement	TISCO Bank	Requirement
Common Equity Tier I capital to risk				
assets	18.70	7.00	18.87	7.00
Tier I capital to risk assets	18.70	8.50	18.87	8.50
Total capital to risk assets	20.48	11.00	22.35	11.00

To comply with the Notification of the BOT No. Sor Nor Sor. 15/2562 regarding "Public Disclosure of Capital Maintenance for Financial Business Group (No.2)", the Company will disclose capital maintenance information of the Financial Business Group as at 31 December 2024 on its website (www.tisco.co.th) by April 2025.

3.24 Other components of equity

3.24.1 Surplus on valuation of investments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income

	Consolidated financial statements For the years ended 31 December		Separate financial statements For the years ended 31 December	
	2024	2023	2024	2023
Balance - beginning of year	19,499	1,339	21,082	3,071
Increase from changes in value of				
investments during the year	17,801	18,160	6,087	18,011
	37,300	19,499	27,169	21,082
Less: Effect of deferred tax liabilities	(7,460)	(3,900)	(5,434)	(4,216)
Balance - end of year	29,840	15,599	21,735	16,866

3.24.2 Surplus on revaluation of assets

This represents surplus arising from revaluation of office condominiums. The surplus is amortised to retained earnings on a straight-line basis over the remaining life of the related assets.

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

	Consolidated financial statements		Separate financial statements	
	For the years end	For the years ended 31 December		led 31 December
	2024 2023		2024	2023
Balance - beginning of year	1,657,576	1,437,294	479,897	380,391
Revaluation	(146)	224,732	(31,903)	100,346
Transfer to retained earnings	(9,303)	(4,450)	(2,322)	(840)
	1,648,127	1,657,576	445,672	479,897
Less: Effect of deferred tax liabilities	(329,625)	(331,515)	(89,137)	(95,980)
Balance - end of year	1,318,502	1,326,061	356,535	383,917

3.25 Interest income

Interest income in the statements of comprehensive income for the years ended 31 December 2024 and 2023 consisted of the following:

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

	Consolidated fina	ancial statements	Separate financial statements		
	For the years end	ded 31 December	For the years ended 31 December		
	2024 2023		2024	2023	
Interbank and money market items	914,577	767,479	223	421	
Investments in debt securities	199,653	159,090	16,567	7,118	
Loans to customers	11,581,082	10,286,349	168,415	126,565	
Hire purchase receivables	6,318,278	6,568,248			
Total interest income	19,013,590	17,781,166	185,205	134,104	

Interest income for the years ended 31 December 2024 and 2023 included interest income on credit-impaired financial assets amounting to Baht 539 million and Baht 549 million, respectively. The subsidiaries fully recognised expected credit loss on such interest income.

3.26 Interest expenses

Interest expenses in the statements of comprehensive income for the years ended 31 December 2024 and 2023 consisted of the following:

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

	Consolidated financial statements For the years ended 31 December		Separate financial statements For the years ended 31 December	
	2024	2023	2024	2023
Deposits	4,157,859	2,856,725	-	-
Interbank and money market items	33,989	21,949	81,685	37,286
Contribution fee to the Deposit				
Protection Agency and the Bank of				
Thailand	981,012	954,061	-	-
Issued debt securities				
- Subordinated debentures	99,392	184,235	-	-
- Unsubordinated debentures	132,033	157,792	124,895	122,792
Borrowings	905	904	-	-
Others	38,544	32,728	329	9
Total interest expenses	5,443,734	4,208,394	206,909	160,087

3.27 Net fee and service income

Net fee and service income in the statements of comprehensive income for the years ended 31 December 2024 and 2023 consisted of the following:

	Consolidated final	ncial statements	Separate financial statements		
	For the years ended 31 December		For the years ended 31 December		
	2024 2023		2024	2023	
Fee and service income					
- Acceptance, aval and guarantees	24,789	21,928	-	-	
- Insurance service	2,477,393	2,523,582	-	-	
- Brokerage fee	511,885	579,527	-	-	
- Fund management	1,499,333	1,453,774	-	-	
- Others	895,341	732,046		-	
Total fee and service income	5,408,741	5,310,857	-	-	
Fee and service expenses					
- Information service expenses	(19,417)	(18,064)	-	-	
- Others	(417,871)	(425,306)	(15,970)	(19,317)	
Total fee and service expenses	(437,288)	(443,370)	(15,970)	(19,317)	
Net fee and service income	4,971,453	4,867,487	(15,970)	(19,317)	

3.28 Net gain (loss) on financial instruments measured at fair value through profit or loss

Net gain (loss) on financial instruments measured at fair value through profit or loss in the statements of comprehensive income for the years ended 31 December 2024 and 2023 consisted of the following:

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

	Consolidated financial statements For the years ended 31 December		Separate financial statements For the years ended 31 December	
	2024	2023	2024	2023
Gain (loss) on trading and foreign				
exchange transactions				
- Foreign currencies and derivatives				
on foreign exchange	(79,020)	(81,220)	(644)	(11,056)
- Debt instruments	39,107	27,360	10,618	-
- Equity instruments	354,259	24,718	115,598	(29,703)
- Others		(22)		-
Net gain (loss) on financial instruments				
measured at fair value through profit				
or loss	314,346	(29,164)	125,572	(40,759)

3.29 Net gain on investments

Net gain on investments in the statements of comprehensive income for the years ended 31 December 2024 and 2023 consisted of the following:

			(Unit:	Thousand Baht)
	Consolidated fina	incial statements	Separate financial statements	
	For the years end	led 31 December	For the years end	ded 31 December
	2024 2023		2024	2023
Gain on derecognition				
- Debt instruments measured at				
fair value through other				
comprehensive income	632	1,092	-	-
- Debt instruments measured at				
amortised cost	2,290	4,265		
Net gain on investments	2,922	5,357		-

3.30 Expected credit loss

Expected credit loss and gain or loss from the modifications of terms of financial assets in the statements of comprehensive income for the years ended 31 December 2024 and 2023 consisted of the following:

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

	Consolidated financial statements		Separate financial statements	
	For the years ended 31 December		For the years ended 31 December	
	2024	2023	2024	2023
Expected credit loss				
- Interbank and money market				
items (reversal)	(138)	218	(266)	277
- Investments in debt instruments				
measured at amortised cost				
(reversal)	(39)	(172)	-	-
- Investments in debt instruments				
measured at fair value through				
other comprehensive income				
and accrued interest receivables				
(reversal)	(67,762)	3,348	(60,476)	2,988
- Loans to customers (1)	1,408,677	357,156	1,300	871
- Other receivables	1,508	9,159	-	-
Gain from the modification of terms				
- Loans to customers	(3,606)	(25,447)	-	-
Loan commitments and financial				
guarantees	36,867	15,220		-
Total	1,375,507	359,482	(59,442)	4,136

⁽¹⁾ Net of bad debt recovery

3.31 Income tax expenses

Income tax expenses of the Group for the years ended 31 December 2024 and 2023 are as follows:

	Consolidated fina	ncial statements	Separate finan	cial statements
	For the years ended 31 December		For the years ended 31 December	
	2024	2023	2024	2023
Current income tax:				
Income tax expenses for the year	1,650,086	1,866,714	115,834	65,819
Deferred tax:				
Deferred tax on temporary				
differences and reversion of				
temporary differences	43,590	(78,319)	61,428	66,524
Income tax expenses reported in the				
statement of comprehensive income	1,693,676	1,788,395	177,262	132,343

The amounts of income tax relating to each component of other comprehensive income for the years ended 31 December 2024 and 2023 are as follows:

Gain on valuation of investments in debt instruments measured at fair

Changes in surplus on revaluation

Income tax expenses recorded

directly to other comprehensive

income

of assets

Actuarial loss

income

Consolidated financial statements Separate financial statements For the years ended 31 December For the years ended 31 December 2024 2023 2024 2023 value through other comprehensive (3,560)(3,632)(1,218)(3,602)

(44,946)

7,597

(40,981)

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

(20,069)

(23,393)

278

6,380

4,842

10,004

A reconciliation between income tax expenses and the product of accounting profit multiplied by the applicable tax rate for the years ended 31 December 2024 and 2023 is as follows:

29

28,691

25,160

(Unit: Thousand Baht) Consolidated financial statements Separate financial statements

	Consolidated ilitaricial statements		Separate illianciai statements		
	For the years ended 31 December		For the years end	ed 31 December	
	2024	2023	2024	2023	
Accounting profit before tax	8,595,374	9,089,997	6,483,801	6,816,487	
Applicable tax rate	20%	20%	20%	20%	
Accounting profit before tax multiplied					
by applicable tax rate	1,719,075	1,818,000	1,296,760	1,363,297	
Income tax effects:					
Tax effect of net tax-exempt income,					
net disallowed expenses and					
additional expense deductions					
allowed	(13,412)	(20,043)	(1,119,498)	(1,230,954)	
Others	(11,987)	(9,562)			
Income tax expenses reported in the					
statement of comprehensive income	1,693,676	1,788,395	177,262	132,343	
Weighted average tax rate	19.70%	19.67%	2.73%	1.94%	

The components of deferred tax assets/liabilities are as follows:

Others

Deferred tax assets

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

	(Unit: Thousand Baht)			
_	Consolidated financial statements			
			Changes in de	eferred tax
			assets/liabilities	reported in
			profit or loss fo	r the years
	As at 31 De	ecember	ended 31 De	ecember
	2024	2023	2024	2023
Allowance for expected credit loss	258,866	259,844	(978)	(23,454)
Allowance for impairment of investments	23,201	24,321	(1,120)	-
Allowance for impairment of properties foreclosed	2	9	(7)	(21)
Non-accrual of interest income	2,841	2,907	(66)	(1,175)
Depreciation of assets	(58,587)	(57,392)	(1,195)	3,586
Gain on changes in fair value of investment properties	(3,856)	(3,906)	50	167
Surplus on revaluation of assets	(335,941)	(337,831)	-	-
Surplus on changes in value of investments	(7,460)	(3,900)	-	-
Gain on changes in value of investments	(233,154)	(162,109)	(71,045)	(43,071)
Deferred commission and direct expenses incurred				
at the initiation of hire purchase	(37,252)	(59,395)	22,143	48,208
Unearned interest income on hire purchase	562	3,125	(2,563)	(10,101)
Loss on disposal of properties foreclosed	45,979	54,592	(8,613)	6,072
Reduction of subsidiaries' share capital	21,435	21,435	-	-
Accrued expenses	550,647	604,275	(53,628)	9,798
Employee benefit expenses	449,935	382,556	38,688	36,209
Others	174,832	140,088	34,744	52,101
Deferred tax assets	852,050	868,619	(43,590)	78,319
-				
			(Unit: Tho	usand Baht)
-		Separate financ	al statements	
			Changes in de	eferred tax
			assets/liabilities	reported in
			profit or loss fo	r the years
-	As at 31 De	ecember	ended 31 De	ecember
-	2024	2023	2024	2023
Allowance for expected credit loss	25,473	37,361	(11,888)	827
Allowance for impairment of investments	21,732	21,732	-	-
Depreciation of assets	(48,932)	(47,699)	(1,233)	(2,952)
Gain on changes in fair value of investment properties	(97,967)	(97,025)	(942)	(4,943)
Surplus on revaluation of assets	(89,133)	(95,980)	-	=
Surplus on changes in value of investments	(5,434)	(4,216)	-	-
(Gain) loss on changes in value of investments	(5,920)	17,199	(23,119)	(32,162)
Reduction of subsidiaries' share capital	21,435	21,435	-	-
Accrued expenses	205,218	229,379	(24,161)	(31,195)
Employee benefit expenses	67,495	61,119	1,534	3,254

30

93,997

1,649

144,954

(1,619)

(61,428)

647

(66,524)

3.32 Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing profit for the year attributable to equity holders of the Company (excluding other comprehensive income) by the weighted average number of ordinary shares and preference shares in issue during the year.

The rights and benefits of the preference shareholders have been equal to those of the ordinary shareholders.

	Consolidated financial statements		Separate financial statements	
	For the years ended 31 December		For the years ended 31 December	
	2024 2023		2024	2023
Profit attributable to equity holders				
of the Company (Thousand Baht)	6,901,275	7,301,113	6,306,539	6,684,144
Weighted average number of shares				
(Thousand shares)	800,655	800,655	800,655	800,655
Basic earnings per share (Baht/share)	8.62	9.12	7.88	8.35

3.33 Related party transactions

The relationships between the Company and its related parties

Name of related parties	Relationship
TISCO Bank Public Company Limited	Subsidiary company
TISCO Securities Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary company
TISCO Asset Management Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary company
Hi-Way Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary company
TISCO Insurance Solution Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary company
TISCO Information Technology Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary company
TISCO Learning Center Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary company
All-Ways Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary company
Primus Leasing Co., Ltd. (In the process of liquidation)	Subsidiary company
TISCO Tokyo Leasing Co., Ltd.	Joint venture company

As at 31 December 2024 and 2023, the balances of accounts between the Company and its related companies are as follows:

(Unit: Thousand Baht)
Consolidated financial statements

as at 31 December

	2024	2023
Outstanding balances		
Joint venture company		
Deposits	2,516	4,100
Commitments - financial guarantees	8,000	8,000
Management - departmental managers upward		
Loans (1)	28,219	20,208
Directors and management - departmental managers upward		
Deposits	652,819	606,203
Companies which directors or their related persons		
have significant influence over		
Deposits	63,086	340,720
Related persons of directors and key management		
Deposits	65,886	65,699

⁽¹⁾ Including employee welfare loans and normal loans.

(Unit: Thousand Baht)
Separate financial statements
as at 31 December

	2024	2023
Outstanding balances		
(Eliminated from the consolidated financial statements)		
Subsidiaries		
Interbank and money market items - net (assets)		
TISCO Bank Public Company Limited	36,537	564,460
Loans to customers		
Hi-way Co., Ltd.	5,960,000	4,960,000
Dividend receivables		
TISCO Bank Public Company Limited	2,156,205	2,524,785
TISCO Securities Co., Ltd.	100,000	60,000
TISCO Asset Management Co., Ltd.	709,996	649,996
Hi-Way Co., Ltd.	273,000	540,000
TISCO Insurance Solution Co., Ltd.	309,989	289,990
TISCO Information Technology Co., Ltd.	161,995	114,996
TISCO Learning Center Co., Ltd.	29,998	64,996
All-Ways Co., Ltd.	27,000	-
Other assets		
TISCO Bank Public Company Limited	141,708	161,125
TISCO Learning Center Co., Ltd.	321	393
Interbank and money market items (liabilities)		
TISCO Bank Public Company Limited	4,240,000	-
Other liabilities		
TISCO Learning Center Co., Ltd.	457	604
All-Ways Co., Ltd.	823	-

The Company has credit line obligations granted to companies in the Group, consisting of TISCO Securities Co., Ltd., TISCO Asset Management Co., Ltd., Hi-Way Co., Ltd., TISCO Information Technology Co., Ltd., TISCO Insurance Solution Co., Ltd. and All-Ways Co., Ltd. As at 31 December 2024 and 2023, total credit lines granted to all companies in the Group must not exceed Baht 12,000 million.

Loans to related companies

As at 31 December 2024 and 2023, the balances of loans between the Company and its related companies and their movements are as follows:

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

	For the year ended 31 December 2024					
	Balance -			Balance -		
	beginning of year	Increase	Decrease	end of year		
Subsidiaries						
Loans						
Hi-Way Co., Ltd.	4,960,000	27,090,000	(26,090,000)	5,960,000		
			(U	nit: Thousand Baht)		
		For the year ended	31 December 2023			
	Balance -			Balance -		
	beginning of year	Increase	Decrease	end of year		
Subsidiaries						
Loans						
Hi-Way Co., Ltd.	4,290,000	1,270,000	(600,000)	4,960,000		

Borrowings from related companies

As at 31 December 2024 and 2023, the balances of borrowings between the Company and its related companies (Interbank and money market items) and their movements are as follows:

(Unit: Thousand Baht) For the year ended 31 December 2024 Balance -Balance beginning of year end of year Increase Decrease **Subsidiaries** Borrowings TISCO Bank Public Company Limited 66,160,000 (61,920,000)4,240,000 (Unit: Thousand Baht) For the year ended 31 December 2023 Balance -Balance -Increase beginning of year Decrease end of year **Subsidiaries** Borrowings TISCO Bank Public Company Limited 550,000 4,710,000 (5,260,000)

During the years, the Company had significant business transactions with related parties. Such transactions, which are summarised below, were concluded on bases agreed upon between the Company and those related parties.

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

					,
	Consoli	dated	ted Separate		
	financial sta	atements	financial	statements	
	For the yea	rs ended	For the ye	ears ended	
	31 Dece	ember	31 De	cember	Terms and pricing policies
	2024	2023	2024	2023	
Transactions occurred during					
the years					
Joint venture company					
Other income	8,949	8,594	-	-	With reference to the terms and prices as offered to
					other customers
Subsidiaries					
(Eliminated from the					
consolidated financial					
statements)					
Interest income	-	-	168,638	126,986	With reference to the terms and prices as offered to other customers
Risk and financial management	_	_	2,448,047	2,361,821	Determined on market prices
fee income, human resources			_, ,	_,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	and/or actual costs in
management fee income and					compliance with the criteria
office administration fee income					specified by the BOT
Rental income	_	_	77,308	74,433	With reference to the terms
Trontal moone			77,000	74,400	and prices as offered to other customers
Computer system advisory	-	-	428,000	386,000	Determined on actual costs in
service expenses					compliance with the criteria specified by the BOT
Training expenses	-	-	7,968	11,495	With reference to the prices as
					offered from other service providers
Interest expenses	-	-	81,685	37,283	With reference to the terms and prices as offered to other customers
Other expenses	-	-	4,747	1,808	With reference to the terms and prices as offered to other customers

Directors' and key management's benefits

During the years ended 31 December 2024 and 2023, the Group had short-term benefit expenses and post-employment benefit expenses to its directors and key management as follows:

(Unit: Million Baht)

	Consolidated fina	ncial statements	Separate financial statements		
	For the years end	led 31 December	For the years end	ed 31 December	
	2024	2023	2024	2023	
Short-term benefits	831	813	459	461	
Post-employment benefits	74	70	36	35	
Total	905	883	495	496	

The Group has other employee benefit expenses to its directors and key management recognised in profit or loss during the years ended 31 December 2024 and 2023 amounting to Baht 79 million and Baht 75 million, respectively (Separate financial statements: Baht 51 million and Baht 54 million, respectively).

3.34 Segment information

Operating segment information is reported in a manner consistent with the internal reports that are regularly reviewed by the chief operating decision maker in order to make decisions about the allocation of resources to the segment and assess its performance. The chief operating decision maker has been identified as the Group Chief Executive of TISCO Group.

For management purposes, the Group operates four main businesses as follows:

- Commercial banking business: Provides financial services under the Commercial Banking Business license. Banking services are provided through TISCO Bank Public Company Limited headquarter and its branches.
- Securities business: Provides securities business services under the Securities Business license. These businesses are serviced through the headquarter and branches of a subsidiary across the country.
- 3. Asset management business: Provides asset management services.
- 4. Support business: Provides all governance and support functions of the Group.

The Group has aggregated operating segments that have similar economic characteristics and are similar in the other respects required by the Thai Financial Reporting Standard.

The chief operating decision maker monitors the operating results of the business units separately for the purpose of making decisions about resource allocation and assessing performance. Segment performance is measured based on operating profit or loss and total assets and on a basis consistent with that used to measure operating profit or loss and total assets in the financial statements. However, the Group's income taxes are managed on a group basis; therefore, income tax expenses are not allocated to operating segments.

The basis of accounting for any transactions between reportable segments is consistent with that for third party transactions.

The Group operates in Thailand only. As a result, all the revenues and assets as reflected in the financial statements pertain exclusively to this geographical reportable segment.

During the years ended 31 December 2024 and 2023, the Group did not have income from any customers amounting to or over 10 percent of its income.

Revenue and profit information regarding the Group's operating segments for the years ended 31 December 2024 and 2023 is as follows:

(Unit: Million Baht)

	For the year ended 31 December 2024							
	Commercial							
	banking and		Asset				Consolidated	
	lending	Securities	management	Support	Total		financial	
	business	business	business	business	segments	Eliminations	statements	
Revenue:								
External customers	16,711	692	1,712	111	19,226	-	19,226	
Inter-segment	1,415	(1)	(48)	9,478	10,844	(10,844)	=	
Total revenue	18,126	691	1,664	9,589	30,070	(10,844)	19,226	
Operating results:								
Net interest income	13,468	83	17	(13)	13,555	15	13,570	
Net fee and service income	4,173	587	1,634	1,330	7,724	(2,753)	4,971	
Other operating income	485	21	13	8,272	8,791	(8,106)	685	
Total operating income	18,126	691	1,664	9,589	30,070	(10,844)	19,226	
Premises and equipment								
expenses and amortisation	(1,706)	(84)	(36)	(1,008)	(2,834)	1,183	(1,651)	
Other operating expenses	(8,661)	(477)	(668)	(1,881)	(11,687)	4,083	(7,604)	
Expected credit loss	(1,457)	-	-	59	(1,398)	22	(1,376)	
Total operating expenses	(11,824)	(561)	(704)	(2,830)	(15,919)	5,288	(10,631)	
Segment profit before								
income tax expenses	6,302	130	960	6,759	14,151	(5,556)	8,595	
Income tax expenses							(1,694)	
Non-controlling interests of								
the subsidiaries								
Profit for the year - equity he	olders of the C	ompany					6,901	

For the ye	ar ended 31	December	2023
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	Commercial						
	banking and		Asset				Consolidated
	lending	Securities	management	Support	Total		financial
	business	business	business	business	segments	Eliminations	statements
Revenue:							
External customers	16,628	619	1,623	(80)	18,790	-	18,790
Inter-segment	1,075	4	(47)	9,919	10,951	(10,951)	
Total revenue	17,703	623	1,576	9,839	29,741	(10,951)	18,790
Operating results:							
Net interest income	13,502	77	10	(17)	13,572	1	13,573
Net fee and service income	3,848	559	1,556	1,267	7,230	(2,363)	4,867
Other operating income	353	(13)	10	8,589	8,939	(8,589)	350
Total operating income	17,703	623	1,576	9,839	29,741	(10,951)	18,790
Premises and equipment							
expenses and amortisation	(1,613)	(82)	(41)	(1,003)	(2,739)	1,106	(1,633)
Other operating expenses	(8,516)	(441)	(675)	(1,762)	(11,394)	3,686	(7,708)
Expected credit loss	(354)	-	-	(4)	(358)	(1)	(359)
Total operating expenses	(10,483)	(523)	(716)	(2,769)	(14,491)	4,791	(9,700)
Comment profit before							
Segment profit before	7 220	100	860	7.070	15 250	(C 1CO)	9,090
income tax expenses	7,220	100	000	7,070	15,250	(6,160)	•
Income tax expenses							(1,788)
Non-controlling interests of							(4)
the subsidiaries							(1)
Profit for the year - equity he	olders of the C	ompany					7,301

Total assets information regarding the Group's operating segments as at 31 December 2024 and 2023 is as follows:

(Unit: Million Baht)

						(0111	t. Willion Bant)
			As at	31 December	2024		
	Commercial						
	banking and		Asset				Consolidated
	lending	Securities	management	Support	Total		financial
	business	business	business	business	segments	Eliminations	statements
Segment total assets	279,786	2,258	1,900	34,161	318,105	(36,228)	281,877
Premises and equipment - net	1,087	16	257	787	2,147	997	3,144
			As at	31 December	2023	(Uni	t: Million Baht)
	Commercial		710 01	OT BECOMBE	2020		
	banking and		Asset				Consolidated
	lending	Securities	management	Support	Total		financial
	business	business	business	business	segments	Eliminations	statements
Segment total assets	284,310	2,700	1,774	34,014	322,798	(32,074)	290,724

253

885

2,245

934

3,179

3.35 Provident fund

Premises and equipment - net

1,086

21

The Company, its eight subsidiaries and their employees have jointly established provident funds in accordance with the Provident Fund Act B.E. 2530. The Company and its subsidiaries and the employees contribute to the funds monthly at the rates of 5 to 15 percent of the employees' salaries, in accordance with the rules prescribed in the funds' articles. The provident funds of the Company and its subsidiaries, totalling eight companies, are managed by TISCO Asset Management Company Limited, and the fund of another subsidiary is managed by Bangkok Bank Public Company Limited. The funds will be paid to the employees upon termination in accordance with the fund rules. During the years ended 31 December 2024 and 2023, the Group recognised the contributions as expenses totalling Baht 399 million and Baht 376 million, respectively (Separate financial statements: Baht 56 million and Baht 54 million, respectively).

3.36 Commitments and contingent liabilities

3.36.1 Avals, guarantees and commitments

(Unit: Thousand Baht)
Consolidated financial statements

6.701.860

as at 31 December

13.945.020

	2024	2023
Avals to bills	364,740	230,502
Other guarantees	2,846,525	1,570,840
Undrawn client overdraft facilities	25,000	-
Foreign exchange contracts (Note 3.37.4)	2,771,366	2,386,981
Others	7,937,389	2,513,537

3.36.2 Litigation

Total

As at 31 December 2024 and 2023, the subsidiaries have been sued for compensation totalling approximately Baht 203 million and Baht 206 million, respectively. Final judgements have not yet been reached in respect of these cases. The management of the Group believes that no material loss will be incurred as a result of the mentioned lawsuits. The management has exercised judgements in assessing the possible loss to the Group and recorded the amount under "Provisions" as presented in Note 3.21 to the financial statements.

3.36.3 Other commitments

The subsidiaries have commitments in relation to computer service agreements, whereby they are to pay both fixed fees and service fees which vary according to the quantity and type of services, as stipulated in the agreements.

3.37 Risk management

3.37.1 Credit risk

Credit Risk is defined as the possibility that the obligor or borrower will be unable to comply with the terms and conditions of agreements, causing them to be unable to settle liabilities to the Group when due or to deliberately breach the terms of payment to the Group. If this occurs without collateral coverage, the Group will need to increase its bad debt provisions, adversely impacting the net income and capital of the Group.

Credit Risk Management Framework

The Risk Management Committee has been appointed to oversee credit risk management of the overall portfolio. The committee is responsible for formulating credit risk strategies and establishing guidelines and limits, as well as advising other credit risk authorities on related issues. It also monitors and reviews credit risks at the portfolio level and reports essential credit risk information to the Board. In addition, the Risk Oversight Committee is to advise the Board of Directors on the risk governance framework to ensure that top management and heads of risk management functions comply with the approved risk management policy, strategies, and risk appetites, while reviewing the sufficiency and effectiveness of the overall risk management policy and strategies. The Risk Oversight Committee is also to report to the Board of Directors on risk exposures and to participate in evaluation of the performance of the heads of the risk management functions.

Specific-area credit risk at in-depth transaction level is under the supervision of the Credit Committee and the Problem Loan Committee. The Credit Committee is responsible for reviewing and granting credit approvals, and may delegate its authority to oversee credit risk to designated persons for lower-risk transactions. In addition, the Problem Loan Committee was set up to closely monitor and follow up on overdue payments of problem loan accounts and properties foreclosed.

The credit risk assessment processes are key practices of the Group which include credit rating, delinquency analysis, concentration analysis and risk capital analysis. The Group is aware of the importance of the credit risk assessment process and so all credit activities must operate under a sound credit approval process in which an effective credit rating system is employed. In the retail lending area, quantitative-oriented approaches to credit grading are implemented, considering homogenous high-volume characteristics at the portfolio level. In the corporate lending area, qualitative-oriented credit grading approaches are employed, taking into account the widely varying risk profiles.

Concentration risk is another key factor in credit portfolio risk management. Appropriate guidelines are set to control credit concentration, taking into account appropriateness to and alignment with business practices and the Group's capital. In addition, the Group uses credit risk management guidelines and limits that are comprehensively and strictly applied to all credit-related functions both at the portfolio and transactional levels, as well as monitoring and managing problem loan and properties foreclosed.

The maximum exposure to credit risk

The table below shows the maximum exposure to credit risk for recognised and unrecognised financial instruments. The maximum exposure is shown at gross before both the effect of mitigation through use of master netting and collateral arrangements.

For financial assets recognised on the statement of financial position, the maximum exposure to credit risk equals their gross carrying amount before deductions of allowance for expected credit loss.

For loan commitments that are irrevocable over the life of the respective facilities, the maximum exposure to credit risk is the full amount of the committed facilities.

As at 31 December 2024 and 2023, the exposure to credit risk is as follows:

			(Unit: Million Ba			
	Consolidated fina	ncial statements	Separate financial statements as at 31 December			
	as at 31 D	ecember				
	2024	2023	2024	2023		
Interbank and money market items (Assets)	39,775	48,491	40	564		
Investments in debt instruments measured at						
fair value through other comprehensive						
income	4,495	3,314	188	220		
Investments in debt instruments measured at						
amortised cost	9	9	-	-		
Loans to customers and accrued interest						
receivables	234,085	236,744	5,960	4,960		
Securities and derivatives business receivables	448	497	-	-		
Other assets - receivables from clearing house	-	412	-	-		
Other assets - accrued interest receivables						
on investments	7	13	-	8		
Other assets - fee and service receivables	491	483	142	161		
Other assets - other receivables	637	708	<u> </u>	-		
Total financial assets	279,947	290,671	6,330	5,913		
Loan commitments	8,335	2,752	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>		
Total credit risk exposure	288,282	293,423	6,330	5,913		

Collateral and any operations to increase creditability

The Group has held collateral and any operations to increase creditability of exposure to risk. The details of the expesure to risk with collateral held by the Group for each type of financial assets are as follows:

(Unit: Million Baht)

	as at 31 December		
	2024	2023	Type of collateral
Interbank and money market items	36,214	44,326	Bonds
Loans to customers and accrued	232,178	234,003	Motor vehicles, land and
interest receivables			buildings deposits securities

Exposure to risk with collateral

Credit quality analysis

Credit risk refers to the risk that a customer or a counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting in a financial loss to the Group. The Group has adopted the policy to prevent this risk by performing credit analysis from customers' information and follow-up on customer status consistently.

The table below shows the credit quality of financial assets exposed to credit risk, the amounts presented for financial assets are gross carrying amount (before allowance for expected credit loss). For loan commitments, the amounts in the table represent the amounts committed.

				(Ur	nit: Million Baht
	(Consolidated finan	cial statements as a	t 31 December 2024	
	Financial	Financial			
	assets with	assets with	Financial	Financial	
	no significant	significant	assets	assets applying	
	increase in	increase in	that are	a simplified	
	credit risk	credit risk	credit-impaired	approach	Total
Interbank and money market items (Assets)					
Investment grade	39,775	-	-	-	39,775
Non-investment grade				<u> </u>	-
Total	39,775	-	-	-	39,775
Allowance for expected credit loss	1	-	-	-	1
Investments in debt instruments measured					
at fair value through other comprehensive					
income					
Investment grade	4,284	-	-	-	4,284
Non-investment grade			211	<u> </u>	211
Total	4,284		211	<u> </u>	4,495
Allowance for expected credit loss	-	-	141	-	141
Investments in debt instruments measured					
at amortised cost					
Investment grade	-	-	-	-	-
Non-investment grade	-		9	- -	9
Total			9		9
Allowance for expected credit loss	-	-	9	-	9
Loans to customers and accrued interest					
receivables					
0 day overdue	197,464	1,592	236	-	199,292
1 - 30 days overdue	11,818	2,729	142	-	14,689
31 - 60 days overdue	-	10,324	174	-	10,498
61 - 90 days overdue	-	4,399	193	-	4,592
Over 90 days overdue		-	5,014		5,014
Total	209,282	19,044	5,759	<u> </u>	234,085
Allowance for expected credit loss	3,431	2,831	2,224	-	8,486

Consolidated f	inancial	ctatement	ac at 31	December 2024

	Consolidated infancial statement as at 31 December 2024					
	Financial	Financial				
	assets with	assets with	Financial	Financial		
	no significant	significant	assets	assets applying		
	increase in credit risk	increase in credit risk	that are credit-impaired	a simplified approach	Total	
Securities and derivatives business						
receivables						
0 day overdue	448	-	-	-	448	
1 - 30 days overdue	-	-	-	-	-	
Total	448	-	-	-	448	
Allowance for expected credit loss	-	-	-	-	-	
Other assets - accrued interest						
receivables on investments						
Investment grade	7	-	-	-	7	
Non-investment grade					-	
Total	7				7	
Allowance for expected credit loss	-	-	-	-	-	
Other assets - fee and service receivables						
0 day overdue	-	-	-	491	491	
1 - 30 days overdue	-				-	
Total				491	491	
Allowance for expected credit loss	-	-	-	-	-	
Other assets - other receivables						
0 day overdue	-	-	-	513	513	
1 - 30 days overdue	-	-	-	69	69	
31 - 90 days overdue	-	-	-	14	14	
91 - 180 days overdue	-	-	-	9	9	
Over 180 days overdue				32	32	
Total				637	637	
Allowance for expected credit loss	-	-	-	32	32	
Commitments						
Loan commitments and financial guarantees	8,332	3			8,335	
Total	8,332	3	-	<u> </u>	8,335	
Allowance for expected credit loss	62	-	-	-	62	

	Consolidated financial statements as at 31 December 2023					
	Financial	Financial				
	assets with	assets with	Financial	Financial		
	no significant	significant	assets	assets applying		
	increase in	increase in	that are	a simplified		
	credit risk	credit risk	credit-impaired	approach	Total	
Interbank and money market items (Assets)						
Investment grade	48,491	-	-	-	48,491	
Non-investment grade	-	-	-	-	-	
Total	48,491	-	-	-	48,491	
Allowance for expected credit loss	1	-	-	-	1	
Investments in debt instruments measured						
at fair value through other comprehensive						
income						
Investment grade	3,067	-	-	-	3,067	
Non-investment grade			247		247	
Total	3,067		247	<u> </u>	3,314	
Allowance for expected credit loss	-	-	200	-	200	
Investments in debt instruments measured						
at amortised cost						
Investment grade	-	-	-	-	-	
Non-investment grade			9	<u> </u>	9	
Total			9		9	
Allowance for expected credit loss	-	-	9	-	9	
Loans to customers and accrued interest receivables						
0 day overdue	196,615	2,160	157	_	198,932	
1 - 30 days overdue	14,168	2,100	87	- -	17,091	
31 - 60 days overdue		10,769	146	_	10,915	
61 - 90 days overdue	-	4,673	167	-	4,840	
Over 90 days overdue	-		4,966	-	4,966	
Total	210,783	20,438	5,523		236,744	
Allowance for expected credit loss	5,200	2,798	1,918		9,916	
Amowanice for expected credit 1055	5,200	2,130	1,510	-	5,510	

				(Ur	nit: Million Baht)
		Consolidated finance	cial statement as at	31 December 2023	
	Financial	Financial			
	assets with	assets with	Financial	Financial	
	no significant	significant	assets	assets applying	
	increase in	increase in	that are	a simplified	
	credit risk	credit risk	credit-impaired	approach	Total
Securities and derivatives business					
receivables					
0 day overdue	497	-	-	-	497
1 - 30 days overdue	-	-	-	-	-
Total	497	-	-	-	497
Allowance for expected credit loss	-	-	-	-	-
Other assets - receivables from clearing					
house					
0 day overdue	412	-	-	-	412
1 - 30 days overdue	-	-	-	-	-
Total	412	-	-	-	412
Allowance for expected credit loss	-	-	-	-	-
Other assets - accrued interest					
receivables on investments					
Investment grade	4	-	-	-	4
Non-investment grade			9		9
Total	4	-	9	-	13
Allowance for expected credit loss	-	-	9	-	9
Other assets - fee and service receivables					
0 day overdue	-	-	-	483	483
1 - 30 days overdue					-
Total			<u> </u>	483	483
Allowance for expected credit loss	-	-	-	-	-
Other assets - other receivables					
0 day overdue	-	-	-	577	577
1 - 30 days overdue	-	-	-	78	78
31 - 90 days overdue	-	-	-	14	14
91 - 180 days overdue	-	-	-	9	9
Over 180 days overdue				30	30
Total				708	708
Allowance for expected credit loss	-	-	-	30	30
Commitments					

2,750

2,750

25

Loan commitments and financial guarantees

Allowance for expected credit loss

Total

2,752

2,752

		Senarate financia	al statement as at 3		nit: Million Bant)	
	Separate financial statement as at 31 December 2024 Financial Financial					
	assets with	assets with	Financial	Financial		
	no significant	significant	assets	assets applying		
	increase in	increase in	that are	a simplified		
	credit risk	credit risk	credit-impaired	approach	Total	
Interbank and money market items (Assets)						
Investment grade	40	-	-	-	40	
Non-investment grade	-	-	-	-	-	
Total	40			-	40	
Allowance for expected credit loss	-	-	-	-	-	
Investments in debt securities measured at						
fair value through other comprehensive						
income						
Investment grade	-	-	-	-	-	
Non-investment grade	-	-	188	-	188	
Total	-	-	188	-	188	
Allowance for expected credit loss	-	-	120	-	120	
Loans to customers and accrued interest						
receivables						
0 day overdue	5,960	-	-	-	5,960	
1 - 30 days overdue						
Total	5,960			<u> </u>	5,960	
Allowance for expected credit loss	8	-	-	-	8	
Other assets - fee and service receivables						
0 day overdue	-	-	-	142	142	
1 - 30 days overdue					-	
Total	-	-	-	142	142	

Allowance for expected credit loss

	Separate financial statement as at 31 December 2023				
	Financial	Financial			
	assets with	assets with	Financial	Financial	
	no significant	significant	assets	assets applying	
	increase in	increase in	that are	a simplified	
	credit risk	credit risk	credit-impaired	approach	Total
Interbank and money market items (Assets)					
Investment grade	564	-	-	-	564
Non-investment grade	-	-	_	_	_
Total	564				564
Allowance for expected credit loss					
Allowance for expected dream loss					
Investments in debt securities measured at					
fair value through other comprehensive					
income					
Investment grade	-	-	-	-	-
Non-investment grade	-	-	220	-	220
Total			220	-	220
Allowance for expected credit loss	-	-	172	-	172
Loans to customers and accrued interest					
receivables					
0 day overdue	4,960	-	-	-	4,960
1 - 30 days overdue				-	
Total	4,960				4,960
Allowance for expected credit loss	6	-	-	-	6
Other assets - accrued interest receivables on investments					
Investment grade	-	_	-	-	_
Non-investment grade	-	-	8	-	8
Total			8	-	8
Allowance for expected credit loss	-	-	8	-	8
Other assets - fee and service receivables					
0 day overdue	-	-	-	161	161
1 - 30 days overdue	-	-	-	-	-
Total	-	-	-	161	161

Allowance for expected credit loss

TISCO Group has centralised its risk management function under the regulatory guidelines for consolidated supervision issued by the BOT. The Group manages credit risk by adopting appropriate credit control policies and procedures in the credit approval process, and by analysis of risk factors and the ability of customers to service debt.

For hire purchase receivables and other retail loans, the Group has implemented a credit scoring system, in order to enhance efficiency in the credit approval process and better reflect the credit risk. The Group also adopted a credit review process that examines and reviews the quality of loans so as to prevent and provide a remedy for problem loans in the future. Therefore, the Group does not expect to incur material financial loss from loans and guarantees of loans. In addition, the Group is not exposed to concentrations of credit risk because it has a varied customer base and a large number of customers. The maximum exposure to credit risk is limited to the carrying amount of loans to customers as stated in the financial statements.

Quality of risk from credit granted by the Group is mainly from the provision of hire purchase receivables of the subsidiary operating a banking business. The subsidiary considers risk of hire purchase receivables as follows.

The risk of hire purchase receivables with no significant increase in credit risk of the subsidiary can be classified into three groups, based on quality of risk in respect of expected loss that will be incurred within one year. These are "Very high grade", "High grade" and "Medium grade", with "Very high grade" credit defined as credit from which expected loss within one year is less than or equal to 0.2% of the balance; "High grade" as credit from which loss within one year is expected to be between 0.2% and 2.0% and "Medium grade" as credit from which loss within one year is expected to exceed 2.0% of the balance.

Credit risk of hire purchase receivables of the subsidiary classified by quality of credit is as follows:

(Unit: Million Baht)

	As at 31 De	ecember
	2024	2023
Hire purchase receivables with no significant increase in credit risk		
Very high grade	43,661	46,146
High grade	35,101	38,445
Medium grade	6,608	6,958
Subtotal	85,370	91,549
Hire purchase receivables with significant increase in credit risk	9,051	10,417
Hire purchase receivables that are credit-impaired	2,294	2,431
Total	96,715	104,397

3.37.2 Market risk

Market risk is defined as the degree of vulnerability to movements in securities market prices and interest rates, which may affect income or the capital funds of the Group. In order to effectively manage market risk, a suitable risk treatment framework is to be implemented. Market risk of both financial assets and liabilities of the Group is assessed by employing the Value at Risk (VaR) model and methodologies appropriate to the nature of risks involved. On-going Back-testing is also performed to validate the internal Value at Risk model, and stress testing is performed under various extreme scenarios as a supplement to VaR. The risk assessment and corresponding risk treatment takes into account the transaction intent as well as the market liquidity of the securities.

3.37.2.1 Market risk - Marketable portfolio

The following table shows the VaR calculation for marketable portfolio position as at the financial statements date. The VaR that the Group measures is an estimate, using a confidence level of 99%, of the potential loss that is not expected to be exceeded if the current marketable portfolio position were to be held unchanged for one year.

	Consolidated finan	cial statements	Separate financial statements			
	Market risk as at	31 December	Market risk as at	31 December		
	2024	2023	2024	2023		
Marketable financial assets						
Equity securities	164	152	145	95		
Debt securities	7	13	-	-		
Foreign currencies	62	53	62	53		

3.37.2.2 Market risk sensitivity - Interest bearing assets and liabilities

The market risk sensitivity of interest bearing assets and liabilities is measured by assessing the effect of changes in interest rates on the net interest income over one year, based on the interest bearing asset and liability positions held by the Group at the financial statements date. In making such assessment, changes in interest rates are applied prospectively and normal increases in assets and liabilities are not taken into account as presented below.

Separate financial statements

(Unit: Million Baht)

			<u> </u>				
	Increase (decrease)	in sensitivity of	Increase (decrease) in sensitivity of				
	net interest	income	net interest	income			
	as at 31 De	cember	as at 31 De	cember			
	2024	2023	2024	2023			
Change in interest rate							
Increase by 1 percent	(166.91)	(426.60)	(29.59)	(33.81)			
Decrease by 1 percent	166.91	426.60	29.59	33.81			

Consolidated financial statements

However, to better reflect a realistic business environment, the sensitivity to interest rate risk is adjusted taking into account that business growth and interest rate shift are actually gradual. The net interest rate sensitivity incurred would be less than the effect on net interest income as illustrated in the analysis. In addition, this market risk sensitivity of interest bearing assets and liabilities does not include the status of marketable debt securities, which is presented in the market risk - marketable portfolio.

3.37.2.3 Interest rate risk

The Group has the following significant exposures to interest rate risk related to financial instruments which are classified below by the periods from the financial statements date to the maturity date, or the repricing date if this occurs before the maturity date.

		Repri	cing or maturity	date		
					Non-	
	0 - 3	3 - 12	1 - 5	Over 5	interest	
Transactions	months	months	years	years	bearing	Total
Financial assets						
Cash	-	-	-	-	910	910
Interbank and money market items	37,529	-	-	-	2,246	39,775
Financial assets measured at						
fair value through profit or loss	-	-	-	-	2,559	2,559
Derivatives assets	-	-	-	-	56	56
Investments	-	2,654	57	155	1,629	4,495
Loans to customers	76,267	8,674	129,992	19,152	-	234,085
Securities and derivatives business						
receivables - net	-	-	-	-	448	448
Other assets - accrued interest						
receivables on investments	-	-	-	-	7	7
Other assets - fee and service						
receivables	-	-	-	-	491	491
Other assets - other receivables					637	637
	113,796	11,328	130,049	19,307	8,983	283,463
Financial liabilities						
Deposits	114,352	90,959	392	-	834	206,537
Interbank and money market items	1,335	34	8,612	-	684	10,665
Liabilities payable on demand	-	-	-	-	239	239
Debts issued and borrowings	5,436	-	-	2,640	-	8,076
Lease liabilities	2	19	726	265	-	1,012
Securities and derivatives business						
payables - net	-	-	-	-	233	233
Accrued interest payable	-	-	-	-	1,744	1,744
Other liabilities - payables to						
clearing house	-	-	-	-	213	213
Other liabilities - accrued insurance						
premium					433	433
	121,125	91,012	9,730	2,905	4,380	229,152

Consolidated financial statements as at 31 December 2023

	Repricing or maturity date						
	0 - 3	3 - 12	1 - 5	Over 5	Non-interest		
Transactions	months	months	years	years	bearing	Total	
Financial assets					· <u></u>		
Cash	-	-	-	-	918	918	
Interbank and money market items	45,569	-	135	-	2,787	48,491	
Financial assets measured at							
fair value through profit or loss	-	-	-	-	2,082	2,082	
Investments	-	1,653	38	210	1,413	3,314	
Loans to customers	79,076	8,646	124,756	24,266	-	236,744	
Securities and derivatives business							
receivables - net	-	-	-	-	497	497	
Other assets - receivables from							
clearing house	-	-	-	-	412	412	
Other assets - accrued interest							
receivables on investments	-	-	-	-	13	13	
Other assets - fee and service							
receivables	-	-	-	-	483	483	
Other assets - other receivables					708	708	
	124,645	10,299	124,929	24,476	9,313	293,662	
Financial liabilities							
Deposits	130,461	74,951	2,407	-	826	208,645	
Interbank and money market items	778	64	7,357	-	307	8,506	
Liabilities payable on demand	-	-	-	-	237	237	
Derivatives liabilities	-	-	-	-	29	29	
Debts issued and borrowings	12,246	-	-	5,040	-	17,286	
Lease liabilities	2	24	649	334	-	1,009	
Securities and derivatives business							
payables - net	-	-	-	-	913	913	
Accrued interest payable	-	-	-	-	1,405	1,405	
Other liabilities - accrued insurance							
premium					460	460	
	143,487	75,039	10,413	5,374	4,177	238,490	

Separate financial statements as at 31 December 2024

	Repricing or maturity date							
	0 - 3	3 - 12	1 - 5	Over 5	Non-interest			
Transactions	months	months	years	years	bearing	Total		
Financial assets								
Interbank and money market items	36	-	-	-	4	40		
Financial assets measured at								
fair value through profit or loss	-	-	-	-	780	780		
Investments	-	-	33	155	-	188		
Loans to customers	5,960	-	-	-	-	5,960		
Other assets - fee and service								
receivables					142	142		
	5,996		33	155	926	7,110		
Financial liabilities								
Interbank and money market items	4,240	-	-	-	-	4,240		
Debts issued and borrowings	5,300	-	-	-	-	5,300		
Lease liabilities	-	-	1	11	-	12		
Accrued interest payable	-	-	-	-	14	14		
	9,540	-	1	11	14	9,566		

(Unit: Million Baht)

Separate financial statements as at 31 December 2023

	Repricing or maturity date						
	0 - 3	3 - 12	1 - 5	Over 5	Non-interest		
Transactions	months	months	years	years	bearing	Total	
Financial assets							
Interbank and money market items	564	-	-	-	-	564	
Financial assets measured at							
fair value through profit or loss	-	-	-	-	547	547	
Investments	-	-	10	210	-	220	
Loans to customers	4,960	-	-	-	-	4,960	
Other assets - accrued interest							
receivables on investments	-	-	-	-	8	8	
Other assets - fee and service							
receivables					161	161	
	5,524		10	210	716	6,460	
Financial liabilities							
Debts issued and borrowings	9,410	-	-	-	-	9,410	
Accrued interest payable	-	-	-	-	40	40	
Lease liabilities	-	-	1	-	-	1	
	9,410		1		40	9,451	

Liquidity risk is uncertainty that the Group is unable to meet repayment obligations when they fall due. This could arise from a failure in asset conversion or to raise adequate fund for timely fulfillment of obligations, which could result in damages to the Group. Liquidity risk may result from both internal and external factors. Internal factors hinge on liquidity reserve and a structure of assets and liabilities. Meanwhile, external factors are mainly driven by market liquidity and confidence of depositors.

Liquidity risk management framework

The overall liquidity risk management is overseen by the Risk Management Committee. Treasury function will be responsible for ensuring that daily liquidity position complies with the risk management policy of the subsidiary operating a banking business and regulatory requirement. On the other hand, the Risk Management function will monitor and control liquidity risk based on the prescribed risk limits.

The key liquidity risk management policies involve the management of cash flow maturity profiles, deposit concentrations, liquidity reserve assets and emergency contingency plan. Liquidity risk strategies will take into account market liquidity and how unexpected changes would affect the subsidiary's risks. A manageable level of maturity mismatches of cash flows from assets and liabilities will then be consistently maintained and regularly monitored, together with the level of liquidity reserve assets. The procurement and concentration of funding sources will be well-planned to optimise risk and return. Contingency procedures for liquidity management in the times of unexpected financial crisis must be established and made ready for timely activation. In addition to the liquidity risk measurement, the subsidiary sets the limit of loan to total borrowing ratio and liquidity reserve asset level. The position of liquidity risk is monitored daily and reported to the management and other relevant functions.

The subsidiary has set stress testing scenarios for liquidity risk where the scenarios cover the subsidiary's specific scenarios and industry-based scenarios, which cause unusual cash outflow from the subsidiary.

The main sources of fund came from deposits. In the past, there was high rollover rate for matured deposits. Besides, the subsidiary also issues debentures as another source of fund. On the uses of fund, the majority of fund is used in lending business while a proportion of fund is maintained as liquidity reserve assets to cushion against liquidity risk. Moreover, the subsidiary provides credit line to other companies under TISCO Group to support liquidity position if required.

The matured liabilities are generally rolled-over with 90 percent average rollover rate. By taking into account high rollover rate, the cash outflow at maturity will be lower than those presented by contractual maturity. On the other hand, the liabilities with remaining maturity of less than three months comprise current deposits and saving deposits. Both current deposits and saving deposits are considered to be more stable than term deposits in terms of cash outflow.

3.37.3.1 Volume and composition of highly liquid assets and internal ratio

(Unit: Million Baht)

	As at 31 December			
	2024	2023		
Composition of highly liquid assets				
Cash	901	911		
Interbank and money market items	38,092	47,144		
Current investments	4,057	2,871		
Total highly liquid assets	43,050	50,926		
Liquid asset requirement according to the LCR criteria	29,002	30,548		

The subsidiary operating a banking business has a policy to maintain the highly liquid assets higher than the liquid asset requirement according to the Liquidity Coverage Ratio criteria. As at 31 December 2024 and 2023, the subsidiary has highly liquid assets higher than the liquid asset requirement according to the Liquidity Coverage Ratio criteria. In addition, the subsidiary has operating cash inflows from business, and available credit lines from other financial institutions which are available to support uncertain liquidity requirement.

3.37.3.2 Counting from the financial statements date, as at 31 December 2024 and 2023, the periods to the maturity dates of financial instruments are as follows:

	Consolidated financial statements as at 31 December 2024									
		0 - 3	3 - 12	1 - 5	Over 5		Financial assets that are credit-			
Transactions	At call	months	months	years	years	Unspecified	impaired	Total		
Financial assets										
Cash	910	-	-	-	-	-	-	910		
Interbank and money market items	2,240	37,535	-	-	-	-	-	39,775		
Financial asset measured at										
fair value through profit or loss	-	-	-	-	-	2,559	-	2,559		
Derivatives assets	-	56	-	-	-	-	-	56		
Investments	-	351	3,932	1	-	-	211	4,495		
Loans to customers	1,741	16,208	45,857	117,037	47,483	-	5,759	234,085		
Securities and derivatives business										
receivables - net	-	448	-	-	-	-	-	448		
Other assets - accrued interest										
receivables on investments	-	5	2	-	-	-	-	7		
Other assets - fee and service										
receivables	-	491	-	-	-	-	-	491		
Other assets - other receivables	124	493		6		14		637		
	5,015	55,587	49,791	117,044	47,483	2,573	5,970	283,463		

Consolidated financial statements as at 31 December 2024

							Financial	
							assets that	
		0 - 3	3 - 12	1 - 5	Over 5		are credit-	
Transactions	At call	months	months	years	years	Unspecified	impaired	Total
Financial liabilities								
Deposits	29,085	86,101	90,959	392	-	-	-	206,537
Interbank and money market items	777	1,242	34	8,612	-	-	-	10,665
Liabilities payable on demand	239	-	-	-	-	-	-	239
Debts issued and borrowings	36	5,400	-	-	2,640	-	-	8,076
Lease liabilities	-	25	197	727	63	-	-	1,012
Securities and derivatives business								
payables - net	-	233	-	-	-	-	-	233
Accrued interest payable	18	1,012	707	7	-	-	-	1,744
Other liabilities - payables to								
clearing house	-	213	-	-	-	-	-	213
Other liabilities - accrued insurance								
premium	-	433						433
	30,155	94,659	91,897	9,738	2,703			229,152
Commitments and contingent								
liabilities								
Avals to bills and other guarantees	10	377	41	14	-	2,769	-	3,211
Other commitments	1,114	161	2,992	3,242	3,225	-	-	10,734

Consolidated financial statements as at 31 Decem	ıber 2023
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							Financial	
							assets that	
		0 - 3	3 - 12	1 - 5	Over 5		are credit-	
Transactions	At call	months	months	years	years	Unspecified	impaired	Total
Financial assets								
Cash	918	-	-	-	-	-	-	918
Interbank and money market items	3,028	45,463	-	-	-	-	-	48,491
Financial asset measured at								
fair value through profit or loss	-	-	-	-	-	2,082	-	2,082
Investments	-	328	2,738	1	-	-	247	3,314
Loans to customers	1,768	16,636	45,070	122,775	44,972	-	5,523	236,744
Securities and derivatives business								
receivables - net	-	497	-	-	-	-	-	497
Other assets - receivables from								
clearing house	-	412	-	-	-	-	-	412
Other assets - accrued interest								
receivables on investments	-	1	3	-	-	-	9	13
Other assets - fee and service								
receivables	-	483	-	-	-	-	-	483
Other assets - other receivables	132	550	7	5		14		708
	5,846	64,370	47,818	122,781	44,972	2,096	5,779	293,662

Consolidated financial statements as at 31 December 21	nber 2023
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Separate financial statements as at 31 December 2024

							Financial	
							assets that	
		0 - 3	3 - 12	1 - 5	Over 5		are credit-	
Transactions	At call	months	months	years	years	Unspecified	impaired	Total
Financial liabilities								
Deposits	31,728	99,559	74,951	2,407	-	-	-	208,645
Interbank and money market items	932	153	64	7,357	-	-	-	8,506
Liabilities payable on demand	237	-	-	-	-	-	-	237
Derivatives liabilities	-	29	-	-	-	-	-	29
Debts issued and borrowings	36	12,210	-	-	5,040	-	-	17,286
Lease liabilities	-	22	177	734	76	-	-	1,009
Securities and derivatives business								
payables - net	-	913	-	-	-	-	-	913
Accrued interest payable	27	746	622	10	-	-	-	1,405
Other liabilities - accrued insurance								
premium		460						460
	32,960	114,092	75,814	10,508	5,116	-	-	238,490
Commitments and contingent								
liabilities								
Avals to bills and other guarantees	-	239	52	8	1	1,501	-	1,801
Other commitments	759	2,461	382	1,226	73	-	-	4,901

(Unit: Million Baht)

Financial

assets that 0 - 3 3 - 12 1 - 5 Over 5 are credit-Transactions At call months months years Unspecified impaired Total years Financial assets Interbank and money market items 40 40 Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss 780 780 Investments 188 188 Loans to customers 5,960 5,960 Other assets - fee and service receivables 142 142 780 188 7,110 6,000 142 Financial liabilities Interbank and money market items 4,240 4,240 Debts issued and borrowings 5,300 5,300

2

2

14

5,314

4,240

9

9

1

1

Lease liabilities

Accrued interest payable

12

14

9,566

Separate financial statement	s as at 31 December 2023	
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		_					-	
							Financial assets that	
		0 - 3	2 42	1 - 5	Over 5			
			3 - 12		Over 5		are credit-	
Transactions	At call	months	months	years	years	Unspecified	impaired	Total
Financial assets								
Interbank and money market items	564	-	-	-	-	-	-	564
Financial assets measured at								
fair value through profit or loss	-	-	-	-	-	547	-	547
Investments	-	-	-	-	-	-	220	220
Loans to customers	4,960	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,960
Other assets - accrued interest								
receivables on investments	-	-	-	-	-	-	8	8
Other assets - fee and service								
receivables		161						161
	5,524	161	-	-	-	547	228	6,460
Financial liabilities								
Debts issued and borrowings	-	9,410	-	-	-	-	-	9,410
Lease liabilities	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	1
Accrued interest payable		40						40
	-	9,450		1	-	-		9,451
		$\overline{}$						

Regarding the disclosure of the Financial Business Group's Liquidity Coverage Ratio as at 31 December 2024, it will be disclosed via the Company's website by April 2025.

3.37.4 Derivatives

As at 31 December 2024 and 2023, the subsidiary operating a banking business has a policy to enter into foreign exchange contracts to manage the risk associated with its financial assets. The subsidiary classified them as trading derivatives and measured them at fair value through profit or loss, as follows:

	As at 31 December 2024	
Maturity	Notional amount	Gain on measurement of fair value
Year 2025	2,771	56
		(Unit: Million Baht)
	As at 31 December 2023	
Maturity	Notional amount	Loss on measurement of fair value
Year 2024	2,387	(29)

3.38 Fair value hierarchy

3.38.1 As at 31 December 2024 and 2023, the Group has assets and liabilities that are measured or disclosed at fair value using different levels of inputs as follows:

	Consolidated financial statements						
	As at 31 December 2024						
	Book	Fair value					
	value	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total		
Financial assets measured at fair value				-			
Financial assets measured at fair value							
through profit or loss							
Equity instruments	2,019	600	-	1,419	2,019		
Unit trusts	540	487	53	-	540		
Derivatives assets							
Foreign exchange contracts	56	_	56	-	56		
Investments - debt instruments	4,495	-	4,284	211	4,495		
Assets measured at fair value	•		•		,		
Investment properties	23	_	-	23	23		
Office condominiums	2,535	_	-	2,535	2,535		
Financial assets for which fair value	·			•	·		
is disclosed							
Cash	910	910	-	-	910		
Interbank and money market items	39,774	2,240	37,534	-	39,774		
Loans to customers and accrued interest							
receivables	225,598	-	75,513	149,966	225,479		
Securities and derivatives business							
receivables - net	448	-	448	-	448		
Other assets - accrued interest receivables							
on investments	7	-	7	-	7		
Other assets - fee and service receivables	491	-	491	-	491		
Other assets - other receivables	605	-	605	-	605		
Financial liabilities for which fair value							
is disclosed							
Deposits	206,537	28,716	177,821	-	206,537		
Interbank and money market items	10,665	777	9,888	-	10,665		
Liabilities payable on demand	239	239	-	-	239		
Debts issued and borrowings	8,076	-	7,841	-	7,841		
Securities and derivatives business							
payables - net	233	-	233	-	233		
Accrued interest payable	1,744	3	1,741	-	1,744		
Other liabilities - receivables from clearing							
house	213	-	213	-	213		
Other liabilities - accrued insurance premium	433	-	433	-	433		

Consolidated financial statements

	As at 31 December 2023					
	Book	Fair value				
	value	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total	
Financial assets measured at fair value						
Financial assets measured at fair value						
through profit or loss						
Equity instruments	1,635	574	-	1,061	1,635	
Unit trusts	447	393	54	-	447	
Investments - debt instruments	3,314	-	3,067	247	3,314	
Financial liabilities measured at fair value						
Derivatives liabilities						
Foreign exchange contracts	29	-	29	-	29	
Assets measured at fair value						
Investment properties	24	-	-	24	24	
Office condominiums	2,563	-	-	2,563	2,563	
Financial assets for which fair value						
is disclosed						
Cash	918	918	-	-	918	
Interbank and money market items	48,490	3,028	45,462	-	48,490	
Loans to customers and accrued interest						
receivables	226,828	-	68,143	158,690	226,833	
Securities and derivatives business						
receivables - net	497	-	497	-	497	
Other assets - receivables from						
clearing house	412	-	412	-	412	
Other assets - accrued interest receivables						
on investments	4	-	4	-	4	
Other assets - fee and service receivables	483	-	483	-	483	
Other assets - other receivables	678	-	678	-	678	
Financial liabilities for which fair value						
is disclosed						
Deposits	208,645	30,517	178,128	-	208,645	
Interbank and money market items	8,506	431	8,075	-	8,506	
Liabilities payable on demand	237	237	-	-	237	
Debts issued and borrowings	17,286	-	16,997	-	16,997	
Securities and derivatives business						
payables - net	913	-	913	-	913	
Accrued interest payable	1,405	4	1,401	-	1,405	
Other liabilities - accrued insurance premium	460	-	460	-	460	

Separate financial statements
As at 31 December 2024

	Book		Fair v	alue	
	value	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets measured at fair value					
Financial assets measured at fair value					
through profit or loss					
Equity instruments	293	203	-	90	293
Unit trusts	487	487	-	-	487
Investments - debt instruments	188	-	-	188	188
Assets measured at fair value					
Investment properties	980	-	-	980	980
Office condominiums	646	-	-	646	646
Financial assets for which fair value					
is disclosed					
Interbank and money market items	40	40	-	-	40
Loans to customers and accrued interest					
receivables	5,952	-	-	5,952	5,952
Other assets - fee and service receivables	142	-	142	-	142
Financial liabilities for which fair value					
is disclosed					
Interbank and money market items	4,240	-	4,240	-	4,240
Debts issued and borrowings	5,300	-	5,300	-	5,300
Accrued interest payable	14	=	14	-	14
				(Unit	: Million Baht)
		Separa	te financial state		,
		As at	t 31 December 2	023	
	Book		Fair v	alue	
	value	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets measured at fair value					
Financial assets measured at fair value					
through profit or loss					
Equity instruments	154	154	-	-	154
Unit trusts	393	393	-	-	393
Investments - debt instruments	220	-	-	220	220
Assets measured at fair value					

During the current year, there were no transfers within the fair value hierarchy.

934

727

564

4,954

161

9,410

40

564

Investment properties

Office condominiums

is disclosed

receivables

is disclosed

Debts issued and borrowings

Accrued interest payable

Financial assets for which fair value

Loans to customers and accrued interest

Other assets - fee and service receivables

Financial liabilities for which fair value

Interbank and money market items

934

727

564

4,954

161

9,410

40

934

727

4,954

161

9,410

40

3.38.2 A reconciliation of the financial assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis which are categorised within level 3 of the fair value hierarchy is presented as follows:

(Unit: Million Baht)

	Consolidated financial statements				
	Investments -				
	Non-marketable	private sector debt			
	equity instruments	instruments	Total		
Balance as at 1 January 2024	1,061	247	1,308		
Transfer to non-marketable equity instruments	-	(68)	(68)		
Transfer from investments - private sector debt					
instruments	132	-	132		
Net gain recognised in profit or loss	226	-	226		
Net gain recognised in other comprehensive income		32	32		
Balance as at 31 December 2024	1,419	211	1,630		

(Unit: Million Baht)

	Separate financial statements				
	Investments -				
	Non-marketable	private sector debt			
	equity instruments	instruments	Total		
Balance as at 1 January 2024	-	220	220		
Transfer to non-marketable equity instruments	-	(61)	(61)		
Transfer from investments - private sector debt					
instruments	117	-	117		
Net loss recognised in profit or loss	(27)	-	(27)		
Net gain recognised in other comprehensive income		29	29		
Balance as at 31 December 2024	90	188	278		

Key assumptions used in the valuation are summarised below.

Financial	Valuation	Significant		Sensitivity of the input to
instruments	technique	unobservable inputs	Rates	fair value
Investments in	Discounted future	Terminal growth rate	0%	1% increase in the terminal
non-marketable	cash flows			growth rate would result
equity				in an increase in fair value
instruments				by Baht 108 million.
		Equity risk premium	9.40%,	1% increase in the equity risk
			10.40%	premium would result
				in a decrease in fair value
				by Baht 84 million.
	Relative Valuation -	WACC	4.90%	1% increase in the WACC
	Price per			would result in a decrease
	Earning			in fair value by Baht 1 million.

Fair value of investments in private sector debt instruments is wholly determined using yield rates quoted by the Thai Bond Market Association. However, as they are investments in companies with weak financial positions and poor operating results, they are categorised within level 3, and sensitivity of the input to fair value has not been calculated.

4. Dividend payment

Approved by Dividend paid dividend paid paid paid paid share Preference share Share Share					Amounts of	Dividend
Share Share Share (Baht (Baht per share) per share)		Approved by	Dividend per share		dividend paid	payment period
Annual dividend for the year 2022 General Meeting of the Shareholders on 17 April 2023 Interim dividend for the year 2023 Total dividend payment in the year 2023 Annual dividend for the year 2023 Annual dividend for the year 2023 Annual dividend for the year 2024 Interim dividend for the year 2024 Annual dividend for the year 2024 Interim dividend for the year 2024 Annual dividend for the year 2024 Interim dividend for the year 2023 Interim dividend for the year 2024 Interim dividend for the year 2023 Interim dividen			Preference	Ordinary	(Million Baht)	
Annual dividend for the The 2023 Annual 7.75 7.75 6,205 May 2023 Jear 2022 General Meeting of the Shareholders on 17 April 2023 Interim dividend for the The 5/2023 Meeting of 2.00 2.00 1,601 September 2023 Total dividend payment in the year 2023 7,806 Annual dividend for the The 2024 Annual 5.75 5.75 4,602 May 2024 year 2023 General Meeting of the Shareholders on 18 April 2024 Interim dividend for the The 5/2024 Meeting of 2.00 2.00 1,601 September 2024 year 2023 General Meeting of the Shareholders on 18 April 2024 Interim dividend for the The 5/2024 Meeting of 2.00 2.00 1,601 September 2024 year 2024 the Board of Directors on 28 August 2024			share	share		
Annual dividend for the The 2023 Annual 7.75 7.75 6,205 May 2023 year 2022 General Meeting of the Shareholders on 17 April 2023 Interim dividend for the The 5/2023 Meeting of 2.00 2.00 1,601 September 2023 year 2023 the Board of Directors on 24 August 2023 Total dividend payment in the year 2023 7,806 Annual dividend for the The 2024 Annual 5.75 5.75 4,602 May 2024 year 2023 General Meeting of the Shareholders on 18 April 2024 Interim dividend for the The 5/2024 Meeting of 2.00 2.00 1,601 September 2024 year 2024 the Board of Directors on 28 August 2024			(Baht	(Baht		
year 2022 General Meeting of the Shareholders on 17 April 2023 Interim dividend for the The 5/2023 Meeting of 2.00 2.00 1,601 September 2023 year 2023 the Board of Directors on 24 August 2023 Total dividend payment in the year 2023 7,806 Annual dividend for the The 2024 Annual 5.75 5.75 4,602 May 2024 year 2023 General Meeting of the Shareholders on 18 April 2024 Interim dividend for the The 5/2024 Meeting of 2.00 2.00 1,601 September 2024 year 2024 the Board of Directors on 28 August 2024			per share)	per share)		
of the Shareholders on 17 April 2023 Interim dividend for the The 5/2023 Meeting of 2.00 2.00 1,601 September 2023 year 2023 the Board of Directors on 24 August 2023 Total dividend payment in the year 2023 Annual dividend for the The 2024 Annual 5.75 5.75 4,602 May 2024 year 2023 General Meeting of the Shareholders on 18 April 2024 Interim dividend for the The 5/2024 Meeting of 2.00 2.00 1,601 September 2024 year 2024 the Board of Directors on 28 August 2024	Annual dividend for the	The 2023 Annual	7.75	7.75	6,205	May 2023
Interim dividend for the The 5/2023 Meeting of 2.00 2.00 1,601 September 2023 year 2023 the Board of Directors on 24 August 2023 Total dividend payment in the year 2023 7,806 Annual dividend for the The 2024 Annual 5.75 5.75 4,602 May 2024 year 2023 General Meeting of the Shareholders on 18 April 2024 Interim dividend for the The 5/2024 Meeting of 2.00 2.00 1,601 September 2024 year 2024 the Board of Directors on 28 August 2024	year 2022	General Meeting				
Interim dividend for the The 5/2023 Meeting of 2.00 2.00 1,601 September 2023 year 2023 the Board of Directors on 24 August 2023 Total dividend payment in the year 2023 7,806 Annual dividend for the The 2024 Annual 5.75 5.75 4,602 May 2024 year 2023 General Meeting of the Shareholders on 18 April 2024 Interim dividend for the The 5/2024 Meeting of 2.00 2.00 1,601 September 2024 year 2024 the Board of Directors on 28 August 2024		of the Shareholders				
year 2023 the Board of Directors on 24 August 2023 Total dividend payment in the year 2023 Annual dividend for the The 2024 Annual 5.75 5.75 4,602 May 2024 year 2023 General Meeting of the Shareholders on 18 April 2024 Interim dividend for the The 5/2024 Meeting of 2.00 2.00 1,601 September 2024 year 2024 the Board of Directors on 28 August 2024		on 17 April 2023				
Total dividend payment in the year 2023 Annual dividend for the The 2024 Annual 5.75 5.75 4,602 May 2024 year 2023 General Meeting of the Shareholders on 18 April 2024 Interim dividend for the The 5/2024 Meeting of 2.00 2.00 1,601 September 2024 year 2024 the Board of Directors on 28 August 2024	Interim dividend for the	The 5/2023 Meeting of	2.00	2.00	1,601	September 2023
Total dividend payment in the year 2023 Annual dividend for the The 2024 Annual 5.75 5.75 4,602 May 2024 year 2023 General Meeting of the Shareholders on 18 April 2024 Interim dividend for the The 5/2024 Meeting of 2.00 2.00 1,601 September 2024 year 2024 the Board of Directors on 28 August 2024	year 2023	the Board of Directors				
Annual dividend for the The 2024 Annual 5.75 5.75 4,602 May 2024 year 2023 General Meeting of the Shareholders on 18 April 2024 Interim dividend for the The 5/2024 Meeting of 2.00 2.00 1,601 September 2024 year 2024 the Board of Directors on 28 August 2024		on 24 August 2023				
year 2023 General Meeting of the Shareholders on 18 April 2024 Interim dividend for the The 5/2024 Meeting of 2.00 2.00 1,601 September 2024 year 2024 the Board of Directors on 28 August 2024	Total dividend payment in the year 2023				7,806	
year 2023 General Meeting of the Shareholders on 18 April 2024 Interim dividend for the The 5/2024 Meeting of 2.00 2.00 1,601 September 2024 year 2024 the Board of Directors on 28 August 2024						
of the Shareholders on 18 April 2024 Interim dividend for the The 5/2024 Meeting of 2.00 2.00 1,601 September 2024 year 2024 the Board of Directors on 28 August 2024	Annual dividend for the	The 2024 Annual	5.75	5.75	4,602	May 2024
on 18 April 2024 Interim dividend for the The 5/2024 Meeting of 2.00 2.00 1,601 September 2024 year 2024 the Board of Directors on 28 August 2024	year 2023	General Meeting				
Interim dividend for the The 5/2024 Meeting of 2.00 2.00 1,601 September 2024 year 2024 the Board of Directors on 28 August 2024		of the Shareholders				
year 2024 the Board of Directors on 28 August 2024		on 18 April 2024				
on 28 August 2024	Interim dividend for the	The 5/2024 Meeting of	2.00	2.00	1,601	September 2024
	year 2024	the Board of Directors				
Total dividend payment in the year 2024 6,203		on 28 August 2024				
	Total dividend payment in			6,203		

5. Subsequent events

On 25 February 2025, the Board of Directors Meeting No. 1/2025 of the Company concurred to propose to the General Meeting of the shareholders to approve a dividend payment of Baht 5.75 per share to the ordinary and preference shareholders listed in the share register as at 28 April 2025 in respect of the operating results for the year 2024. The dividend is to be paid on 16 May 2025.

6. Approval of financial statements

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the Company's Board of Directors on 25 February 2025.